St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1881. NO. 153.

SCRUGGS,

VANDERVOORT

& BARNEY

Constantly carry and now offer the LARGEST stock and MOST COMPLETE Assortment of

SEALSKIN SACQUES

AND DOLMANS

Ever Presented in this City.

Fur-Lined Circulars

and Dolmans.

No stock in this city ever even approximated to our present offering. Our only trouble is to get the goods as fast as needed.

Ladies' and Children's Cloth Garments.

Our sales are SIMPLY ENORMOUS. The stock is still VERY LARGE, THOROUGHLY ASSORTED in QUALITIES and SIZES, and in POINT of STYLE far EXCEEDS everything in the market. In WRAPS and CLOAKS we really have no competition.

DRESS GOODS

DEPARTMENT.

Stock Inventory December 1, 1881,

Previous to which we will offer some decided bargains in regular goods and outside lots.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.,

Washington Ave. and Fifth St.

Last Edition.

GUITEAU ON "CRANKS."

He Pays His Respects to Henry Ward Beecher.

Logan Examined as a Witness—Political News—Washington Gossip.

The Guiteau Trial.

WASHINGTON, November 26.—Upon the opening of the Criminal Court Scoville read a telegram from Emory A. Storrs of Chicago, saying he could not possibly at present, owing to professional engagements, come to Washington to testify. Scoville said, under the circumstances, he would not insist on an attachment for Storrs.

Davidge, speaking for the prosecution, was willing to have Storrs put on the stand at any time during the progress of the trial, and this understanding was accepted by all parties.

Thomas North then resumed the witness stand and was cross-examined very closely and at great length by Davidge.

Guiteau interrupted at the very outset and protested there was no truth in the witness story. (Witness was being questioned in relation to the fight between Guiteau and his father, Luther W. Guiteau). He had a good memory and could remember most everything, but did not recall such a scene.

Just as the witness was released from the stand Guiteau improved the momentary lull to make the first speech of the day. He said: "I notice my friend

HENRY WARD BEECHER

is doing some cranky work on this case. I used to attend his church and prayer-meeting, and if your Honor knew him as well as I do you would not pay any attention to him. There are a good many people that think he is badly cranked socially, and have no doubt that Mrs. Tilton told the truth and that he lied about it, and I tell him so publicly."

"Oh, well, well, prisoner, that will do for you," said Davidge.

Guiteau was apparently satisfied and nodded with a smile, saying, "That's all right, Judge. I have had my say on Beecher. I'm satisfied."

GEN. JOHN A. LOGAN

then took the stand and was asked: "Do you know the prisoner?"

"Oh, yes, of course you do, General," broke in Guiteau. "You know me very well. I'm happy to meet you again."

Witness had frequently been besieged by Guiteau to indorse his application for office, but had invariably declined for the reason the prisoner did not seem to be such a man as he would care to recommend for any office. He had never known him in Chicago. The first time he ever saw him was when he (Guiteau) called upon him to secure his influence. The general impression he formed of Guiteau was there was something wrong in his mental arrangements.

EDMUND E. SMITH,

employed in the Republican National Committee rooms during the late Presidential campaign, thought Guiteau very peculiar, flighty and rambling in conversation.

Guiteau here interjected his customary comments:

"This gentleman wasn't in a position to know about matters there. He was only a clerk anyway. Gov. Jewell, ex-Senator Dorsey and the rest of us boys were the ones that did the work there."

John A. Morse (colored), attorney at law, saw Guiteau at the White House during March and April, and took him to be a crazy man.

MRS. SCOVILLE

then took the stand and gave a biographical sketch of Guiteau's life, commencing with his early childhood. While the direct examination of witness was still in progress the court adjourned until Monday.

Armor on Guiteau.

NEW YORK, November 26.—Samuel G. Armor, Dean of the Faculty of Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, says in reference to Guiteau's condition that the world is full of Guiteaus—illy-balanced mental monstrosities—compounded of badly-arranged intellectual forces, feeble moral faculties and enormous self-conceit. Such people are a kind of "missing links" between a low and irresponsible animal type of brain and the supreme ideal of perfect humanity. If such persons are pronounced irresponsible for their deliberately planned purposes of murder society has no longer any safeguards against the worst elements of its population. Compared with such characters insane people are comparatively harmless, for they are usually confined.

Folger's Computation.

WASHINGTON, November 26.—The computation recently ordered by Secretary Folger with a view of ascertaining the premium which might be paid by the Government for four and a half and four per cent bonds and still protect the Government from loss has been completed and shows the Government cannot buy four and half and fours at the present market rate without a loss as compared with the call of 3½s.

THE STAR-ROUTERS.

John B. Steman, book-keeper in the Sixth Auditor's office; W. D. Burbager, clerk in the same office; M. E. Fisher, former mail contractor, and M. A. Gilleson appeared before the grand jury to-day. They stated their testimony related to the case of ex-Deputy Auditor Lilley, but it is believed the cases against ex Second Assistant Postmaster-General Brady and others were under consideration by the grand jury.

The Speakership.

NEW YORK, November 26.—The Commercial's Washington special says: "Friends of Gen. Keifer do not concede that Kasson will enter the Republican caucus with the strongest support from the West, and claim their candidate will lead Kasson by many votes. They claim that Keifer will get all the Republican votes from Ohio, Tennessee, Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and California and some from Illinois, and that the contest is now practically between Keifer and Hiscock.

BULLS AND BEARS.

Railroad Stocks and Manipulations—Wall Street Gossip.

NEW YORK, November 26.—Stocks are somewhat irregular, but in the main firm upon the renewed talk of an early settlement of the Trunk Line troubles, and the probability of the Government purchase of bonds. Keene is said to have been a large buyer of stocks yesterday. The Gould-Huntington contract forming an alliance between the Southern Pacific and Southwestern system was signed yesterday. A firm of bankers has given President Jewett proxies for 48,000 shares of Erie. Jewett favors the payment of a dividend on Erie preferred.

Buffalo, Pittsburg and Western will have a through line to Buffalo by the middle of January. Insiders continue to be large buyers of St. Paul. The foreign demand for good bonds is increasing. The morning papers say cotton capitalists are ready to buy control of the South Pacific at a reasonable price, but will not touch as long as the present pool exists and the stock is manipulated.

Price of Coal.

PHILADELPHIA, November 26.—There are no changes in the prices of coal for December.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 26.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, slightly warmer, partly cloudy weather, preceded by light snow in northern portions, southerly to westerly winds and falling, followed by rising barometer. Lake Region, partly cloudy weather. Light snow in northern portions, northwest to southwest winds, followed by falling barometer in western portion; to-night slight changes in temperature. Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys generally fair weather, southerly to westerly winds, stationary or slight rise in temperature, followed by falling barometer.

Boston Pacific Bank.

BOSTON, November 26.—The Bank Examiner has completed his examination of the affairs of the Pacific Bank. The report will not be given out for several days and it is authoritatively stated the condition of the bank is so unfavorable that the United States Comptroller yesterday requested the associated banks to nominate a receiver and wind up its affairs.

Nugent & Co. of Newark.

NEWARK, N J., November 26.—The court has appointed James B. Jenkinson receiver of the factory and property of C. Nugent & Co. by consent of all parties concerned, and the works will continue operations for the benefit of all creditors under Nugent's superintendence pending legal proceedings.

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, November 26.—Loans, decrease, $432,500; specie, decrease, $2,929,690; legal tenders, increase, $316,600; deposits, decrease, $1,522,100; circulation, increase, $37,860; reserve, decrease, $1,482,475. The banks now hold $971,100 in excess of legal requirements.

Taking Possession.

NEW YORK, November 26.—The representatives of Cyrus W. Field took possession of the office of the Evening Express to-day. The Evening Mail and Express will shortly be consolidated.

Robbed of Furs.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., November 26.—Hansen's fur factory was last night robbed of $4,000 worth of seal sacques and other valuable fur goods. The thieves entered by a back window. No clue as yet.

Marine.

NEW YORK, November 26.—Arrived: Wyoming, Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, November 26.—Arrived: Adriatic, New York.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, November 26.—Arrived: J. P. Drouillard, Nashville, 8 p. m.; C. N. Davis, Raleigh, 8 p. m.; Dora Collier, Cannelton. Departed: Jas. Guthrie, Louisville, 10 p. m.; Jas. W. Gaff, Memphis, 4 a. m.; Dick Johnston, Cincinnati, 11 a. m.; Golden City, New Orleans, noon. Weather clear and warmer, winds south to southwest; mercury 36 to 46 degs. River 16.4 and rising. Business active.

LOUISVILLE, November 26.—River stationary. 10 feet 8 inches in canal, 8 feet 8 inches in chute on falls. Weather cloudy and chilly. S. Miller, J. B. Williams, Lioness, W. L. Morgan, Belle McGowan, W. C. Guffy, T. Dodsworth, J. S. Keeper, with tows of coal, arrived from Pittsburg.

CAIRO, ILL., November 26.—Arrived: City of Alton, New Orleans, 1 a. m.; Jas. D. Parker, Memphis, 4; Future City, New Orleans, 10. Departed: Scudder, New Orleans, 11 p. m.; Jas. D. Parker, Cincinnati, 5; City of Alton, St. Louis, 9 a. m. Clear and cool.

WHEELING, November 26.—River 8 feet 5 inches and falling. Departed: Scotia, Cincinnati, 10 a. m. Weather cloudy and cold.

PITTSBURG, November 26.—River 4 feet 6 inches, falling. Clear and cool. Jno. L. Rhoads leaves 4 p. m.

MEMPHIS, November 26.—River rising. Arrived: John B. Maude, St. Louis. Weather clear.

CINCINNATI, O., November 26.—River 25 feet 3 inches; falling. Weather cloudy and cold.

QUARREL BETWEEN DECK-HANDS.

Charles Siegel Struck on the Head With a Shovel on the Calhoun.

The police last night discovered a man lying in a ravine near Theresa avenue and the North Missouri road, with a fractured skull. Officer Gottwold was walking his beat when he heard a moaning. He procured a lantern and went with the private watchman of the railroad company to the place, where they found a man lying in the ditch. He was bleeding from a wound in the head and breathing with difficulty. He was taken to the Fifth District Station. He said his name was Charles Siegel and his home was in Indiana, where his father was a Justice of the Peace. When asked about the wound in the head, he said he had received it on the steamboat Calhoun, on which he took passage for Alton and arrived in this city this morning. He had no papers or money in his possession. The man was sent to the City Hospital by Dr. Dorsett, who pronounced the fracture of a very serious and probably fatal character.

The steamer Calhoun, an Illinois River packet, got in during the night and made a landing at the Stock Yards on her way to the wharf. From inquiries made on board of the clerk, Capt. Watt, and the mate, it appears that Siegel or the man answering to his description above was at one time employed on the boat as a deck-hand and was therefore acquainted with the crew. The mate said that Siegel had some trouble with Jas. Brown, the fireman, who picked up a shovel and dealt him a blow. It is supposed that Siegel left the boat at the Stock Yard landing. The clerk said that fusses among the crew and deckhands were of such frequent occurrence that the officers of the boat paid very little attention to them. The mate remarked that both Siegel and Brown were quarrelsome men and foremost in deck fusses, and in this quarrel probably both were to blame.

WM. LESSER sells Corticelli Spool Silk.

A Generous Offer.

Messrs. Spalding and Norton, the managers of the Olympic and Grand Opera-house, have offered to the gentlemen in charge of the charity fund 20,000 tickets, good for admission to either theater for December 12 to January 14 inclusive, not including Sunday evening and holiday performances. These tickets will be given to the gentlemen at 50 cents each, and being good for reserved seats, etc., at any time between the dates mentioned, can be easily sold by them at $1 apiece, the usual rate. If a committee will take hold of the matter, or if the theater patrons will purchase the tickets, it will be seen that Messrs. Norton and Spalding's generous offer will add $10,000 to the charity fund.

Election of Gas Directors.

The petition of the stockholders of the St. Louis Gas Light Company, asking the board of directors to declare a dividend on the $1,000,000 due from the city and on other surplus funds, has not yet been presented. It will not be laid before the directors until after the annual election, which occurs on December 5th. The board of directors is composed of nine members, who serve for two years, five being elected one year and four the next. The four gentlemen who retire this year and whose places are to be filled at the election are Messrs. Rufus S. Lackland, Gerard B. Allen, J. R. Lionberger and Ellis N. Leeds. It is probable that they will be returned. It has been thought that the petition was an attempt to oust the directory, many of whom are understood to be opposed to the scheme, but Mr. Soc. Newman to day declared that no such move was intended.

Trouble on the Blue Line.

The patrons of the Blue Line cars, running out west on Chonteau avenue, have come to the conclusion to pay no more fares until the company provides either a collector or a conductor on the cars. Various meetings have been held, in which Mr. Gilbert, the law publisher; Mr. Rose, the pork packer; Mr. Boemler, the lawyer, and Mr. Will. Belt have assumed the leadership, and the word was passed to resist payment on the cars Monday morning. Several hundred patrons of the line have agreed not to pay their money in the boxes, and lively times may be anticipated on Monday.

WM. ROBERTSON has an elegant cabinet of the "Unequaled Corticelli."

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

A Nihilist Fires at Gen. Tcherevine in the Ministry of the Interior.

The Accountant of the Land League Arrested—Cablegrams From Europe—A "Suspect" Elected Mayor—Foreign Flashes.

Russia.

LONDON, November 26.—Elie Schoumoff, for many years the chess champion of Russia, is dead.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 26.—A youth under pretense of urgent State business obtained an audience to-day at the Ministry of the Interior with Gen. Tcherevine, presiding over the commission for mitigating the sentences of exiles. As soon as admitted he fired a revolver at the General, but the ball passed harmlessly between his arm and side. The General secured and disarmed the youth, who said he was merely the instrument of another person.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, November 26.—Phillips, the accountant of the Land League arrested yesterday under the coercion act, recently had a fainting fit in the street, and while unconscious the papers in his pocket were abstracted. It is believed these papers were forwarded to Castle officials, hence his arrest. Although he is not a member of the league it is stated Phillips has acted as paymaster since Dr. Kerren's arrest.

A "SUSPECT" ELECTED.

DUBLIN, November 26.—At the municipal election the Mayor of Drogheda, candidate for re-election, was defeated by Mangan, a "suspect" confined in Dundalk jail.

SAVINGS BANK.

At a meeting of the managers of Cork Savings Bank yesterday it was stated the amount lodged in the bank the present year is the largest since the famine years.

REMOVED.

The Court of Queen's Bench has issued a writ of certiorari removing into the Queen's Bench division all depositions concerning the death of Mansfield at Ballyragget, County Kilkenny, regarding which a verdict of willful murder has been returned by the Coroner's jury against sub-Inspectors O'Brien and Bouchier, who commanded the police on the occasion of the riot there.

England.

LONDON, November 26.—The committee of Confederate bondholders state their programme is primarily by steady and persevering appeals, first to the public and then to the legislature of the United States, to bring about an opinion that the time has come when the restriction imposed by the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution should be removed as far as it prohibits the Southern States from effecting a just and equitable settlement of their debts legally contracted. The Committee repudiate the idea of embarking in litigation to recover Confederate property in Europe.

Turkey.

LONDON, November 26.—The Russian Ambassador at Constantinople a short time ago proposed to the Porte a territorial arrangement by which the payment of the war indemnity might be extinguished, but the Sultan was unwilling to give the proposition a favorable consideration.

Germany.

BERLIN, November 26.—The Imperial Bank has reduced the discount to five per cent and interest on advances to six.

France.

PARIS, November 26.—It is stated the Government has decided to withdraw the decree prohibiting the importation of American pork.

The Milling Litigation.

George Bain was found on 'Change among a small circle of the milling fraternity. He expressed no surprise to hear that suits were filed, and immediately remarked that it referred to the Denchfield patent. That process was not in use at his mill, and Mr. Alex. Smith said that it was not in use at the Empire Mill. Mr. Bain stated that as he understood it the patent which had expired was in the hands of a lot of lawyers who were now suing the millers on account of past years' profits, and they had been successful in some other States. They (the lawyers) thought that it was a good thing, and would probably hunt down every mill in the country where there was a show of proving that the Denchfield patent was in use. Mr. Smith remarked that the process possessed merit of course, but that many mills introduced a simple air shaft to accomplish the results attained by the Denchfield patent. In was not an indispensable process. Mr. Plant, being one of the defendants, preferred to say nothing about the matter.

S. C. DAVIS & Co. job Corticelli Silk.

S. STRAUSS & Co. job Corticelli Spool Silk, Embroideries and Florence Knitting Silk.

The Blair Memorial.

On Monday, December 5, the Blair Memorial Committee will meet to pass upon the sculptor's sketches of Frank Blair, submitted upon the second competition. There are but two, the first that of Mr. Doyle, of New York, having already arrived. It has been placed for safe-keeping at the gallery of Pettes & Leathe and will not be opened until the committee has met. The other sketch is the effort of Mr. Ruckstuhl, of this city, and is not yet ready.

AT Reed's Olive Street Bazaar every shade of Corticelli Spool Silk.

UTHOFF, GOESSLING & DROEGE keep a full line of the "Unequaled Corticelli."

He Says He's Not a Hangman.

Bob Humphreys, the noose-maker, is consulting other ways with a view of instituting damage proceedings against a morning paper who spoke of him as a "hangman." Bob says, "Myself and my father have made every noose ever used in this city, and I have assisted at executions in the capacity of a Marshal, but I am not a hangman by any means."

DODD, BROWN & Co. heartily recommend Corticelli Spool Silk and Embroideries.

MARKS & COHN sell Corticelli Spool Silk.

New Buildings.

Permission was granted the Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company to erect a brick stable costing $4,800, on the south side of Morgan street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets.

L. Schapper received a permit to build a frame shed on Twelfth street between Biddle and O'Fallon streets, to cost $80.

MATHIS & FELDMAN sell Corticelli Silk.

ELY, WALKER & Co. job Corticelli Spool Silk and Embroideries.

Permanent Improvements.

The total sum expended in permanent improvements for the week ending November 25, 1881, is $46,330. This represents the amount of sixty-one permits issued from the office of the Chief of the Fire Department during the above-named week. Four of these were given for frame dwellings and four for frame stables. The number of permits granted for the erection of brick structures was as follows: 10 for dwellings, 3 for kitchens, 2 for factories, 2 for shops, 3 for stables, 2 for stores and 2 for foundries. The grand total for the year since January 1st, 1881, is $4,107,727.

R. B. TUNSTALL & Co. sell "Corticelli."

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE COMPANY use, recommend and sell Corticelli Silk.

'CHANGE NOTES.

The Country Selling—Cotton Advances—Odds and Ends.

It is a settled thing that the Charity Ball will be given in the Exchange Hall this winter. The date has not been fixed, but the ball for its charitable object will be given, sure.

Joe Pritchard, of the Merchants' Exchange Price Current, who has been confined to the house for the past week with a severe attack of diphtheria, is improving and expects to tramp the floor again next Monday.

The wheat in the Chicago elevators is said to be unsound, and there seems to be a delay in posting it. There seems to be no desire on the part of shippers to move it, and there probably will not be until such time as the wheat is needed for consumption.

Grain started in with a whirl to-day, and in the language of a broker was "tighter'n wax," but wheat and corn did not hold this strength long, breaking away from the top pretty rapidly, with something of a raid made upon the market by some of the impetuous bears, so that prices were forced down below yesterday.

Said an operator: "What do I think of corn and wheat? Well, I'll tell you. I can't ship wheat out from here, though I can get an 11½c rate through to Liverpool by river, and I've spent $50, this week in cables trying to make a trade. I could have got the cash wheat at $1 32¼, too. There are some orders here for corn, but they don't amount to much, and I don't believe the parties filling them can get out even on the shipment."

The stock of wheat in elevator here to-day shows a decrease of over 100,000 bushels from last Saturday, and the amount of No. 2 red to be 747,942 bushels, or about two-thirds of the whole stock. Corn has fallen off 150,000 bushels in the past week; not quite 600 000 bushels No. 2 mixed now in store. Of the oats here 175,777 bushels are No. 2; a decrease of 40,000 bushels has taken place. 98,000 bushels No. 2 rye is held here. Nearly all this corn, oats and rye is in the hands of a few strong parties and little of it is offered on the market.

A couple of country shippers who invested in Exchange memberships when they were flush on the boom of last summer lately came to the conclusion that it would be as well to dispose of their memberships—either do that or walk home. They mentioned the fact to Jimmy Newell and put their figures at which they would sell. Jim snapped them up so quick it made their heads swim, and within a few hours turned the memberships over to parties who had made application to him for them some time before. The demand for these memberships far exceeds the supply right along.

Cotton started in on the upward jump to-day, with the strongest indications in the advance and the reported feeling of a stable market. Liverpool gathered in ½@¾d more to the price of arrivals, and closed very strong at this sharp advance. The cause for this bull movement was said to be frosts in the South. Besides this, advices from both New York and New Orleans stated that a confident feeling was prevailing, with shorts covering freely and still higher prices expected. Local bulls were in high feather, and with head and tail up walked proudly around, delighting in the good sense that kept them on the long side. The unhappy bears had not a word to say. All their "pointers" and statistics that so clearly proved the market must go down had gone to naught, and they were well content to lie low and wait until their day comes. One sanguine bear expressed his opinion: "The market don't appear to have much snap.' On such a close as yesterday, and Liverpool coming in the way she did, New York only put prices up four points. Now, if she closes below what she is now, Liverpool will open Monday a sixteenth off, and then away she'll go."

B. NUGENT & BRO. have two hundred and fifty-two shades of Corticelli Silk.

The Exchange Presidency.

It is said upon very good authority that a movement is on foot in the Merchants' Exchange to go entirely out of the old ruts in the selection of presidential candidates for 1882. Quite a number of gentlemen are said to have made up their minds to put Mr. John T. Davis in nomination and to elect him. Just how much strength the movement has, as yet is not manifest, but a reporter learned that the situation had been very generally canvassed. Mr. Davis is the leading representative of the colossal dry goods trade of this city and the merchants believe that it should be recognized by the commerce of St. Louis by a compliment of this character. On the other hand it is urged that a president will make even a better executive for not being actively and immediately connected with any of the rival interests continually agitating the Chamber of Commerce. Of course the movement is still in a nebulous state. It is not yet known whether a nomination could probably be secured for Mr. Davis, nor, if secured, whether he would accept.

It is admitted as certain that Mr. Charles Slayback will be one of the caucus nominees for the presidency, and the only one at present spoken of with much real strength. Mr. John Jackson is not going to run, neither will Mr. Harlow. The most prominent dark horse mentioned is Mr. Haarstick, of the Barge Company.

SAMUEL L. HILL founded the Nonotuck Silk Company forty-three years ago, and to-day their mills—the Corticelli—are the most extensive of their kind in the world.

Death of Bob Watt.

Robert A. Watt died this morning at his residence, No. 320 Montrose avenue. He had been sick for several weeks, and during the last few days he was delirious. Mr. Watt was born in Illinois, but has been a resident of this city for more than twenty-five years. In 1860 he was appointed private secretary to Daniel G. Taylor, who was at that time Mayor of the city. He was also one of the Commissioners appointed by Gov. Thos C. Fletcher to sell the Iron Mountain Railroad, under an act of the Legislature passed for that purpose. He ran for the position of City Comptroller on the ticket headed by Thomas for Mayor, was elected and held the office during two terms. In later years he has been much engaged in gas matters and he had the reputation of knowing more about gas companies and life insurance associations than any man in the city. Bob Watt, as he was familiarly called, was chosen as one of the committee of three, Messrs. Spinney and Cleveland being the others, to examine and report, on behalf of the city, the amount of property held by the St. Louis Gas Light Company when Mr. Newman was first appointed receiver. Mr. Watt married Miss Le Beau, a niece of Daniel G. Taylor's second wife. He leaves a widow and one daughter, a young lady. At the time of his death he was fifty-one years of age. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

MRS. N. THOMPSON has Corticelli Silk.

A Heavy Iron Sale.

The largest single contract ever given to an iron house in America was signed, sealed and delivered this morning between Col. Paramore, of the Texas and St. Louis Railroad, and Fox, Corby & Co., of this city. The contract is for the track material for 275 miles of road of the Texas and St Louis, stretching from New Madrid to Texarkana. Among the items of the transfer are 9,000 kegs track spikes, 390,000 track bolts and 195,000 splice bars. The cash turned over is a little more than $200,000. Hitherto contracts of this character were let entirely in the East, and Col. Paramore is one of the first of the Western railroad men to break the old custom. The material will be made entirely by the Powell Iron and Nail Company, of Nashville, Tenn., of which Mr. H. L. Fox is president. The work will begin at once.

WM. BARR D. G. Co. use and sell no other spool or embroidery silk than the "Unequaled Corticelli."

PAULINE.

Fair art thou, beyond compare;
Thou hast meshed my willing heart
In thy net of nut-brown hair,
Which, in wavelets, rolls apart
From thy brow so broad and fair—
Easy held, who's loth to start.

And my bounding heart adores,
When thou liftest up thine eyes,
Beaming light, and truth, and—more—
Love's own freight of smiles and sighs;
Gazing far to distant shores,
Where thy maiden's dream-land lies.

Loving one as I do thee,
'Tis not strange that I can trace
In thy figure, light and free,
Rarest beauty, highest grace;
Love's smile looking out at me
From each dimple in thy face.

Nor that every smile of thine
Fills me with a glad surprise;
While this wandering heart of mine,
Full of sorrow and of sighs,
Rest should find, and cease to pine,
Purged from sin by thy soft eyes.

Strange thou art, I know not why;
Shy at times, and frightened, too;
Then, scarce lifting up thine eyes—
Summer skies less pure and blue—
Now thy lips, which mute did lie,
Teem with words that thrill me through.

Silence, tongue of God and Love,
Stealeth in, begemmed with sighs,
Bringing gladness from above;
Gazing in those liquid eyes—
Guileless eyes, like frightened dove—
Shows me into Paradise.

FREDERICK RAYMOND.

A BAD MAN GONE.

How Dr. T. Clay Maddux Came to His Timely Death.

Baltimore Cor. New York Times.

No tragedy in Maryland in many a day has excited such interest as the killing of Dr. T. Clay Maddux, of Baltimore, at the polls of the Fourth District of Anne Arundel county, at Odenton, on election day. Terrible as it was, it afforded a true picture of Democratic methods of carrying elections, and the testimony that has since been taken regarding the homicide shows more clearly than anything else could show how the right of suffrage is made a mockery in Maryland. Here was a man notorious in character who was invited by Gen. Frank A. Bond, the regular Democratic candidate for the Legislature, to come down from Baltimore and bring a man with him. In the same letter Gen. Bond wrote to Maddux to "tell John Grier to come down and bring a man with him." These facts Gen. Bond admitted in his evidence the other day, and said that he asked these men to come that they might see that the purity of the ballot-box was maintained.

So Maddux went. He took a man along, and he carried his gun on his shoulder, had a revolver in his hip pocket and a couple of magnificent dogs at his heels. There were others who went along from Baltimore to "maintain the purity of the ballot-box" in Anne Arundel, enough, in fact, to fill the house where the polls were held. In order to be on hand bright and early on election morn, they went down the night before and quartered in the house, sleeping on the floors and making themselves as comfortable as possible. When the morning came they were up and ready for work before the Judges of Election arrived with the poll-books. Nothing occurred during the day except that threats were heard that there would be trouble before sunset. Bond's forces were in the majority, and it was evident that by the assistance of his friends from Baltimore he was going to win the day. His opponent was Mr. Michael Bannon, one of the most prominent Democratic politicians in the State, a man who was once a member of the Democratic ring, but who has broken away from Boss Gorman and was running for the Legislature on an independent ticket. Both Bond and Bannon were on the ground to see that the purity of the ballot box was maintained. Just as the polls closed the trouble began. It is always the custom in polling places in the counties to allow friends of each candidate to be present within the room and see the count. Some of Bannon's friends asked to be allowed to go in. Then came Maddux to the front. Planting himself in the doorway, he cried out to the crowd that not a man should pass into that room unless over his dead body. He drew his revolver to show that he meant business, and dared any man in the crowd to attempt to pass him. This exasperated men who knew Maddux, and knew that he had no right to be there, much less a right to interfere with the election. Firing began; Maddux fired at the crowd, and the crowd fired at him. In the scrimmage he was forced from his position, and an instant later a ball passed into his back and killed him instantly.

And now the question was who killed him—a question that will probably never be settled. His body lay in the house all night guarded by the faithful dogs that had followed him on his trip, and the next day a jury of inquest was summoned. The evidence resulted in the arrest of one Claude Wheeler, charged with firing the shot, and of Mr. Bannon as an accessory. The arrest of Mr. Bannon was based upon the fact that he was seen talking with Wheeler before the shooting, and, taking it for granted that Wheeler killed Maddux, it was charged that Mr. Bannon urged him to it. The arrest of Mr. Bannon caused much excitement in all parts of the State. He was released, however, on Saturday, on a writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Hammond, at Annapolis, as there was nothing to show that he was in any way implicated in the affair. As to Wheeler, his case will come up this week at Annapolis, but it is doubtful if anything can be proved against him.

When the news of the violent death of Dr. Maddux reached Baltimore it was curious to notice how it was received. Outside of his family not a tear was shed for him, not a regret was heard from any one, and the general verdict was: "It served him right." He had no business at the polls, and when he interfered in the election he took his life into his own hands. Dr. Maddux was a bad man—a man of a class of which any community is well rid. He was a notorious violator of law in his profession. His practice was very extensive and he carried it on regardless of the law. Case after case against him had been brought to the attention of the grand jury, but none of them ever came to trial. He made no secret of his practice, but rather boasted of it. He was a crack shot, a great hunter and could often be seen in the streets of Baltimore in full hunting costume, with his gun on his shoulder and several splendid hunting dogs at his heels. He was no politician, but had no hesitancy in taking a hand in an election if he thought there was going to be a fight. He was a frequent visitor to the polls in Anne Arundel county to assist his friend, Gen. Bond, "to maintain the purity of the ballot-box." He was a lineal descendant of Sir William Maddux, of Seven Oak Manor, England. In October, in 1867, he matriculated at Winchester Medical College, Virginia, and entered as a student the office of the well known Virginia surgeon, Prof. Hugh H Maguire. After receiving a good medical education he went to Richmond and began his practice. In February, 1861, at the beginning of the hostilities in Charleston Harbor, which ushered in the civil war, he left Richmond for South Carolina, where he was commissioned as Assistant Surgeon in the Army of the Palmetto State, and was ordered to duty at Fort Moultrie, and was there at the time of the bombardment of Fort Sumter. On April 14 he was ordered to report to Capt. Hollinquist, who had been assigned to the command of Fort Sumter. While the boat that conveyed the Doctor, in company with Capt. Hollinquist, Gen. Ripley and others, was lying outside and near Fort Sumter awaiting orders to take possession, the memorable accident of the explosion of cartridges occurred on the parapet of the fort as Maj. Anderson was saluting the lowering of his flag. One man was killed and several wounded. The hospital flag was run up in distress, and Dr. Maddux was ordered to the fort to render medical assistance. Here he amputated a leg, the first surgical operation of the kind performed during the war. He was soon after ordered to Virginia with the first South Carolina command under Gen. Barbour, being attached to the Second South Carolina Regiment. He served as Surgeon in the Confederate army, and was in the noted battles of the first Bull Run, Seven Pines, and the seven days' battles on the Chickahominy. He was captured near Bentonville, N. C, while endeavoring to get within Gen. Joe Johnston's lines in April, 1865.

After the war he settled in Richmond, but was compelled to leave that city, and then came to Baltimore. The cause of his departure from Richmond was the killing of Mayor Henry T. Dixon, of the United States Army, in 1866. Just after his graduation from the Winchester Medical College he met Maj. Dixon, who, he had heard, had insulted a friend of his, and resented the insult. There was an exchange of shots. Dr. Maddux receiving a bullet through the neck and lungs, his recovery from which was considered remarkable. After the war, in 1866, Dr. Maddux met Maj. Dixon again in the Mansion House in Alexandria. An insult passed at the meeting, and two weeks later as Dr. Maddux and a friend were standing on the street Maj. Dixon approached, and when about 40 feet off fired, the ball grazing Maddux's side. He returned the fire, mortally wounding Maj. Dixon, who died the next morning. It was a son of this Maj. Dixon whose killing in Yazoo, Miss., while a candidate for Sheriff, created considerable excitement at the time. Dr. Maddux was also wounded in a duel with a Mr. Vemon in Richmond, and while a resident at Baltimore was connected as second with an affair of honor which, however, did not come off—the Aisqueth-McCullough affair. Maddux's body was taken to Virginia for burial.

Oscar Wilde and the Jersey Lily.

Arthur Penn, in Philadelphia Press.

There is a delightful rumor afloat that Mr. Oscar Wilde is about to burst upon us as a lecturer on "Poetic Art," or on "Affectation," or on something of that sort. I hear from good authority that Mrs. Langtry has returned to her original idea of going on the stage. Now, if both these pleasant tidings were only true, and if these two—the British Beauty and the British Bard—were only to come to this country together, and appear together before us on the stage, would it not, indeed, be too joyous! A counterfeit presentment of Mr. Wilde has appeared in "Where's the Cat?" and failed. It appears here nightly in two different "Patiences" with approval. It will appear shortly in "The Colonel," with what success time shall show. But if Mr. Wilde were to do Bunthorne, and if Mrs. Langtry, the Jersey Lily of the Esthetes, were to do Patience—ah, that were indeed a sublime spectacle. It may be thought, perhaps, that a frivolous play like "Patience," the work of a scoffer like Mr. Gilbert, is not fit for two such souls as theirs. It may be so. But surely, then it would not be impossible to get the Sweet-Singer of Michigan to iridite a tragedy worthy of the performances. If no love of gain could lure her muse to the play-house, the certainty of glory would be a potent charm. What Mr. Barnum and Mr. Haverly or any other of the enterprising and intelligent theatrical speculators would pay for so colossal an attraction as Mrs. Langtry and Mr. Oscar Wilde in a play by the Sweet Singer of Michigan, is simply incalculable. Such a gigantic combination would capture both public and the press.

Soldiers as Gardeners.

From the St. James Gazette.

In one or two garrisons on the Continent the experiment of establishing kitchen-gardens in the neighborhood of barracks, to be cultivated by the soldiers in their spare hours, has been lately tried with very successful results. At Rouen, for instance, such a garden, established by the Twenty-fourth Regiment of Infantry, yielded during a period of eight months vegetables—cabbage, carrots, turnips, onions, etc.—which could have been sold for for at least £100; while a similar garden tilled by the men of two battalions of infantry in a German garrison appears to have been at least equally productive. The value of such a garden must not, however, be estimated simply by the money value of its produce; since it not only ensures the men cultivating it a plentiful supply of vegetables, but it enables the troops to obtain the latter in a fresh and wholesome condition; while rare herbs, useful for the seasoning of soup, etc., but which can not always be bought, can be grown in it. The garden, again, will afford the men to whom it belongs healthy and interesting occupation during many hours which otherwise they might be tempted to spend in the beer-house or wine-shop, while the knowledge they acquire in it may prove very useful to them in after life. The institution of soldier-gardening is, indeed, one which deserves encouragement; and it would be well if it were far more general than it is in England.

A Prince in a Bad Way.

From the New York Tribune.

Impecunious princes fare badly in Berlin. Some time ago Prince Eristoff, a Russian, finding himself without money and wishing to go to St. Petersburg, planned what he thought was a clever scheme for replenishing his exhausted exchequer. He had some jewelry valued at nearly $3,000 sent to his hotel by a credulous firm, and he persuaded the guileless hotel porter to lend him $1,000 to pay for it. He then sold a part of the jewelry, and, taking all of his ill-gotten gains, prepared to decamp to the Russian capital, where doubtless he expected to cut a brilliant figure for a time. Before this luckless adventurer could board a railway car, however, his active career was cut short by the police, and he will not have a chance to go to Russia for two years to come, that being the term of his sentence.

GIMCRACKS.

Gerome, the French artist, is thinner than Bernhardt.

Witt is a town in Illinois that has never produced a paragrapher.

Five Baron Rothschilds walked behind the coffin of the late Baron James.

Gladstone breakfasts at half-past 9. William would never make much headway as a farm-hand.

The cantaloupe patches in the vicinity of Capt. Howgate's boyhood home must have presented a barren aspect.

An Indianapolis woman has been cowhiding her former husband. Indianapolis men had better stick to their wives.

The marines in France are to be doubled in strength, doubtless for the purpose of increasing the circulation of French newspapers.

Gambetta feels that he might as well be an American. So many cranks are after him to kill him that he has frequently to change his residence.

A Kansas mob broke open Mrs. Lochman's door and smashed her windows, because she filed information against the persons who sold her lovely husband liquor.

Ottumwa, Iowa, is looking a little speckled over the elopement of a colored cook with a white waiter girl. The problem is, what will be the color of the cookies?

An Iowa man of seventy-five years has married an Iowa woman of exactly the same age. The parents of the youngsters appear to have thought it best to let them have their own way.

If Mr. Blaine were to accidentally swallow a box of matches, and Gen. Grant were near him at the time, which of the antidotes would Gen. Grant be most likely to rush for—mucilage or magnesia?

Missouri doctors are said to be vaccinating with New Orleans molasses. Of course, this practice will be condemned by the medical men of Europe, but they forget that something must be done with the molasses.

The melon-stealers of the Michigan Agricultural College and the burglars of the Iowa Agricultural College will be useful citizens some day. They have evidently an eye on civil service. Mr. Pitney must have studied at an agricultural college.

Free-thought Frothingham, one of the ablest of liberal clergymen, now writes: "The work which I have been doing appears to lead to nothing, and may have been grounded upon mistaken premises. Therefore it is better to stop. But I do not want the impression that I recant anything. I simply stop denying and wait for more light."

THE AMERICAN "PLUNGER."

Mr. Walton's Racing Experiences in England—Big Bets.

From the New York Herald.

A little aside from a group of passengers that stood on the deck of the Germanic peering curiously over the side at the occupants of the Health Officer's boat as she ran alongside the huge vessel at Quarantine, late yesterday afternoon, was Mr. Walton, dubbed by writers on racing matters in England, "the great American plunger."

It may be as well here to interpolate the fact that the term "plunger" on the other side of the water is used to designate a heavy backer of horses. The gentleman who is said to have won more money over the recent success of Iroquois and Foxhall in a few weeks than it falls to the lot of ordinary speculators on horse races to capture in a lifetime looked remarkably well and was evidently on the best of terms with himself. After receiving the greetings and congratulations of his son and a party of gentlemen who had journeyed down the bay to welcome him home he chatted glibly with a reporter of the Herald as to his recent successes on the English turf, and gave a detailed account of his rencontre with Sir John Astley at the recent Newmarket meeting.

"I must go somewhere out of town every year," said Mr. Walton, "to escape hay fever; so I thought, as the American horses had been showing such great form this season, I might as well go to England and try if I could not only escape my enemy but put money in my purse. You want to know the actual facts as to my difficulty with Sir John Astley? Well, suppose we dismiss that unpleasant subject first.

"The story of my interview with Sir John Astley in the Birdcage, at Newmarket, after the race won by his horse Medicus, as it has appeared in some of the English sporting papers, is false in many particulars and by no means states the matter at which he took umbrage fairly and squarely. That you may better understand the affair I must go back a little to show you the relations in which the Lincolnshire baronet and myself stood to each other when he so grossly insulted me. When I was in England last spring I met Sir John Astley at the Windsor meeting. He came up and told me that he had left it until too late to back a horse he owned that was about to run in the next race; that the odds had been 4 to 1, but had come down 2 to 1. I had already backed the horse to win me a good stake, having taken £1,600 to £400, and I at once said, 'Well, Sir John, I will let you have £800 to £200 of mine,' and he was pleased to say I was acting very generously. Now, as the best price on offer by the bookmakers at this time was 2 to 1, you will see that I was practically making Astley a present of £400 in the event of the horse winning, which, by the way, he did. After laying him £800 to £200 I turned round and put £400 more on the horse, taking myself 2 to 1. During his visit, but before the Newmarket scene, when at Doncaster, I again met Sir John a few minutes before the race, in which he had an animal about to run named Zanoni. He asked me if I had backed the horse, and on my saying I had, at various prices from 10 to 1 down to 5 to 1, he asked me if he could have a portion of the bets. I said, 'Certainly you can,' and, showing him my book asked him which he wanted. He asked for £1,000 to £100 and £800 to £100. 'No, Sir John,' said I, 'we won't mince matters; you shall have £2,000 to £200.' He had it. Again I invested another £400 to get back the £2,000 that I let him have against £200, virtually making him a present of £1,000 in case the horse won, which I did not object to. Now, I don't know how this strikes you, but it occurs to me that precious few owners of horses find backers ready to give them the cream of the market that they, the backers, have been industrious enough to pick up; and, in the Zanoni case, I actually gave him a better price than he asked, also an unfrequent occurrence, I fancy.

"Now, then, for what really happened at Newmarket: This horse Medicus, over my backing which the trouble arose, had already run unsuccessfully at the same meeting a day or two previously, and I lost £900 over him. When the numbers went up for this particular race, and I saw that Word was in the saddle and that the horse looked fit and well, I went in and backed Medicus to win £4,700. I did not speak to Sir John before the race, nor did he approach me. After the horse had won I was standing in the Birdcage, book in hand, totting up my winnings, when the irate Baronet came up with a number of persons at his heels, and addressing me in language that I have no wish to repeat, and the Herald would not care to print, asked me what I meant by backing his horses and why I did not stop in my own country. I replied: 'Sir John, you know that you could have had any part of my book if you had asked me,' when he continued, 'Take your —— book and go back to your own —— country.' I made no reply, but remarked sotto voce, 'Sir John Astley, an English Baronet.' Finally, when he reiterated his blasphemously interladed command that I should go back to America I merely replied that I was under the impression that England was a free country and added that I proposed staying there just as long as I pleased. Sir John did not, as has been stated, raise his whip to me or make any threatening gesture. When his outburst of temper had expended itself he walked away and I turned my attention to the next race, over which I won a nice little stake."

"In view of the varying statements as to the amounts you have realized in England this fall, will you tell me what you have really won?" said the Herald man.

"The total of my net winnings reaches £93,000. Of course, the bulk of this amount comes through the St. Ledger victory of Iroquois and the Grand Duke Michael, Cesarewitch and Cambridgeshire triumphs of Foxhall, but I won occasional good stakes also by the success of English horses, as, for instance, £10,400 over Nellie, belonging to Mr. Leopold Rothschild."

"You did not win all the bets you made, of course?"

"Oh, dear, no. I lost £5,000 when Ben d'Or defeated Iroquis and I had £1,000 to £11,000 on Lucy Glitters when she ran second to Foxhall."

"Is there any particular principle involved in your phenomenal success?"

"Oh, no. I suppose I have some judgment, and I never leave a stone unturned to get at information that may put me in the way of making a good investment. The man who starts speculating on horse racing with the ideathat his unaided judgment is going to lead him on to fortune will soon find himself at the end of his financial tether, no matter how large a bank account he may start operating with. Now, I have been bitterly attacked by certain sporting papers for giving jockeys money and paying for any information legitimately obtainable that I thought worth having, but in so doing I claim that I am only protecting my interests in a manner that I have a perfect right to do."

A Lucky Irish Judge.

From the New York Times.

Lord O'Hagan, who has just retired from the Lord Chancellorship of Ireland, is a man whose career illustrates the nursery tradition of being born with a silver spoon in one's mouth. A Roman Catholic barrister, of ancient Celtic race, entirely unconnected with modern Irish governing families, he has obtained honors without a parallel in the history of Irish lawyers. Mr. Gladstone marked his services in connection with the first land act by raising him to the Chancellorship as the first Roman Catholic who had ever held that office, a special act being passed to enable him to take it, and he was subsequently created a peer of the United Kingdom, whereas other Irish Chancellors since the union have not even been made peers of Ireland, and we believe that with the single exception of Lord Clare—rewarded for union services—no other Irish Chancellor has ever received an English peerage. But as though this were not enough, he now received an honor never yet vouchsafed to an Irish Chancellor—the riband of St. Patrick, which is to an Irish noble what the garter, never given to a Chancellor, is to an English one. Lord O'Hagan is a genial, gentle-tempered man, whom every one likes. By his first wife he had no surviving son, but marrying a few years ago a daughter of the great Lancashire family of Townley, his rare good fortune culminated in an heir to his honors. He now retires, a comparatively young man, with pension equal to the salary of one of our Supreme Court Judges. His successor in the Chancellorship gets one of the snuggest places in the world—$40,000 a year, with just about half the work of the English Chancellor, who, on $50,000 a year, has further to discharge the duties of Speaker of the House of Lords as well as to preside in chancery, and the Irish Chancellor is entitled, no matter for how short a time he holds his office, to $17,500 a year on retirement. There are few people in the world more comfortably situated than the Irish Judges—a dignified position, light work, handsome salaries, substantial pensions.

A Picture of Patti.

From a New York Letter.

A figure which is no more than passingly plump, whatever it may spread to within a few years more; a figure which retains the outlines of youth remarkably, considering that it is 42 years old, is the figure, in short, of Adelina Patti, the dearest of warblers. I saw it wriggling on its way up the long stairs to an elevated railroad station in the manner peculiar to its sex, and never seen in t'otner sex—that laborious rolling from side to side, which makes it impossible for woman to ever mount steps gracefully. In the play of "Rosedale," as put on the stage perodically at Wallack's Theater, one of the scenes shows a room accessible only by a door at the head of an exposed stairway. There are eight or ten steps, and they are in the full front of the audience. One of the female characters, a girl of great refinement and solicitous training, has to go up and down these stairs several times. Now, I suppose I have seen ten different actresses in the part, some of whom were notably graceful in their ordinary movements on the stage, but not one was able to go up these stairs otherwise than awkwardly. If these skilled ones are unable to accomplish the feat we must conclude that there is some cause in woman's form itself why she has such a hard time going up stairs. Patti was no exception; but on attaining the upper platform she straightened the humped back, settled the rolling hips into shape, and became altogether symmetrical. She was superbly dressed. By that I do not mean to say that she was in the smallest degree gorgeous. Her clothes were of the finest, but not of a kind to attract attention, being quiet in colors and not outlandish in shapes. There was a happy combination of richness and good taste. Her hat was rather smaller than the average, of a Gainsborough shape and worn close down on the head, with the brim horizontal. The materials were beaded dark brown plush, linings of the same color in satin and a black lace scarf twisted about the crown. Her hair was coiled, with an appearance of looseness behind, being twisted instead of plaited or braided, and either naturally or artificially waved in front, with a furzy little patch at each temple. The long scarf was brought down from her hat and wound around her throat in a style at once picturesque and utilitarian, considering the preciousness of that same throat. With the same careful regard for herself, though it was not a cold day, she wore a heavy cloak of embossed black velvet, enveloping her almost to the heels, yet cut so cleverly that it did not appear voluminous. It was trimmed with some ravishing, yet unobtrusive, embroidery of beads of lace. Her shoes were substantial button gaiters with thick soles, and her stockings were dark plain drab silk. Her dress, very little of which showed, was heavy black silk. Her small, round hands were smoothly gloved in undressed black kid, buttoned once at the wrist, and extending whole up the arms half way to the elbows. Small solitaire diamonds in her ears, and a large one on a gold leaf at her throat, were the only visible jewelry, as she wore no bracelets. Her face scarcely showed its real age, though not free from lines and crows'-feet. She had penciled her eyebrows very slightly, and there was a suspicion of rouge on her red lips; but the rest of her face was nearly, if not quite, free from artifice. Indeed, a highly attractive little matron was Patti, and so demure that I could have forgotten that she was not a saint. Her manners were perfectly lady-like.

Schneider's Noble Husband.

From a Paris Letter.

Mlle. Hortense Schneider of "Grande Duchesse" fame has just married an Italian Count named Bionne. Nobility in Italy, however, sometimes amounts to very little. The title of the "Grande Duchesse's" husband was purchased from the Republic of San Marino. It seems Mlle. Hortense some time ago loved the Count's younger brother, but he was so inconsiderate as to go to Panama under De Lesseps and die of the fever. Schneider was inconsolable, and was about to enter a convent, when the Count, the dead lover's older brother, appeared upon the scene and persuaded her to renounce her sad plan. The rest is told thus: To test his love for her she pretended to be ruined, and said that after she had bought herself a house of mean appearance near Vanve she would have only an income of 3,000 francs to live upon. Vanve is an ugly suburb, lying between Grenelle and Mendon. The house was a cottage of a mean and vulgar style. Nobody could ever suppose that the final romance of the brilliant Hortense Schneider's life was to open in this very bourgeois retreat. Signor Bionne followed her to Vanve. Whether he suspected the ruse of the ci-devant diva, I have not heard. She took it into her head to convert a plat of ground that she had bought with the house into a market garden, and worked at it assiduously. The Comte insisted on helping her, and they were both as happy as Adam and Eve in paradise. When the salads brought a good price she was enchanted. The marriage was agreed upon, and the Grand Duchesse and her future husband were to have no separate purse. When every preliminary had been settled, the Count was informed of the trick that had been played upon him, and told that if he had been a dog instead of a man his manifestations of attachment could not have inspired more thorough confidence. The Grande Duchesse Hortense had to swear that her grandparents as well as her father were dead and that she did not know where they were buried. Her age was shown by the birth certificate she produced to be forty-eight. She was born, not at Toulouse, but at the city of Bordeaux, in the Rue St. Catherine, where her father—an Alsatian married to a Bordelaise—exercised the trade of a tailor. Her witnesses were market gardeners. One of her husband's witnesses was the Duc de Busignano, who represents here the Republic of San Marino. The Grande Duchesse Hortense intends to live in Italy. She was very tired of Paris, its racket and its restlessness. It is her intention to live a good deal in the country and seriously to busy herself with a garden and dairy. Her husband is her junior. But the disparity in years is not shockingly great. Signor Bionne is a savant and a musician. His friends say that a more amiable man never lived, and that in sharing her fortune with him the Grand Duchesse has done well. But he is not a boru nobleman. I dare say the authenticity of his courtship does not trouble her.

Marie Van Zandt Abroad.

From Lucy Hooper's Paris Letter.

Marie Van Zandt is here, receiving from Carvallo, the director of the Opera Comique, 50.000f, a year, and is allowed four months' vacation per annum. She went to Copenhagen during her last vacation and sang ten nights there, receiving 20,000f. and all her expenses of the journey from Paris to Copenhagen and return, including hotel bills. Moreover, the Queen of Denmark presented her with two very beautiful bracelets, which Miss Van Zandt showed me the other evening. One is a small porte-bonheur of brilliants, composed of twelve handsome stones. The other is of gold of a strangely antique pattern of Danish workmanship, and bears inside the following inscription in Danish: "From Queen Louise of Denmark to Marie Van Zandt." Next spring Miss Van Zandt is to fill a short engagement at the Monte Carlo Opera-house, Monaco. She receives 2,000f. per night each time she sings at private houses in Paris. Of course she is coining money.

When life is a drug, and you have lost all hope, then trust in Hop Bitters.

A NEWSPAPER CREW.

Some of the Men Who Make the New York Sun.

New York Cor. Denver Tribune.

Amos Cummings, the man who made the Sun, is without doubt the most able and earnest journalist in American circles—and the most excitingly sublime of blasphemers. He is a native of New York, and a graduate of the Greeley School, having taken his honors in the Tribune composing-room. The long stride from the case to the desk of night editor he made in a single night. His reign was brief, however, Smalley, who is now London correspondent of the Tribune, discharging him for insubordination and profanity. What seemed a misfortune really proved to be a golden opportunity. When the Sun was purchased by the present management he was made its managing editor. Naturally arbitrary, hot-headed and reckless, brilliant, talented and witty, he soon asserted himself, and became master of the situation. Nobody presumed to oppose or dictate, and even Dana quietly stood from under. He was consistently erratic in his policy, ridiculed all objects and subjects ordinarily revered, raised his hand against all men, and made of the paper a relentless journalistic Ishmaelite. His account of the arrival of Prince Arthur was the most intense satire on junketing royalty ever written. It is unnecessary to say that his policy was a marvelously successful one. Within a few months the Sun jumped to the fore as a metropolitan daily, and soon boasted a circulation exceeding that of any paper in the Union. Cummings is a constant and slavish worker, when the necessity is urgent. His health rapidly succumbed to the intense pressure which his long hours of labor provoked, and in time he was forced to retire from the desk of managing editor.

Cummings has a keen sense of wit and a wonderful facility for making the ludicrous appear decorous, and in clothing the plebeian character with the habiliments of the patrician. His success in creating notable politicians out of poor material, converting the mouths of ignoramuses into organs of oracle, and lifting objects of poverty and ignorance into prominence and supposed ability, has been something wonderful. In a pure sense of humor he took up John O'Grady, an indigent pot-house keeper on Seventh avenue who didn't know the difference between a printed alphabet and a Chinese wash-bill. The name of the wealthy and cultivated O'Grady appeared for weeks in the list of guests at balls, receptions, weddings, and private political conclaves, sandwiched in among the most prominent of the titles present. People soon began to wonder who this particular O'Grady was, wonder was supplemented by a vague fame, and the fame, such as it was, paved the way to a lucrative and honorable political sinecure. O'Grady now dominates his precinct, and is esteemed as a presiding officer of parliamentary ability, and a church member who is distinguished as a generous contributor to the "collection-box."

The prominence which Bryan G. McSwiney attained in the public mind was also owing to Cumming's pen. McSwiney was a cobbler who first appeared to the newspaper world with the distinctive appendage of title, "Dan O'Leary's Bootmaker." This position struck Cummings as a novel one, and he never lost an opportunity to use the titled cobbler in the columns of the Sun. One day he would have McSwiney departing for Europe with the sincere "bon voyage" of countless thousands; then it would be McSwiney entertained by the Hyena club, or McSwiney doing the grand at some fashionable soiree. McSwiney is a poor inoffensive Irishman who has but one astounding ability—he can invent meaningless arguments and expressions of speech by the yard or hour, at the listener's will. Through Cummings' pen his mouth became the oracle of the century, and his sayings the wisdom marvel of the day. The days were few until the name of McSwiney was famous in verse and song. Rufus Hatch is another of Cummings' quoted characters.

Cummings is full of resource and suggestion, and his most conservative contemporaries concede that his newspaper sense is superior to that of any living journalist. His style of writing is fascinating and engaging in the extreme. He is the only newspaper man who would dare to fill a page of columns with a series of scientific and practical theories regarding the course of the pistol balls in such an affair as the Bennett-Mays duel, and conclude the whole with a brief paragraph stating that it had just been discovered that the pistols were loaded with blank cartridges. But everybody read it—and reading, admired the depth of humor and sublimity of invention. No sense of propriety or offense has ever deterred Cummings in his work. A stockholder who is a devout church member once told him in all serious confidence the details of a cock fight in which several prominent members had taken an active part. The following morning the Sun contained a full account of the affair, together with the names of the principals. He is about forty, of medium height, angular in form, and has a sallow face that looks as though it was always oiled. His hair is thin and orderly, eyes brown and ever laughing and his face is relieved by a handsome brown moustache. He dresses plainly, and is a great favorite among the ladies. In fact he is popular among all classes and with all circles. His fund of stories and ability of recital and powers of mimicry make him a welcome visitor everywhere. He is as tockholder and his share of the dividends and salary combined give him a revenue of about $10,000 a year.

Chester S. Lord, the managing editor, has done eight years' faithful service on the Sun. He has filled every subordinate position on the reportorial and editorial staffs, has ever been a pleasant associate to his colleagues, and his elevation was logical and agreeable. Lord, I think, is a graduate of Hamilton College. While not a pronounced church member, he has the air of one whose early orthodox teachings were vigorous and healthful. As a managing editor, he is quite the antithesis of his predecessor, Ballard Smith. The latter is one of your breezy rushers, a "Who did this?" "Who wrote that?" "Capital article, Mr. So and So," sort of a fellow. Lord, on the other hand, is a quiet, undemonstrative plodder. He also differs from Smith in his ideas of brevity and display. Under Lord's management a goodly portion of the news paragraphs appear on the first page, whereas in Smith's time the first columns of the paper were invariably led by long and often tedious special articles. When the paper has gone to press, Lord trips out of the office whistling or singing snatches of song with the exuberant spirit peculiar to the adolescent mind immediately after school hours. Thirty-three years of life and the varied newspaper hardships and experiences of a third of that period have left him the full vigor and fire of college youth. In form he is of medium height, rotund, has auburn hair, and a heavy moustache of the same color. Large brown eyes, a retrousse nose, and open countenance complete the description. Lord plays the fife exquisitely and sings bass creditably.

John B. Bogart, the city editor, went to the Sun as a reporter eight years ago. Two years later he was made city editor. While a member of the reportorial force he was noted as one of the jolliest and most convivial of the ultra-Bohemian gang, and bore the enviable reputation of never having allowed his end to draggle in the mire. Like the true Bohemian of the old school, he was then careless but brilliant in his work. The introduction to the duties of city editor produced an instantaneous change in his methods, and ever since his hours and ways of labor have been as definite as a machine. He is a conscientious worker, exacting yet liberal, severe yet kind. His soul is wrapped up in his work—the Sun is his church and belief. He is respectful but not religious. Bogart is about thirty-five, is dark-complexioned, has a dark, military-like moustache, and wears spectacles. "The Major's Shot-gun" series of letters, which attracted such widespread attention, were written by him.

Elijah M. Reney, the night city editor—known among the boys as "Sam Reny"—is also a graduate of Hamilton. He made a national reputation some years ago by humorous paragraphic work on the Worcester, Mass., Press. His incisive work on that journal attracted Bogart's attention, and at the latter's earnest solicitation he came to New York and accepted an humble position on the Sun. He has filled every position subordinate to the one which he now occupies. Reny is quiet and unobtrusive in disposition, a charming conversationalist when once warmed up, and does not possess one enemy among his long list of acquaintances.

Wm. M. Haffin, the dramatic critic, is an Irishman, and a great wit. He is a man of wonderful parts and above innumerable accomplishments combines the finished abilities of writer, artist and business man. He is general passenger agent of the Long Island Railway, president of the Tile Club, a brilliant magazine contributor, and does the dramatic work of the Sun, which is meritorious but not extensive. Haffin has served on the San Francisco Chronicle as city editor and on a Baltimore paper as chief. He is short and plump; wears a light-brown beard, closely cut, and hair close cropped, thick and bristling, on a head of the round, droll sort; an absent eye is replaced by one of glass.

E. Jay Edwards, the Washington correspondent, who is a very smart fellow, was formerly connected with the Hartford and New Haven papers, a field in which he was despised for apparent inability. Mr. Bodwell, the foreman of the composing room, is at present doing Albany. He enjoys the reputation of having a most profound knowledge of politics. Col. Merriman, the local political writer, is an ex-officer of the Union Army, who was shot to pieces, so to speak, in the late war. He is small and brave. Mayo W. Hazeltine, the book reviewer, is an Oxford man. The face of Henry Stanton, husband of Elizabeth Cady Stanton, is a familiar one around the Sun office. His work is confined to the poetry department.

The "crack" reporters of the Sun lead the profession. They are: E. D. Beach, J. E. Ralph, Frank Patton, W. L. Olmsby, Frank T. Beard, C. M. Fairbanks, Blakeley Hall, Gustav Kobbe, W. E. Corcoran and W. R. Benjamin. These men command salaries of about $4,000 a year. Beach is a prince among jolly, go easy, good fellows, and perhaps the most popular reporter in the metropolis. He is a smooth, ornate and strong descriptive writer, and a thinker of the German school; careless, off handed and generous in his manner toward men, he is nevertheless a close student of his surroundings, and a keen observer of associations. His build is that of a ponderous, heavy-weight athlete; his face is a type of happiness that no seriousness of labor or gloominess of weather can transform.

The Sun is a little peculiar in the method of assignment and payment for matter. There is but one hour for assignments, 12 o'clock. If a regular man does not put in an appearance at that time he takes the chance of losing his assignment. There is no rebuke for the tardy, however. An assignment to a certain line of work is reserved for the man who is best adapted to perform it, whether he be late or punctual. Space matter is paid for at the rate of $8 a column, and time copy is worth fifty cents an hour. The judiciousness of this policy is obvious. When a reporter can get fifty cents an hour for time spent in running down a subject, he is not apt to elaborate upon facts to increase a space bill. This is one of the clever arrangements pertinent to the Sun's policy of brevity in news matters. Items of brief mention are valued at fifty cents each, articles with a single head $1, and double-headed articles bring $2. The printed list of contributors is a yard in length.

A noticeable feature of the office are the young men who perform the duties of Cerberus at the door leading to the editorial departments. A visitor who does not know just exactly whom he wants to see within is quarantined summarily.

Women Doctors in India.

From the New York Tribune.

American women doctors can have a fair field and plenty of favor if they choose to go as far as Hindostan for them. The higher caste women of India are not permitted the attentions of male physicians when ill, and are obliged to depend upon the ministrations of wretched old hags of their own race, who cure by charms and conjurations. A pathetic story comes to us from England. A Miss Beilby, a missionary from that country with some medical knowledge, was fortunately able to cure the wife of the Rajah of Punna of a dangerous disease. When she was about to return to England the Ranee sent for her and confided to her a piteous message to the Queen, which was written and hidden in a locket, explaining to her how cruel were the sufferings of the women in Indian zenanas, and imploring her to send over women doctors to their aid. The Queen received the message and promised to do something for their aid; but we suspect it is from the shrewd American lady doctors that aid will first come.

Four Messages on One Wire at Once.

From the Montreal Witness, Nov. 19.

The Montreal Telegraph Company have now in full operation the instrument by which four messages may be transmitted over the same wire at the same time, two operators working at each end. Yesterday the "quad" was tested on a No. 9 (small size) wire, and worked successfully over a distance of 38 miles. Several well-known United States telegraphers were advised of the result, and they agreed that it was a marvelous feat on so small a wire. The instruments will soon be working in connection with all the leading points, and the result expected by the company is that delay will be reduced to a minimum. The difference between the time taken by the message on the wire on the old system and on the new is extraordinary. The company hopes to make the public service very much better now, as carte blanche has been given to introduce any improvement or superior appliances into their service.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jac

FAIR FINANCIERS.

Philadelphia Ladies Dealing in Thousands of Shares of Stock Daily.

From the Philadelphia Telegraph.

"Why have not ladies as good a right to buy and sell stocks and make money for themselves as the men have?" was the conundrum propounded to a Telegraph reporter this morning by Mrs. M. L. Dow, as she sat before her open desk, and without raising her eyes proceeded with the work of answering a pile of correspondence which demanded her attention.

A suite of elegantly-furnished parlors on the second floor front of Nos. 1105 and 1107 Girard street form both the private apartments and business office of the fair speculator (for such the aforesaid Mrs. Dow really is) in railroad and mining stocks, bonds and miscellaneous securities.

In an adjoining room another lady sat at her desk busily engaged in recording the quotations as they were registered on the stock-indicator placed conveniently by her side. A telephone, telegraph instrument, and telegraph call-box for summoning a messenger when desired from the American District Messenger Service, completed the equipments of the office, and furnished ample means for supplying the proprietress of the establishment with every information that could be got from the Stock Exchange itself, and with equal facilities for transmitting her orders to her brokers either in this city or in New York.

"But it is something of a novelty, is it not, for ladies to figure as bulls and bears in the stock market?" inquired the scribe.

"For that matter I am neither a bull nor a bear. This is not a stock exchange, nor am I a stock broker," replied Mrs. Dow. "I give my orders to my brokers here in Philadelphia, the same as you would if you were buying stock yourself, and I pay them their commission, one-eighth per cent each way for all they buy and sell for me. I don't know that it is such a great novelty, as you call it, either. Why, in New York scores of first-class brokers have rooms nicely fitted up exclusively for ladies, and hundreds of ladies go to these places daily as regularly as the brokers themselves. But I don't care to go to my broker, and so I have had a stock indicator and telegraph and telephone communications put in here, so I can sit here, as you see, and watch every transaction of the market, and give my orders to buy or sell on the instant. Why, I have sent my order to New York to buy a certain stock at best, and have received the information that the stock was bought in seven minutes from the time the order was given."

"But you solicit ladies to deal in stock through your office, and you certainly do not take the trouble to look after their interests without a brokerage?"

"Yes, I do sometimes, in this way. I am buying and selling on my own account all the time. I have over $50,000 in the market now. I have my regular customers, who come to me and deposit so much money with me for sixty days. I won't take it for a shorter time than sixty days, for a less time will not give me a chance to get out whole, though, of course, I often make the turn in a much less time. Now, when I take that money I give a guarantee to return the money in sixty days without any loss. Here is the kind of receipt I give (producing a blank form of receipt). I take all the risk, you see, of having to put up more margin, and for this risk I have one-half the net profits. If I make $500 after paying the interest and commission, I get $250, and the customer $250. Sometimes one of my customers brings a friend in who wants to make a turn on her own account—that is, she takes all the risk, and I make the transaction for her and don't charge a cent."

"Do you find many ladies brave enough to fight the stock market?"

"I find plenty of ladies who want to make money. It doesn't require much bravery that I know of, but it does require judgment, and that is the reason they come to me. They don't know anything about stocks, and I do. I can tell you the financial condition of every railroad and mining corporation in the country, and keep myself posted as to the influences which are likely to be brought to bear upon them to send the stock up or down. I have ladies dealing with me from Bethlehem, Reading, Harrisburg, Wilmington, Del., Baltimore and Washington, to say nothing of a large number in this city. And what you will regard as a singular fact, I have among my customers a large number of Quakers. Oh, yes," said the financier, with emphasis, "you wouldn't believe the number of Quaker ladies that come to me to have me buy stock for them." "On a margin?" inquired the scribe. "Yes, indeed, on a margin. Why, it's perfectly safe to buy on a margin of ten per cent; no safer transaction in the world if you know what you are buying in the first place."

"How much will your transactions average daily?"

"You are not a tax collector, are you? No? Well, my business is exactly the same as that of a Third street broker; some weeks I may go two or three days without making a transaction, and then there will be a sudden activity of the market, and I make deals amounting to 2,000 shares in one day. Take Saturday for instance," and the lady took from her desk a file filled with orders which had been given for stock that day and began running them over.

"There is an order for 200 shares Delaware and Lackawanna; there is one for 100 shares Texas Pacific; another for fifty shares Jersey Central; there is 300 shares I am short of"—without naming the stock. Then carelessly brushing her dainty hand over the balance of the file she dismissed them with the remark, "I suppose there may be orders there for 800 or 1,000 shares altogether."

"Do you find that ladies, as a rule, are troublesome customers on account of being unacquainted with stock transactions?"

"Well, of course, some of them have a great many questions to ask, and I have spent as many as two hours with one lady while there were half a dozen waiting in the other room to see me; but then they don't know, and of course want all the information I can give them. Sometimes I have ladies come to me who want me to guarantee them no loss, and only want to pay a brokerage for doing their business.

"One lady came to me one day, and after a long talk I took her money for ten days, though it was against my rules, and I won't do it again. I wanted her to make the turn herself, but she wouldn't. Well, at the end of ten days I had made just $500 on the turn. Of course I took out my $250, and do you think she had the face to say to me when I gave her her $250 that she thought I was charging a big sum for fee, as she called it?" Having been thus enlightened on the subject of feminine stock-dealers, the scribe arose to take his departure, when Mrs. Dow added: "My books are always open to my customers; they can see their account any hour in the day, and as for ladies buying and selling stock, I don't see why they haven't as good a right to take care of themselves and be independent as the men have. I make my living at it, and a good one, too."

STUDY Hop Bitters Book, use the medicine, and you will be wise, healthy and happy.

One of Tom Noxon's Scenes.

From the St. Joe (Mo.) Herald.

The sensation of the week among amusement-goers has been the drop-curtain at Tootle's Opera-house. The curtain, as it existed a few day ago, was one of Noxon's best efforts, and was a beauty even after its ten years of wear. In scenic painting it was a study for all who came to the Opera-house, and those regular attendants who had entered when Maggie Mitchell opened its doors for the first time always saw something new in it. There is something new in it now, but it is not the art of Noxon. A wagon-striper was employed last week to improve a master's work and show the public what high art should be. The beautiful sky, whose tints formerly blended and rolled away until they were lost in the distance, where they joined the waters as if the two were united by a benediction; the landscape that before was natural in all its tints and outlines; the bouquets and the foreground that rejoiced in natural shades and perspective, have all been destroyed and a miserable daub unrolled where before there existed a thing of beauty. The Opera-house drop of to-day is a study, but it wants to be read like one of Hogarth's pictures, who painted vice in all its damning colors, in order that the good might know and value the blessings of virtue by contrast. In the center of the sky there is a two-feet circle of chrome yellow, craftily blended, so as to create the impression that one is looking through the mouth of a funnel at the perspective of a yellow dog. The trees have also had a coating of the same yellow mixture given them on the near side, until they lean over beneath its weight like a sunflower in a muddy pool. The water is thickly flecked with stripings of the same compound, creating the impression that in the immediate vicinity there is a packing house, for the offal of which the adjacent stream furnishes a dumping place. Under the yellow blur in the sky, which may have been intended for a dead sun, but is certainly not a moon, there is a flow of white paint, too thin for buttermilk and too thick for a reflection. In the foreground the shadows and shadings are at antagonism, and look as if the brushes had struck against the paint pots for higher wages. The ensemble of the entire curtain creates the impression that a cyclone, or Kansas twister, has started on a raid across the country, and encountered in mid-heaven a stroke of lightning which is in the act of disputing its passage. In the meantime all things on the face of the earth have gathered themselves in awe-stricken attitudes awaiting the onset.

THERE is no necessity to neglect your business if you will only use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at once; the most reliable remedy in the world for Coughs and Colds, etc.

Spectators at the Guiteau Trial.

From the Washington (D. C.) Post, Nov. 23.

The attendance at the District Criminal Court yesterday was the most fashionable and select since the assassin Guiteau was put on trial for his life. More than half the audience were ladies, the majority of them arrayed in purple and velvet. Prominent among the spectators were Mrs. Secretary Blaine and several of her intimate friends. The wife of the President's foremost adviser wore a sad expression, and not even the most ludicrous saying of the assassin could provoke a smile on her face. Chief Justice Prince, of New Mexico, and his fair bride were given seats within the bar inclosure. The Rev. Mr. Paxton, the Rev. Dr. Sunderland and other white-necktied gentlemen represented the theologians, while the theatrical profession was present in the person of Florence and several handsome and magnificently-attired actresses now on the boards at Washington theaters. Florence was seated near the Government table. He studied the prisoner with close scrutiny and sorrowfully examined the bullet taken from the President's body, handed him by his friend the District Attorney. Mr. A. S. Solomons and other well known Washington residents were in court in company with their ladies. Col. John A. Joyce was in the front rank, acting as escort to a bevy of Georgetown beauties. The attendance of insanity experts was unusually large, embracing parties summoned by both sides.

ONE of the most popular and clever letter-carriers of Indianapolis, Ind., Mr. J. H. Mattern, was cured by St. Jacobs Oil of a severely stubborn sprain that had afflicted him since the war. The Great German Remedy is very popular in the Indianapolis Post-office.

The French Army.

From the New York Tribune.

The total effective strength of the French Army, in 1882, will amount to nearly half a million men and 126,100 horses on the active establishment, without taking into consideration the Reserve and Territorial forces. Of these 472,000 men and 113,000 horses belong to the army, the remainder being accounted for in the gendarmerie, who are under the same administration as the army. The infantry consists of 327,780 men, divided into 144 line regiments, 36 battalions of rifles, four regiments of Zouaves, three African battalions, five companies of light infantry, three regiments of Spahis, or native troops, a foreign legion of four battalions, and 65 sections of troops of administration, corresponding with our brigade depots. The cavalry consists of 77 regiments, viz., 12 of cuirassiers, 26 of dragoons, 29 of chasseurs, 12 of hussars, 4 of chasseurs d'Afrique and 3 of Saphis—making a total of 69,000 men. The 38 regiments of artillery comprise 56,000 men, and pontooners, workmen, artificers, etc., bring the total of this branch of the service up to 78,000. The engineers are divided into four regiments, containing 11,000 men; and the military consists of twenty squadrons, with a total effective strength of 11,700. To officer this army the French estimates provide for 371 general officers, not so very many more than we require to command less than half the number of men. The title of Marshal is still held by three officers, MacMahon, Canrobert and Lebeuf, but in future the highest rank in the army will be that of General of Division.

RIVER NEWS.

FIVE feet on the gauge at Pittsburg and falling.

ICE running in the river at Booneville yesterday.

THE steamer Alex. Kendall departed for Keokuk this morning.

THE War Eagle is discharging her cargo at the foot of Vine street.

WEATHER map shows warm in every direction, north, south, east and west.

CAPT. JOE TODD, of the Upper Missouri, will arrive here first of next week.

SREAMER Wyoming passed dawn at Evansville yesterday for St. Louis.

THE steamer Carrier arrived this morning at 7 o'clock with a cargo of 150 sacks of salt.

ALEX. LAMONTE'S Dora departs to-day for Clarkesville at 4 p. m., E. Billingsly clerk.

CAPT. ALEX. MCCONNELL'S steamer Carrier follows the Buckeye State Tuesday for Pittsburg.

STEAMER Gem City's officers report having run through some very heavy ice between this port and Keokuk.

STEAMER CALHOUN, the fine side-wheeler of the Peoria Packet Company, departs to-day at 4 p. m. for Peoria.

CAPT. NICK BUESEN reports the Missouri river frozen solid at Yankton, Dacotah, on the 20th, and teams crossing.

CAPT. BEN F. EAGAN, of the good old Suawannee River, is a passenger on the steamer Buckeye State for Smithland.

CAPT. GEO. FORD'S harbor boat is doing fine work in the harbor, washing and keeping the mud down on the levee. Pity he could not get up on some of our principal streets with his steamer and hose.

WEATER mild this morning, with clouded sky and indications of rain or snow. River still falling, 25 feet on the gauge. Business along the levee good, and outlook is good for business being brisk to-day.

IT is rumored that Capt. Gould's new steamer will be named in honor of our worthy and enterprising citizen Capt. David R. Powell, of the wide-awake and well-known firm of Messrs. Carroll & Powell, insurance agency. With such a good name she will certainly prosper.

AT a meeting of the Coulson Line Transportation Packet Company at Yankton, on the 20th inst., a mutual and agreeable dissolution was made, Capts. Sandford and Mart Coulson and W. S. Evans taking in division their part of steamboat property the steamers Decatur, Rose Bud, Josephine and Big Horn; Capts. Buesen and John and Joe Todd taking in division their part the steamers Montana and Key West.

COMMODORE DAVIDSON arrived yesterday at 4 p. m., with his crippled and far-famed steamer War Eagle, and will place her at his yards for general repairs. Commodore Davidson deserves great mention in his untiring energy in raising and saving of this steamer. The second day after the disaster he was on the field and with pluck and energy went to work with high water that never was known to succeed against him, after a elapse of several weeks, raised her from her watery grave and brought her nicely home to St. Louis to receive her repairs.

STEAMER Buckeye State, of Big Eight line, is a new steamer to our waters, and her first trip to St. Louis was Thursday, and will depart to-day for Pittsburg direct, making Paducah and all way landings. She is a handsome steamer with elegant cabin and beautiful upholstered state-rooms, and superb passenger accommodations, her officers, Capt. James Kirker and Capt. Robt. Kerr first clerk, are courteous and experienced gentlemen, and will make all comfortable who may be so fortunate to travel with them. Shippers can rely on quick time and freights going through direct without reshipping. Her hour of departure is 5 p. m. from Upper Keokuk Northern line wharf boat. Messrs. Jenkins & Sass general agents, No. 508 North Commercial.

THE Gem City, Commodore Davidson's people's favorite of the Upper Mississippi, arrived yesterday and reported having encountered heavy ice all the way from Keokuk to Louisiana, and Secretary Frank Johnson deemed it advisable to lay her over until to-day at 4 p. m., at which time she will take her departure for Keokuk and all way-landings, making railroad time. Capt. Montroville Green is her veteran commander, and is one of the finest navigators on the Western waters. Capt. N. B. Hatcher, her chief clerk and purser, is without a doubt a prince of good fellows, whole-souled, big-hearted, jolly and gallant, and makes all around him feel at home. Ed. Buckley, the steward, has no peer in his management and supplying his table with the viands of the markets fearless of cost.

THE Anchor Line's beautiful and magnificent floating palace, new steamer City of New Orleans will depart to-day at 5 p. m. for the Crescent city. Capt. Jack Carter, a popular and clever gentleman has assumed command, and being assisted by the efficient and correct accountant Capt. Archie Woods as chief clerk, and no finer officers are to be found on the Western waters. The steamer City of New Orleans has been handsomely and costly furnished and no expense has been spared in making her the finest furnished steamer plying between this and the Gulf. Capt. Jas. O'Neil the Company's General Superintendent deserves great credit in the building and managing the completion of this handsome steamer and we wish him and the company and officers a successful career, and may her maiden trip be crowned with laurels, and to be wafted back for many years to come, and her future forever bright and lucrative. Go down to-day and greet her as she proudly backs out on mighty Mississippi for our sister city New Orleans, which she has the honor to be named, and at which city awaits a hearty welcome. Run your flags to high mast, boom your cannon, light your bonfires and bring forth your electric lights and give her a reception second to none on the pages of history. She justly deserves it.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

One of the Reasonable Pleasures

Of life, a well cooked meal, affords little or no present enjoyment and much subsequent torture to a confirmed dyspeptic. But when chronic indigestion is combatted with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the food is eaten with relish, and, most important of all, is assimilated by and nourishes the system. Use this grand tonic and corrective also to remedy constipation, billiousness, rheumatism, fever and ague.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

STEAMBOATS.

"NOTICE TO SHIPPERS SOUTH."
No freight will be received on St. Louis and Vicksburg Anchor Line wharfboat after 5 o'clock p. m.
JNO. A. SCUDDER.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line

For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg, Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
Str. CITY OF VICKSBURG....R. K. Riley, Master, Will leave on Saturday, Nov. 26, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis, leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. STE. GENEVIEVE.....Geo. Vickers, Master
Leaves Monday, Nov. 28, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.
For New Orleans
Str. FUTURE CITY and Barges.
Leaves Saturday, Nov. 26, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Ft. Agt.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
For New Orleans and way landings.
CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.....Carter, Master
Leaves Saturday, Nov. 26, 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market st.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. F'g't Agt.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Canton, Warsaw and Keokuk.
GEM CITY.....Green, Master
Leaves Saturday, Nov. 26, 4 p. m.
For passage, or freight rates, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street. JENKINS & SASS, Agts.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Stations.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont.....Master.
Leaves Wednesdays, and Saturdays, 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN.....Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays 4 p. m., from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Ohio River.

PITTSBURG AND ST. LOUIS PACKET LINE—BIG 8.
For Cairo, Paducah, Evansville, Owensboro Louisville, Cincinnati, Huntington, Wheeling Pittsburg and all way landings.
Str. BUCKEYE STATE,
Jas. Kircker, Master.....R. H. Kerr, Clerk
Leaves Saturday, Nov. 26 at 5 p. m
From upper Keokuk Northern Line wharfboat. JENKINS & SASS,
Agents, 508 N. Commercial.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY.
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo

AGENTS WANTED.

ENCYCLOPEDIA and album agents wanted, on commission or salary, at room 513, No. 5 N. Sixth st.

LADIES and men to canvass standard books. Commissions paid every evening. Geo. Miller, 719 Olive street.

PIANOS

Of all grades for rent or for sale on $10 monthly payments. Old pianos taken in exchange at
H. KOERBER, No. 1103 Olive Street.

SILVER-PLATED WARE
Retailed at Factory Prices.
E. M. WADSWORTH & CO.,
Manufacturers.
Salesroom, 612 Olive street.
Repairing and Replating. 23

PERSONAL.

A LOT of unredeemed overcoats for sale low. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 South Fourth st.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 809 Locust street.

BALDNESS

And falling out of the hair can only be permanently cured by Prof. Stoehr; parlors, 307 South Fourth st.

BOSTON STEAM DENTAL CO.,
802 Washington Ave.
(Over Crawford's Drug Store.)

Best set of S. S. White's gum teeth	$7 00
A good set of teeth	4 00
Gold fillings from $1 50 to	2 00
Silver fillings	75
Composition fillings	50
Teeth extracted with gas	25

All work warranted. DR. CASE, Manager.

A LOT of unredeemed overcoats for sale low, Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 South Fourth st.

Cleaning, Dying and Repairing.

Suits Cleaned in Six Hours.

Cleaning.		Dying.	
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2 00
Pants	50	Pants	1 00

W. SURBLED,
6 N. Sixth st., between Market and Chestnut.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

MME. REID, a graduate of the St. Louis School of Midwives. Ladies in trouble call. Board during confinement. Letters confidential. Residence 1716 Chouteau avenue.

NOTICE—As the holidays are near at hand, parties will do well to call and select their watches and jewelry, new and second-hand, all being unredeemed pledges, by calling at the Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth st.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

PORTRAITS painted in oil for $10, 22x27. Address O. 8 this office.

NOTICE TO RAILROAD MEN.—A lot of gold, silver and filled case watches in Waltham, Elgin, Springfield and other good makes can be found now at the Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth st.

NOTICE—The finest lot of unredeemed trunks and valises can be found at the Golden Eagle Loan office, 12 S. Fourth st.

FOR RENT.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves were sold because it has the best grate. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth street.

Rooms.

709 ST. CHARLES STREET—Furnished rooms for rent.

FOR RENT—1515 Ohio st.—A furnished front room on first floor, southern exposure; will rent cheap.

FOR RENT—A suite of rooms on second floor, suitable for doctor's or dentist's office; best location in the city. Apply at 519 Franklin avenue.

FOR RENT—102 N. Seventh street; $15 per week; nicely furnished rooms, including fire.

ROOMS FOR RENT—615 S Fourth street—Large and small furnished front rooms; suitable for gentlemen. 22

ROOMS FOR RENT—1009 Grattan street, large, neatly furnished pleasant second-story front, eastern and southern exposure; hot and cold bath; gas and good fires; also third story front.

TO RENT—1515 Olive street. A nicely furnished front room, first floor, southern exposure, with fire, light, etc., suited for two gents or gent and wife; $15 per month.

WANTED—Nice young man to rent one or three rooms, handsomely furnished; rent reasonable. Apply at 519 Franklin avenue.

WANTED—ROOMS.

10,128 WESTMINSTER hard coal stoves were sold during last year. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms with board for two persons with child; price not over $35 per month; references given and required. Address with full particulars N. 47, this office. 25

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms, with board, for two persons and child; price not over $35 per month. References given and required. Address, with full particulars, N. 47, this office.

BOARDING.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves were sold, because they save 30 percent of fuel. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

BOARDING—A front room, nicely furnished, with board, in West End Place, on Thirty-fifth and Olive st.; for two gents $45; one $25; refs. ex. Add. K. 23, this office.

WANTED—Three or four day boarders and three to room and board at 2306 N. Eleventh street, opposite Jackson Park

MUSICAL.

100 PIANOS
WANTED FOR CASH
AT BARREIRAS',
11TH AND OLIVE.

PIANOS

For Sale and Rent
AT LOWEST RATES.

C. F. POMMER,
1218 PINE STREET.

FINANCIAL.

At 6 and 7 Per Cent,
MONEY TO LOAN
On City Property,
In sums to suit. Those who wish loans will find it to their interest to call on us.
LEON L. HULL & CO.,
(Successors to S. D. Porter & Co.)
519 Pine Street.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL—Dr. C. H. Field has removed his office to 614 Pine street. Night calls attended.

REMOVAL—Office of Drs. Hodgen and Mudd removed to 500 Jefferson avenue, south of Washington avenue.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

10,128 WESTMINSTER base-burners sold in one year surpasses all competition. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth street.

HIGHEST price paid for all kinds of household goods at Byer's, 1019 N. Seventh.

TELEGRAPH Steam Laundry does first-class work. Collars and cuffs done Troy style, 25c per doz. Calls for and delivers. Send postal. 1019 Pine.

HIGHEST cash price for cast-off clothing. Send note or call. J. Lamperi, Sixth and Morgan.

EVERYBODY to see Kaub & Osbourn's new bird store at 417 Walnut st.

MRS GEBHART, 2224 Papin street—Family washing taken in. 25

WANTED—To buy a good house for $1,000 cash. Must bring $8 rent per month. Address G. H. Folkers, Old Manchester road and King's Highway.

WANTED—Second-hand doors and matched stuff for partitions. G. H. Haydock, P. O. General Delivery.

WANTED—Ladies, have your furniture repaired and upholstered at Schneider's, 1028 N. 7th.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves will save 10,128 tons of hard coal per year. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A SITUATION wanted by a middle-aged Englishman in a store or warehouse; is willing to work and can give good references. Address M. O., this office. 24

A YOUNG colored man wants sit. as porter; best of references given. 1813 Christy av. 24

A SITUATION wanted as watchman by a middle-aged man of strictly temperate habits; best of references given. Address or apply D. K., No. 1507 Gratiot street, city. 24

ANY kind of work wanted; can make myself useful generally. Address K. 28, this office. 26

A FIRST-CLASS jewelry jobber wants a situation. 10 years' experience. Address R. 37, this office. 26

A YOUNG lady wishes a situation in small American family. 1232 N. Fourteenth. 26

BY a respectable married man a position of some kind; private watchman, janitor or collector; good penman; any light business; references. Address J. C. C., 1221 Soulard street.

COLLECTOR wants situation; best of references given. Address 3505 Broadway. 26

FIRST-CLASS bar-keeper would like a situation in a good house; A No. 1 city reference. Address M. L. J., 105 N. Fifth st. 26

POSITION wanted as collector for some firm whose business would be in North Missouri; have had experience; references given. Address Theo. Gury, Shelbina, Mo. 26

RESPECTABLE young man wants situation as carriage driver or driver of delivery wagon, or anything he can make an honest living at. Address Y. 76, this office. 26

SITUATION—Wanted by married man as janitor or porter with city references. Address C. Dood, 717½ Chestnut street. 24

THOROUGHLY competent book-keeper and correspondent, quick and reliable worker, wants steady or temporary employment. Address K. 27, this office. 25

WANTED—A situation by a youth of 19 in some good house, to learn bookkeeping; salary no object. Ad. Y. 52, this office. 26 sec

WANTED—Situation in a wholesale house by a young gent of business experience; can give the best of references. Address M. 19, this office. 24

WANTED—Situation as collector; best of references given. Ad. 3504 Broadway. 24

WANTED—A position to attend bar-room, by a young man 18 years old, from New Orleans, La. Address M. 9s, this office. 24

WANTED—By a young man, copying or writing of some kind; writes a good plain hand. R. 48. 24

WANTED—Bookkeeper, formerly captain in G. A. R., wants a situation; best references. Address S. 95, this office. 24

WANTED—By a young man a position as stock clerk in either clothing or furnishing goods house. R. 15. 24

WANTED—Situation by a man who has had experience in railroad office and fire insurance business; is sober and not afraid of work; no objection to leaving city; can give best of city reference. Address S., 904 N. Nineteenth street. 25

WANTED—Position in coal office by a young man, German, who can command a good trade. Address O. 20, this office. 25

WANTED—Situation to take care of horses and work around the house. Address F. Zieroff, 1608 South Seventh street.

WANTED—Position as porter in a wholesale dry goods house; good reference. Address A. B., 818 Washington avenue. 25

WANTED—By a photographer, a situation as operator or printer, long experience; well-posted. Address K. 73, this office. 24

WANTED—Situation in some wholesale house or manufacturing establishment selling goods on commission. Will canvass home town or accompany territory. I command a good trade in tobacco and cigars; also liquors in East St. Louis. Good reference furnished. Address H. H. L., East St. Louis, Ill. 26

WANTED—Situation as lithographic engraver. Address N. 61, this office. 24

YOUNG married man, confined to his room and needing work very badly, wants work to do. Is a rapid, accurate and No. 1 penman; 50c to 75c per day. J. B. Boggs, city P. O. 26

YOUNG MAN of business qualifications, aged 23, a fair penman and good references, wants employment requiring physical or mental exertion. Address C. F. H., 2925 S. Seventh st., city. 26

YOUNG man wants situation to do any kind of work around a house. Inquire at 1107 N. Seventh st. 26

YOUNG man of 20 wants position in gents' furnishing goods. Address M. 51, this office. 25

YOUNG colored man desires a situation as watchman; best of references. 813 Christy avenue. 24

HELP WANTED MALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTER base-burners in use. Don't fail to see the stoves. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st.

WANTED—Good stout boy 16 to 18 years old. Crescent Steam Laundry, 219 Locust street. 24

WANTED—Four young men to room and board at 615 Franklin avenue. House refurnished and refitted.

WANTED—A young man to wait on an invalid. 2810 Locust street. 25

WANTED—A good boy; one who has had experience in the coaling or jewelry line preferred. Address S. Van Raalte, 12 S. Fourth street. 25

WANTED—Young man wanted who understand order cooking and waiting; reference required. Apply at 410 N. Seventh street. Wages $5 per week. 25

WANTED—Retail shoe salesman; ladies' stock; only first-class men need apply. J. G. Brandt, 504 and 506 Franklin avenue. 25

WANTED—A boy from twelve to fourteen years old for train. Apply to-day at W. E. N. G. R. R. 26

WANTED—A young man, 16 or 18 years old, who has had experience in the retail clothing business. Inquire at 12 S. Fourth street. 24

WANTED—Two boys to carry a route on an evening paper. Apply at 1 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at bar-room, northwest corner Carondelet avenue and Arsenal street. 25

WANTED—A young man to solicit advertising for trade journal. Y. 25, this office. 24

MEDICAL.

DR. ROBB, Electro-Therapeutist, southeast corner of Fourteenth and Pine streets, by his mode of electric treatment, cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Debility and all nervous diseases. Best references.

SUSANNA W. DODDS, M. D.,
MARY DODDS, M. D.,

Hygienic Physicians.

WE TREAT all diseases, acute and chronic, without medicine. We employ Swedish movements, electricity, and other hygienic agents. During nearly a dozen years' practice in this city we have not administered a single dose of medicine, and our success in treating all classes of diseases has been in the highest degree gratifying, both to ourselves and patrons. Diseases of women, usually so obstinate, we cure promptly, without the use of caustics, pessaries, or other artificial supports. And in our treatment of young girls we rarely use any instruments whatever. The localized movements, properly applied, constitute one of the most efficient agencies that can be employed; and given in connection with the other hygienic treatment no better curative processes are known. They strengthen the muscles of the abdomen and back, and afford permanent relief in all forms of uterine displacements. We treat patients at our office, visit them at their homes and receive them into our house, and our family of sick people is not so large but that we can give to each individual our personal attention. We do our work rapidly, but thoroughly. By hygienic methods we accomplish in a few months what the drug physicians fail to do in years, and we neither injure nor destroy the constitution by the agents that we employ. Moreover, when the patient is cured he not only knows how to get well, but how to keep well. Letters enclosing stamp for circulars will receive prompt attention. Address S. W. & M. Dodds 2826 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan.

$30,000, $5,000, $2,000, $1,000, at 6 per cent on real estate.
JOHN LADY & CO.,
205 Olive street, up stairs.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 29

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household furniture, pianos; removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F., Betts, Notary Public, 208 North Eighth street.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTERS were sold, because it is the most durable stove. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A YOUNG girl would like plain sewing to do. Address 2335 Carr street. 24

A YOUNG lady would like copying to do at home. Address 2335 Carr street. 24

A LADY of ability wishes a situation as practical housekeeper, seamstress or governess or any position of trust; can furnish unexceptional reference. Address M. 20, this office 26

A YOUNG girl from the country would like situation in widower's home to take care of small children and make herself useful generally. Address R 49, this office.

GERMAN girl wishes situation to do general housework in small American family. Address 1232 N. Fourteenth street. 26

SITUATION WANTED—Young lady wants copying to do at home or office; a plain and rapid writer. Address K. 26, this office. 26

WANTED—Washing and ironing to take home by a first-class washer and ironer. Please send postal to 2009 North Ninth street, Mrs. Degonia. 24

WANTED—A situation by a young woman as companion to a lady. References exchanged. For particulars address box 312, Rolla, Mo. 26

WANTED—Copying, either at home or in office, by a young lady who is a good and rapid writer. Address N. 50, this office. 24

WANTED—Family sewing by competent seamstress. Mrs. R., 1120 Chestnut st. 24

WANTED—By a woman, a situation to do any kind of work by the day or week. Call at 805 O'Fallon street, in rear. 24

WANTED—By a young girl, to do housework and sewing; competent to do children and family sewing. Call a 19 South Eighth street. 24

WANTED—Situation for a meat and pastry hotel cook, city or country. 103 N. Ninth street. 26

WANTED—Situation for a competent girl as practical housekeeper. Apply at 103 N. Ninth street. 26

WANTED—A situation as cook; I am a first-class meat cook; city or country. Address S. 96, this office. 25

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

10,128 OF those elegant Westminster hard coal stoves are in use. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth street.

A GOOD girl for general housework in small family. References required. 2205 Walnut street. 26

WANTED—A lady of educational ability for the stage. K. 13. 23

WANTED—Lady compositor at 913 Pine street. 23

WANTED—Girl that can wash, cook and iron, at 1435 Second Carondelet avenue. 26

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, at 2855 Clark avenue. Refs. req. 25

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at No. 11 High st 24

WANTED—A first-class girl for general housework; family of three; must be a very fine cook, washer and ironer; small house of six rooms; German preferred; references required. Call at 2919 Easton av. 24

WANTED—Good sorter and first-class ironers and starchers. Crescent Steam Laundry, 219 Locust street. 24

WANTED—A girl for sewing and light housework; one willing to make herself generally useful. Call at 3631 Lindell avenue. 26

WANTED—Young lady capable of taking parts in drama with amateur company. Address F. W. Hassfurther, this office. 25

WANTED—Middle-aged colored woman to cook, wash and iron at 2814 Washington avenue. 26

WANTED—A few more ladies to learn dress cutting; no fitting or basting; learned in twenty-four hours at 1435 North Ninth street.

WANTED—Good cook for boarding-house. Immediately; reference required. Call at 615 Franklin avenue. 25

WANTED—Situation at general housework by a middle-aged woman. Address 1014 Franklin avenue—in the rear. 24

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 2855 Clark avenue. 24

YOUNG LADY desires a position as saleslady in a retail store; makes less an object than a desire to be a first-class saleslady. Address Miss Amelia, this office. 26

FOR SALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves sold last year are all satisfactory. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 715 Pine.

EVERYBODY should buy their canaries, mocking birds, cages, shells, aquariums and bird seed at Kaub & Osbourn's, 417 Walnut st.

FOR SALE.
Lots and farm lands. Inquire of
PAGE & BUCKLAND,
East St. Louis, Ill.

FOR SALE—Dogs, canaries, parrots and shells. Kaub & Osbourn, 417 Walnut st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A second-hand strong spring wagon. App y at Clark's stable, Twenty-second and Clark

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	80
Six months, postage paid	50

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 111 North Fifth street.

The POST-DISPATCH has a LARGER CITY CIRCULATION, on each day of publication, than ANY OTHER PAPER published in St. Louis. Advertisers are at all times welcome to call and satisfy themselves of the strict accuracy of this claim.

A FEW murderers were hanged in this country yesterday, but they were mostly impecunious people.

THE champion chess-player of Russia is dead. But this does not advance the cause of human liberty a particle.

THE agile and incisive assassin who is on trial in Washington made some remarks of a highly interesting character about HENRY WARD BEECHER this morning.

MR. HALSTEAD, who thinks that GUITEAU should be burned alive, is not pleased with the court that is trying the assassin. He speaks of it as the Criminal Circus of Washington.

COAL in St. Louis is unpleasantly high, and the strike of the miners makes the outlook for poor consumers anything but pleasant. Something is always occurring to mar human happiness.

SCOVILLE was an unknown man four months ago. Now he is famous. He may be able to cut a great figure as a criminal lawyer after his erratic brother-in-law has been "removed."

THE proposition to gag GUITEAU is being seriously considered by Judge COX. This would not look well and the sympathies of the jury might be touched. The man to gag the assassin is the hangman.

IF St. Louis artists wish to sell the products of their brushes they must go abroad. American people have an idea that a picture is not genuine unless painted in a foreign attic and subsequently treated to a sea voyage.

THE Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company has succeeded in inserting eight insulated wires into St. Louis and this ought to draw off some of the accumulated commercial pus. A little rivalry may prove a bad thing for us.

BILL JONES, the cranky individual who shot a hole through the wagon in which Mr. GUITEAU was recently taking an airing, has been indicted on the charge of assault with intent to kill. The jury will deal gently with BILL.

HOW many State convicts are employed at the Governor's Mansion in Jefferson City and how much does our worthy Executive save per year by securing the services of persons who do not call on him for occasional wages?

MR. BRISTOW is so very busy that he will not be able to visit St. Louis and lecture on Civil Service Reform this winter. He says that he is as much interested in the cause as he ever was, but we have a sort of idea that he is not.

AN attempt was made in St. Petersburg this morning to assassinate the General with a tough name who has charge of the Siberian exile department of the model Russian Government. Since the cool weather set in the Nihilists have been showing a little gayety.

IT seems impossible for the typographical force of the *Globe-Democrat* to successfully wrestle with the name of MAXON. It appears in a local article this morning as MAXON in one place and MASON in another. This will have great weight with the jury when that libel suit comes to trial.

THE proposition to form a down-town Mercantile Club, with an eating-house attachment, has roused the restaurant and hotel keepers, and a public meeting is called for Monday next to denounce the project. All merchants who aid in the establishment of the club are to be "boycotted." This is rather a strange proceeding in a free country.

THE editors of the Stalwart Republican newspapers inflamed the mind of GUITEAU and induced him to slay the President, according to the testimony of yesterday. Unless the Stalwart editors can prove the Lord induced them to excite prejudice against Mr. GARFIELD in order to carry out the general programme for "uniting the discordant elements of the Nation," it will go hard with them.

IT is highly unwrong on the part of our contemporary over the way to insinuate that the ambitious gentleman who marries the warbling KELLOGG will saddle himself with a bad case of mother-in-law. The KELLOGG *mere* has regarded it as her solemn duty to go about the world with her musical and unsophisticated daughter, guarding her innocent life. As soon as a legitimate protector is secured the old lady will, doubtless, have the good taste to withdraw to a convent.

THERE is tremendous excitement among the Canadians. The editor of the Glengarry *Times* having reflected in his paper on the marital relations of the Marquis of LORNE and the Princess LOUISE, a grand indignation meeting of royal subjects was held at Alexandria yesterday. The editor was denounced and it was solemnly declared that the county had been disgraced. It seems that the loyal Scotch Canadians haven't entirely recovered from their hereditary instinct to lick the boots of people of noble birth. The editor may have overstepped the bounds of propriety, but we presume there is a criminal libel law in Canada and that the Marquis of LORNE is able to take care of himself.

A NEW company is organized in Cincinnati to manufacture and furnish gas, and the old gas monopoly is fighting hard to prevent the Board of Public Works from granting the necessary street privileges to the new corporation. This will be an interesting controversy for the gentlemen who chance to occupy seats in the Board. It is strange that the old gas company doesn't form a partnership with the opposition concern and agree to a division of the business without a reduction in the price of gas to consumers. That seems to be the fashion.

MAYOR EWING told a reporter yesterday that he had visited on one occasion the Alhambra Theater, on St. Charles street, and had found nothing there to offend his refined tastes. In fact he found it rather cheerful and elevating. The probabilities are that the managers of the Alhambra toned things down a little when they saw His Honor's countenance beaming in the select audience. They may have even called him into the moral wine-room, where the attractive female performers perspire after their arduous stage acts. If so they warmed him up, in all probability, with a bottle of generous Missouri wine. It is quite plain that the Mayor is not disposed to look upon the variety shows as dens of iniquity. In fact he, no doubt, regards them as attractive adjuncts to a large and flourishing city. We sometimes suspect that our Mayor is not a Reformer.

WHATEVER else may be said of the Nihilists of Russia it must be admitted that they are an industrious class of citizens and highly original in their plans for destroying the foul doctrine of absolutism in government. The Imperial family, as is well known, has taken refuge at the Castle of Gatchina, some distance from St. Petersburg. The other day the police made the discovery that the Nihilists had perfected arrangements to send a balloon over the retreat of the Czar and his family loaded with dynamite and inflammable material. At the proper moment it was to explode, scattering death and fire on everything beneath. In the event of the Czar escaping death, arrangements were made to seize and carry him off, together with such members of his household as chanced also to survive the attentions of the infernal machine. The police are arresting everybody in the neighborhood. They have captured a number of students, reformers, Jews and relatives of high officials who are believed to be mixed up in the fiendish plot. Our advice to the Czar is to give his people a constitutional form of government and put a stop to this painful and exasperating nonsense.

THE statement is made that a young St. Louis lady, who visited Gov. CRITTENDEN at Jefferson City during the season of silver-wedding festivities, had her traveling trunk broken open and robbed by a couple of convicts employed at the Executive Mansion, who were entrusted with the delicate and responsible duty of carrying the precious baggage to the railway station. This calls public attention to the fact that our distinguished Governor has a number of male and female convicts detailed to perform menial services at his mansion. He is allowed by the State a contingent fund, but it is a difficult matter to divert it to the payment of household expenses. The Governor's salary is $5,000 per year, and in order to eke it out he has entered into an arrangement with Warden WILLIS to have a percentage of the convict labor of the State turned over to him. The prison carriage has long been at the service of the Governor. This is perhaps small business to complain about, but Gov. CRITTENDEN has no more right to the unrequited services of one convict than he has to the profits of the labor on a thousand. If the salary of the Governor in this State is not large enough to enable Mr. CRITTENDEN to exist with reasonable comfort, then it should be at once increased. If it is abundantly large and the Governor is only resorting to these tricks as a means of social economy, then he should be forced by public sentiment to resign. It should not be overlooked that the trusted convicts who pillaged the baggage of the Governor's fair guest were sent back to the Penitentiary and appropriately whipped. At least a St. Louis newspaper says so. We would like to know whether it is a part of the reformatory system of our model prison to place criminals and depraved men where temptation is likely to overcome their weak natures and then horsewhip them for yielding to the solicitations of his Satanic Majesty.

PERSONAL.

—Madame Anna Bishop is training singers in New York City.

—Guiteau is not profane. He never swears. His object in life seems to be to make others swear.

—They say that Hindoo girls are taught to think of marriage as soon as they can talk, and so get two years the start of American girls.

—A Missouri man has regained his speech after being mute for 45 years. President Arthur may yet converse with the earnest office-seeker.

—Hobart Pasha is about to take up his permanent residence in Paris, contenting himself with a visit of a few weeks thrice a year to Turkey.

—Senator Jones, of Florida, is soon to marry a young lady of Newburyport, Mass. This is a better scheme for passing the chasm than Billy Mahone's.

—It is reported from New York that Mr. D. O. Mills, the father-in-law of Whitelaw Reid, has purchased Jay Gould's interest in the New York Tribune. If true, it means a good thing for Mr. Reid.

—Mr. Talmage says that hell is strewn with tobacco leaves. If Mr. Talmage doesn't quit giving so much informatin on this subject people will begin to wonder where he gets his pointers.—Jos. Medill.

—The Malley boys keep so quiet in their cells at New Haven that few of the curious visitors get even a glimpse of their faces. Walter Malley is said to have fastened a small mirror to the door of his cell in such a way that he can see anybody coming up the corridor in time to turn his face to the wall.

Up-River News.

ST. LOUIS, November 25, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Having just arrived home, after a successful season on the Upper Missouri River, and thinking you would like a few river items, I drop you these few lines: I have been clerk during the past season on the steamer Gen. Chas. H. Tompkins, which was probably the last boat in service this season, as the river closed on us at 11 a. m., November 18, 1881, at Dry Island, D. T., twenty miles below Chamberlain. D. T. We got boat into splendid harbor for the winter at 10 45 a. m., and the river closed fifteen minutes later. Close shave. The steamer Gen. H Rucker is frozen in seven miles above Fort Pierre, D. T., and steamer Milwaukee twenty miles below Fort Pierre. These boats were all caught under way. The Mollie Moore lies at Chamberlain without load and all right. JOE D. HARKINS.

Short-Hand Writing.

ST. LOUIS, November 21.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

As I contemplate studying some system of short-hand will you be so kind as to inform me through the columns of your paper the best system and what text book is best adapted to self-instruction and oblige A READER.

[Pitman's system we regard as the best and most practical. If you can find anything else to do, don't study stenography.—ED. P.-D.]

Important If True.

ST. LOUIS, November 26.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

A small gray half-breed Englishman is about town working up the Y. M. C. A. and other sympathizers by going up to Mr. Lack, on Chambers street, begging coal and other substances of life to keep body and soul together and begging from door to door for the pitiful sum of seventy-five cents per week. ONE WHO KNOWS.

No Insane Antics Then.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Why didn't Guiteau flourish his pistol in Washington, last June, and say he was going to shoot the President, and why didn't he cut up some of the impulsive antics that now serve to amuse the court? Grim, implacable, and silent as death, he then walked the streets, dogging the President, his pistol wrapped in paper to keep it dry.

Down on the Leaders.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Editor Dana desires to know why the Democratic party, composed of a majority of the people of this country, should be disbanded. We have heard of no movement in that direction, but if there is such a movement on foot it is the result of a desire to get rid of a half dozen so called leaders.

A Good Word for Guiteau.

From the Cincinnati Times-Star.

Guiteau has at least one redeeming trait. He never stood on the corners twirling a ten-cent cane and puffing cheap cigarettes.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.'s November sales of Corticelli Silk are much larger than in any previous month.

S. J. BRITTAIN & Co. have Corticelli Silk.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Misses Reichenbecher, of Lebanon, Ill., are in the city on a visit to some friends.

THE first grand hop of the Erie Social Club will take place at Tivoli Hall on New Years' eve.

REV. J. N. CUNDALL, of the First Presbyterian Church of St. Louis, will preach at Ferguson to-morrow.

ON Thanksgiving night a surprise party was given to the Misses Birsch, at their parents' residence on Obear avenue.

AN agreeable surprise party was given to Miss Kate Kennie last Monday evening, at the residence of her parents, 1933 Division street.

THE office of the old Exchange Brokerage Association, No. 321 North Third street, was formally opened for business at 3:30 this afternoon.

THE congregation of the Presbyterian Church at Taylorville, Ill., will be favored with a sermon to morrow by Rev. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis.

THE Atlantic Club will give its first promenade concert and ball at Turner Hall, Tenth and Market streets, on Monday evening, December 5.

TO MORROW evening Rev. Dr. Ganse preaches at his church, corner of Fourteenth and Lucas Place, his subject being "Gambling in its relations to social and business life."

CAPT. FRANGEL reports the family of Mrs. John E. Ferris, No. 2630 Sarah street, in destitute circumstances. Mr. R. A. Settig, of No. 1025 Armstrong street, donated a lot of clothing through the police.

JOS. SCHRIEDER, the missing draughtsman of the Board of Public Improvements, returned to his residence, 810 Catalpa street, this morning. He satisfactorily explained his absence, which caused some anxiety to his friends.

A HORSE attached to Thos. Lynam's grocery wagon ran away from Broadway and at Carr street collided with John J. Conroy's wagon, throwing that gentleman out and bruising him slightly. The damage done will not exceed $75.

TO-MORROW evening a special praise service will be held at Pilgrim Congregational Church, corner of Ewing and Washington avenues. Theodore Hoch, the cornetist, and Miss Friedenheimer, the Louisville soprano, will take part in the music. Rev. Dr. Goodell will preach.

THE temperature of St. Louis at 6 o'clock this morning was forty one degrees above zero, the thermometer having risen 21 since yesterday. The temperature will probably remain at this stage for the coming 24 hours, with a possibility of a slight rise. Warmer weather is reported this morning from the Northwest than has been for the past three weeks.

THE marriage of Mr. Frank Armstrong, of the house of Rice, Stix & Co., to Miss Minnie Marcland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney A. Bantz, will take place at the Second Presbyterian Church on Wednesday evening, December 14, at 5 o'clock, the Rev. Dr. Niccolls officiating. Several hundred invitations have been issued for the ceremony. The young bride and bridegroom elect are well known.

COMPANY B, (Capt. Walbridge) First Regiment, N. G. M., has paid all its obligations to the National Guard Association, and is ready to depart upon its new career of prosperity, eighty men strong, fifty-four of whom have tendered their resignations to Col. Pierce, president of the association. This movement not only takes from the regiment all of Company B, but draws heavily upon Company A and C. The new company will have a meeting to-night to elect new officers and consider a proposition to be attached to the Third Regiment.

LAST night Sergt. Fleorich found an abandoned team of horses attached to a farmer's wagon on Taylor avenue. The neighborhood was searched but no owner found for the vehicle, which was standing at the corner for three hours. The wagon contained chickens, beef and home supplies. After making further inquiries it was ascertained that the team was owned by a farmer living twelve miles out on the St. Charles rock-road. The man's team had moved away from where he tied it early in the evening, and he had started home, thinking his team had gone home before him. The property is now in the hands of the police.

MRS. H. M. GRAFF says her patrons demand Corticelli, the best spool silk in the land.

Delegates to the St. Joe Convention.

The following is the committee appointed from the Merchants' Exchange to the Missouri River Convention to be held in St. Joseph on November 29: John Hogan, Francis W. Crane, George J. Kinsky, J. G. Baker, Chas. S. Rogers, W. L. Thomas, George L. Wright, George H. Shields, R. J. Whitledge, Nathan Cole, E. F. Hoppe, D. R. Francis, Fred. H. Mott.

SWARTING & KECK have the unequaled Corticelli.

ON THE STAND.

Ex-Gov. Charles P. Johnson's Testimony in Court.

Proceedings in the Trial of Morgan Boland for Perjury.

An Interesting Cross-Examination—A Few Remarks Between the Counsel—Full Report.

The trial of Morgan Boland, charged with making a false affidavit, was resumed in the Court of Criminal Correction at about 9 o'clock this morning. There was a slim attendance in the lobby and few lawyers within the bar. Messrs. Krum, Glover and Noland, counsel for the prosecution, were present, and Messrs. Chandler and Turner for the defense.

Ex-Gov. Chas. P. Johnson was first sworn. He produced a small note book and some bits of paper while counsel were engaged in arguing some law point. Witness said he had not written any letter to defendant about the last of January or first part of February, requesting a meeting at the Union Depot. He never came to Union Depot for such a meeting at the time indicated in defendant's affidavit. Never met him at the Union Depot and had no interview with him there about police matters. The record showed that Morgan Boland was appointed Police Commissioner January 25, 1881.

Mr. Krum: When did you introduce the gambling bill into the Legislature?

Mr. Chandler objected. He did not want the other side to open new phases of the case unless the defense, too, was allowed to go into it extensively. He was willing to take hold of it as extensively as the others might wish.

Witness continued his testimony. He introduced the bill making gambling a felony on January 20, 1881. The last time witness came to St Louis prior to January 25 was on January 22, when he arrived here at daylight, accompanied by Senator Walker and Col. Normile. Left Jefferson City at midnight the night before. Went from Union Depot to office in Temple Building, accompanied by Col. Normile, who had an office in the same building. It was too early to go home and wake the family, so went into office and took a nap for about two hours. This was Saturday. Never went to Union Depot that day. Could tell all he had done that day. Was in his office that afternoon until 4 p. m. Then went to Insurance Building, corner of Sixth and Locust streets, to attend a meeting of the Immigration Society. Saw Morrison Renshaw and President Fitch at the Immigration office; also met Waldo P. Johnson. Remained there until dark. Then went with Renshaw and Fitch to his office, took a drink at Parie's, and Renshaw accompanied witness to the latter's residence; was under the impression that Mr. Fitch accompanied him also. Remained home all that night. On Sunday morning took his boy Harry across the bridge for a walk and then went home and remained there for the day; was not at Union Depot. Was not at depot on Monday, the 24th. Left for Jefferson City early Tuesday morning and got there that afternoon. Did not see Morgan Boland at Union Depot. Was in Jefferson City January 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and until February 11. Was not in St. Louis all that time. Left Jefferson City for St. Louis on the night of February 11, accompanied by Representative Hugh J. Brady. Train was a little late. Did not meet or see Mr. Boland there. Brady accompanied witness to Twelfth and Chestnut. Witness lives on the latter street. Remained at home that night. On the 12th (Saturday) was at office. Did not go to Union Depot that day. Remained at home Sunday, 13th of February. Went to Union Depot that night and took train for Jefferson City. Did not see defendant at depot. Was in Jefferson City continuously from February 13 to February 21, when the Legislature adjourned over for the 22d. Was not in St. Louis or at Union Depot during that time. Had never during January said to Boland at Union Depot or anywhere else that he could stop the war Maxon and his friends were waging against defendant; never knew of any war; never promised to keep McCullagh and Pulitzer from attacking the board, etc.

Mr. Krum: Did you ever claim to be a leader of the Legislature and could do as you pleased with them?

Witness: I never said any such thing. I would not, could not say such a thing.

Mr. Chandler: I must object to any statements from the gentleman on the stand except such as are called for by the questions.

Witness: I will try to restrain my feelings as far as I can, but there are some things a person cannot keep quiet about.

Mr. Chandler: You must recollect that other people have feelings too.

Witness: I know what the feeling of a man toward an assassin is.

Mr. Chandler, vehemently: the court please, I object to this cheap acting on the part of the witness. It is not becoming in a court of justice.

Mr. Krum: I haven't seen any performance yet except from the counsel on the other side.

Mr. Chandler: Oh, of course you are blind to everything else.

Mr. Krum: No, I'm not blind. I'm only near sighted. (It may be explained that Mr. Krum wears eye-glasses.)

Witness: I shall try hereafter to restrain myself.

Witness then continued his testimony. He denied the assertion that he ever made the statements credited to him in the Boland affidavit.

Mr. Krum: Did you at any time or anywhere else ever have such an interview as that sworn to in defendant's affidavit?

Witness: Never, sir.

Witness said further he did not know Morgan Boland so as to be on intimate terms with him; knew him only as a member of the Police Board. Was at personal enmity with John D. Finney, and had reason to be so. Was not on speaking terms with Mr. Finney.

Mr. Chandler objected.

Mr. Krum said the affidavit stated that Mr. Johnson had promised to obtain Finney's vote and influence and it was pertinent to show the relations existing between witness and Mr. Finney.

The Court ruled that the question was pertinent to the inquiry. It had already been answered, and Judge Krum turned the witness over to counsel for the defense.

CROSS EXAMINATION.

Mr. Chandler: Mr. Johnson, you have testified in this matter before, before a notary?

Witness—I have.

Mr Chandler—When you were asked to state positively whether or not you had ever written a letter to Boland, did you not answer "I cannot."

Witness: You have my answer before you.

Mr. Chandler: This report says you answered, "I cannot." Why, if you could not positively deny the writing of the letter before the notary are you so positive now that you never wrote such a letter?

Witness: The two questions are dissimilar. Their significance is different. I was asked there if I had written any letter to defendant and I answered that I could no positively say I had not, because I might have ordered my clerk to write some letter on police matters that might have escaped my memory. Mr. Krum asked me if I had ever written a letter to Mr. Boland requesting him to meet me at Union Depot on a certain Saturday evening. To that I answered that I never wrote such a letter.

Witness said he had recently studied up the circumstances, and was positive he had never written such a letter to Boland.

He was then questioned concerning his answer to the question before the notary about Thorman's affidavit. Witness was asked if it might not have been possible for himself and Boland to be at Union Depot on the same evening, and he answered yes. Witness wanted to explain. It was possible for him and defendant to have been at the depot on a certain evening and neither know of the other's presence. He wanted also to say that he had never come down from Jefferson City on a Saturday evening, except on January 8.

Witness continued: He was in favor of Mr. Boland's confirmation as Police Commissioner after he had been appointed. He had known nothing against defendant's character for integrity and honesty, although he had been on the police force seventeen years; knew nothing against him until lately.

Mr. Chandler: Do you mean to say that you now know anything against him?

Witness: I have every reason to believe I do. Of course I only know what I have heard people say. I have never investigated the matter.

Mr. Chandler: Are you willing to swear of your own personal knowledge that you know of any illegitimate intimacy between Mr. Boland and the gamblers?

Witness: I only know what I have heard.

Mr. Chandler: And are you willing to let the impression go before the jury that you know anything against the character of defendant?

Witness: Of course I can't testify in court to anything against him, and am not willing to do him any harm.

Witness then went on with his testimony. Was Circuit Attorney from 1866 to 1872 and had practiced law—criminal law more particularly—ever since. Had heard nothing against defendant in that time. Was opposed to Boland in the Police Board after his appointment. Had tried to have the board abolished. Had Mr. Boland dismissed from the board during the week of the 7th of March. First knew of the animosity of Boland against himself when he returned to Jefferson City, on the night of Monday, March 7, he thought, when he called at his office.

Witness asked permission to refer to his diary. Counsel for the prosecution objected. The court ruled that if the witness could answer without referring to his diary he should do so; if not, he might refer to the book.

Mr. Chandler: I want to test the witness' memory and would like to have his answers without reference to the diary.

Witness, in answer to the question, "When did you first know of Boland's hostility to you?" started to tell that he had come down to St. Louis on the morning of March 7, and went back that night, when counsel asked, "Was it because you learned of this hostility that you caused his removal?" Witness asked to explain. Counsel for prosecution objected; he wanted a direct answer. Witness answered no, and then went on to say that Boland had called at his (witness') room in Jefferson City on the night of March 7, and tried to intimidate him, threatened to ruin him if he did not lessen his zeal in trying to carry the gambling bill through the Legislature, and was evidently seeking a personal collision with witness.

Mr. Chandler: Mr. Johnson what was your motive in making that last statement to the jury?

Counsel for prosecution objected.

Witness: Do you want to know what message Boland left for me?

Mr. Chandler: I don't want to know anything about it.

Witness then said something about defendant going to the train and he (witness) returning to his room.

Mr. Chandler: Then this meeting did not take place in your room as you have stated?

Witness said he heard from Morris Fitzgerald, a State officer and member of the St. Louis police force, whom he met at the gate that night, that Boland had been to his room.

Mr. Chandler: You know, Mr. Johnson, that is hearsay testimony, don't you?

Witness: I'm not on the stand as an expert, nor to instruct you in law.

There was an attempt to smile on the part of some of the persons present.

Mr. Chandler: But you know what hearsay testimony is?

Witness: I make my living by giving opinions and I say again I am not here as an expert.

The Court, looking over toward the lower left hand corner of the lobby: I heard a faint attempt to applaud in that quarter yonder. Mr. Clerk, keep your eye on that locality and put the first man out who attempts to interrupt the proceedings.

The clerk, deeming it his duty, at once shrieked out something about taking seats.

Witness was then allowed to proceed. He denied that he had any power to influence Mr. McCullagh or Mr. Pulitzer in the matter of publishing certain things or withholding others. He had never assumed any power with these gentlemen.

Mr. Chandler: Did you state that Gov. Crittenden was aware that money was being paid to the police by gamblers for immunity?

Witness: Do you mean in my interview?

Mr. Chandler: In your interview or elsewhere.

Witness was allowed to refer to the published interview and then explained that he had said the gambling houses were running. One house was open on Fourth street in broad daylight, its advertisements appeared in the newspapers and Gov. Crittenden could not possibly be ignorant that gambling was going on here.

Mr. Chandler: Do you know of your personal knowledge that these were the facts? Do you consider it personal knowledge when you obtain your information from the newspapers? Are you willing to swear to everything you read in the newspapers?

Witness: I am willing to swear to a great many things I see there. I will swear the Guiteau trial is going on to-day. I will swear that Arthur is President of the United States although I have never seen him.

Mr. Chandler: Do you consider that kind of knowledge legal testimony?

Witness: It is not legal knowledge. But everybody in this town knows that a keno house is running every day, running now on Fourth street. Its advertisements are published in a certain paper every day, giving the location of its so called policy shop.

Mr. Chandler: Do you take every rumor for true that you hear upon the street?

Witness: I have studied human nature a great deal.

Mr. Chandler. You have studied more human nature than law, haven't you?

Witness: It is a great deal more interesting and entertaining study than the law.

Mr. Chandler: Yes, I suppose it is.

Witness: And if some persons knew a little more about human nature and a little less about law they would have a great deal more common sense.

A roar went around the court room. About a dozen persons clapped their hands. The Judge opened his eyes and seemed astonished. Deputy Archie Carr walked down toward the rail, looked viciously at the lobby, and said sternly: "Mr. Young, arrest the first man who again applauds."

Witness now proceeded to answer further questions. He had made his charges against the Governor upon his personal knowledge. He had also made the same charge against the Mayor upon the same personal knowledge.

Here an argument sprang up on the legality of the knowledge upon which the statements or charges contained in the interview were based. The argument was provoked by a supposed objection to answering the last question, which the witness had already answered. Mr. Chandler said a great deal about duplicity of character and believing a man who was reckless of the truth of his statements off the stand was likely to be reckless concerning what he said on the stand. There was a slight but pleasant brush between the attorneys, and then the testimony was resumed.

Witness said that he had told Chief Kennett that he was employed to prosecute the gambling cases; he had understood that he was so employed from Mr. Cupples. He had never appeared before the grand jury to present any charges. Witness had frequently called attention to the duty of the board to raid gambling-houses—faro and keno establishments. The law calling for raiding was enacted in 1867. It was entitled an act amendatory to the act establishing the Police Board. Witness did not remember what section.

The statutes were produced and witness pointed out the particular section and read it. It recited the duties of the Police Board, one of which was to see that the law concerning gamblers was enforced. Section 5 of that act said that it was the duty of the police to break up the game by "capturing the device."

Mr. Chandler: You are aware of the decision of the Supreme Court in that regard in 70 Missouri—the case of Lowrie?

Witness: I am.

Mr. Chandler presented the decision. Witness said he did not want to argue it. Mr. Chandler insisted that witness knew that the law he was trying to enforce was utterly impracticable. Witness said he knew no such thing.

Mr. Chandler: When did you first exhibit your indignation against this prevalence of gambling?

Mr. Krum objected. Objection sustained.

Witness said in answer to other questions that he was in St. Louis January 29; was in Jefferson City on the 27th; couldn't say what we had done in the Legislature that day without referring to his diary. He was not in the habit of coming down from Jefferson City on Friday night to see his family. That was the only time he had come down on Friday.

Mr. Chandler: Do you know of your personal knowledge, or other and higher kind of knowledge—

Witness: I claim no higher knowledge.

Mr. Chandler: Do you, or do you not know that every one of these gambling cases you talked about has been prosecuted?

Witness: I do not know any such thing.

Mr. Chandler: Did you carry any charges to the grand jury?

Witness: I did not. That is not the way to suppress gambling in St. Louis.

Mr. Chandler: It is one way—a sensible to do it.

Witness: I went before the Police Board to instruct them in their duties. They are the servants of the people, and I, as a citizen, had a right to demand the enforcement of the laws. I tried to get them to do this, but instead of doing so they hire lawyers to come here to impeach my character, they present this false affidavit, and they bring in a prostitute—

Mr. Chandler: That's enough, Mr. Johnson.

Witness: You have pushed me to do it or I would not have said as much as I have.

Mr. Chandler: You are a servant, too, are you not?

Witness: No; I'm a sovereign.

Mr. Chandler: Yes, you're a sovereign.

Witness: And so are you a sovereign.

These last remarks are a play upon the expression that "every sovereign is a citizen."

The defense announced themselves through with the witness and Judge Krum asked him the single question: In your testimony before the notary your answer to the question about the letter was an answer to what you understood to be a general question?

Witness: It was.

Mr. Krum: That is all.

It was now 12 o'clock, and the court ordered a recess of an hour.

AFTER THE RECESS.

The case had opened in the morning with a slow attendance. There were few persons in the lobby and few beside the counsel and interested parties within the bar. But the trial had not been going on a half hour when the room was crowded. Spectators were standing in the lobby and lawyers stood two deep around the wall in the inner precincts. At 12 o'clock, when the recess was taken, there was hardly an inch of standing room left anywhere. The lobby was more select and intelligent in its appearance than yesterday's crowd. Patrolmen and police sergeants and captains were plentiful among those present, and brass buttons and blue coats shone in every quarter. No very prominent citizen was present. The lobby and many of the lawyers seemed disposed to side with Mr. Johnson. The lobby was certainly with him and made several attempts to express its sentiments by applause, but the court, with the assistance of the able and efficient deputy sheriff, promptly and effectually sat down upon any demonstration. The brushes between counsel were a source of great interest and much amusement. The defense tried to show a disposition on the part of Mr. Johnson to make points with the jury; the prosecution held that counsel for the defense was trying to do exactly the same thing. And so it went on.

At 1 o'clock the court convened again with a full attendance. Morrison Renshaw was the first witness.

MR. RENSHAW

testified that he saw ex-Gov. Johnson in the office of the Immigration Society about 5 o'clock on the afternoon of January 22. Mr. Johnson remained about a half or three-quarters of an hour. There were present in the office Gov. Johnson, Waldo P. Johnson, and he thought Mr. Fitch. Witness did not leave the room with Gov Johnson, and did not see him again that afternoon. Was in Jefferson City on Sunday, January 30; saw Gov. Johnson there; went to his room and saw him. Remained in Jefferson City until February 3d; saw Johnson was in Jefferson City all that time. Saw him there every day. Went to Jefferson City in response to a telegram from Gov. Johnson, on the Friday before he went, he thought, requesting him to come to Jefferson City. The telegram might have been sent by Mr. Finney.

Mr. Chandler now took hold of witness. He asked where was the telegram, witness had received. Witness said he had not saved it. Witness left for Jefferson City in the morning of January 30, Sunday. Got to Jefferson between 1 and 2 o'clock. Saw Gov. Johnson about an hour or so afterwards. Gov. Johnson had not asked witness about these dates, but had asked him to consult his record and see when he was up in Jefferson City. He had a record in his cash-book. On February 4 he charged up in his cash-book the expenditures for a four days' trip to Jefferson. This was all the record he had. Gov. Johnson had told him to consult those records eight or ten days ago. Witness was positive he had received a telegram—had several telegrams, but was not positive about any letter received. Witness could say of his own personal knowledge where Gov. Johnson was on the 26th of January.

MR. THOMAS W. FITCH,

President of the Immigration Society, testified that he did not see Gov. Johnson on January 22. He arrived at the Immigration office after the society meeting had been adjourned. Was not in Jefferson during January; was there on February 2 and saw Johnson there. Was not there on any other day in February up to the 15th. Mr. Renshaw had told him on the 22d that Gov. Johnson would meet him on Sunday. Couldn't meet him on Sunday, but did meet him on Monday, between 5 and 6 o'clock, at the Immigration office. Went up with him in the direction of his office and remained talking with him on the street for some time, until between 7 and 8 o'clock.

On cross-examination by Mr. Chandler witness said he accompanied Mr. Johnson towards the latter's house and parted from him at Mr. Johnson's residence, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth, on Chestnut. Had no personal knowledge of where Mr. Johnson was on July 22.

MAURICE FIGZGERALD

testified that he knew defendant. Did not see him there during month of January last. Remembered the occasion of the introduction of bill regarding the Police Board into the Legislation. Saw Boland in Jefferson City two or three days before his removal from the Police Board. Had a conversation with Boland then.

Mr. Krum: Had you any talk with him regarding Gov. Crittenden?

Mr. Chandler objected. Counsel could not question witness about anything but matters involved in the present case. The court ruled the admissibility of the answer.

Witness: Defendant had a conversation with me about Gov. Johnson.

Mr. Krum: What did he say?

Mr. Chandler objected on the ground that the question was irrelevant. Mr. Krum insisted that the testimony was competent to show the business existing and the motive for making the false affidavit.

Mr. Noland said that it be admitted as corroborative testimony; if Mr. Johnson had tried to bribe Mr. Boland in January and a month afterward Mr. Boland was up in Jefferson City lauding Johnson to the skies, would that be competent testimony to go before the jury, to show that there was no animosity on the part of defendant toward Gov. Johnson. If, on the other hand, Mr. Boland was up there denouncing Gov. Johnson freely and openly making charges against him, and had not said anything about Gov. Johnson having tried to bribe him a month before, was it not proper to present this fact to the jury as corroborative of the charge that Boland's affidavit intended to defame Gov. Johnson's character was false and corrupt?

Mr. Chandler made a long speech on the subject, in which he dwelt upon the insufficiency of the information upon which the proceedings are based. Mr. Glover made answer for the prosecution, saying the defense had demurred to the information but had afterwards withdrawn this demurrer, thus allowing the charge to stand against the defendant, or sufficient to demand a trial in court. Mr. Turner spoke for the defense, commanding Boland's silence regarding the alleged bribery. The court ruled the testimony relevant.

Witness said Boland denounced Gov. Johnson in round terms.

Mr. Krum: What did he say?

Mr. Turner: Never mind; he'll tell all he knows.

Mr. Noland: He'll not tell more than he knows.

Witness said it was on Monday night. Defendant started to denounce Gov. Johnson. Witness sat near him and told him to stop. It was in a crowded saloon. Boland denounced Gov. Johnson on the street again and again. Witness remonstrated with him. Boland called Johnson a d—s—of a b—; said he was working against him and would effect his ruin if he continued, or words to that effect. Boland said Mr. Johnson was deceiving witness. Witness was Boland's friend.

Mr. Krum: What called you to Jefferson City?

Witness: I went up there with a message from Boland to Gov. Johnson. It was about a girl named Pearl. The name was written on a piece of paper. Boland said Johnson had seduced this girl and taken her to a house of prostitution. Boland had withheld the publication for some time, but if Johnson wanted war he was ready to give it to him. Witness afterwards learned that the girl's name was not Pearl, but Frankie Howard.

On cross-examination witness said he had last talked to Gov. Johnson about this matter when he made the statement to the Governor at Jefferson. Had met Johnson on Walnut street four or five days ago, going into Parie's to take a drink. Johnson was with some friends and witness was with his own friend. Gov. Johnson asked witness to refresh his memory about what happened at Jefferson City. Witness said he remembered everything pretty well. Did not go over the circumstances with Johnson. The conversation with Boland about Johnson was prior to the introduction of the bill about the Police Board. Didn't recollect the date. Boland complained of Johnson working against him. Didn't know Johnson was working against Boland. The object of the bill was to clean out the whole board and was not directed against Mr. Boland alone. Could not recollect Boland's exact words in denouncing Johnson. To the best of his recollection Boland used the word "ruin" when fixing up the Pearl story he was to relate to Gov. Johnson. He said something about exposing Johnson's rascality. Witness had been a police officer from '71 to '75. Was never dismissed from the force. The

Board dismissed witness but reconsidered the matter, reinstated him, and he resigned.

Mr. Chandler: Were you requested to resign?

Witness: I resigned because I felt like it.

Mr. Chandler: Were you requested to feel like it?

Witness: I refuse to answer.

The court told witness to answer and he said he had received a note from the board to "that effect."

Senator J. F. Merriman of the State Legislature was the next witness: Was in Jefferson City January 22; met him at depot at 1 o'clock Saturday morning, January 22. Col. Normile, Hugh Brady and, he thought, Senator Walker were with Gov. Johnson. Witness had left Kansas City at 6 o'clock Friday night and got to Jefferson at 1 a. m. Saturday. Johnson got in train; witness got off as it pulled out for St. Louis. Was in Jefferson City February 5. Was with Johnson all day—it was Saturday. Took supper with him that evening. The House was in session that day. Did not pass the evening with Johnson, but met him again at Johnson's room at 11 o'clock that same evening. Senators Manistre and Rogers and Mr. Mott, and probably some others, were present. Left Johnson at Jefferson City on the 29th of January. Johnson told witness he (Johnson) was going to stay there. After 29th returned to Jefferson on the night of the 30th. Gov. Johnson was there. Thenceforward was with Gov. Johnson every day and night until February 5. Witness was there until February 11, and there was not a day he did not see Gov. Johnson.

Mr. Chandler asked witness where he had been on certain random dates. He could not say. He asked him where he was on July 15.

Mr. Krum: I guess he was on the shady side of the street about that time.

Mr. Chandler: With a straw in his mouth?

Witness said he had refreshed his memory concerning the dates given above. He didn't keep any diary.

Mr. Chandler: Then where did you get the refreshments you talk about for your memory?

Witness here detailed his actions from January 16, when his grandmother died, up to 1 a. m., January 22.

The proceedings are still progressing.

CURIOUS KINKS.

Mysterious and Peculiar Proceedings in a Divorce Suit.

A short time since President Judson, of the School Board, filed a divorce suit in behalf of Mortimer A. Newhouse, a book agent in the employ of Mr. Kaiser, of this city, against Elisb Newhouse, a Scandinavian by birth and a very prepossessing lady. The parties were married at Milwaukee in 1877, and subsequently resided in Chicago and St. Louis. Mrs. Newhouse's health became very indifferent, and she went to Europe for medical treatment. Upon her return, to her utter astonishment, she was served with the divorce writ, the petition charging that she had been guilty of improper relations with other men at Chicago. Mrs. Newhouse had friends in New York and her husband furnished her with a railroad ticket and $100 upon condition, it is alleged, that she would sign a paper renouncing all claims to alimony. She protested her innocence of all the charges brought against her by her husband, who she believed had been poisoned against her by the statements of others. However, the lady signed the paper and went to New York among her friends, who advised her to employ a respectable firm of attorneys in St. Louis, and she sought the services of Joy & Sampson.

In course of time they gave notice to Mr. Judson of the taking of depositions and that attorney replied that he had the copy of a letter from the client of Joy & Sampson requesting them to withdraw from defense of the suit as she wished to make no appearance in the matter. The lady's attorneys were surprised that the attorney for the husband should have in his possession a copy of a letter from the wife to them, and the positions are to be taken upon that and other points. There is a mysterious element in the whole proceeding. Mr. Judson did not append his name to the suit when he filed it.

MISS E. O'BRIEN sells Corticelli Spool Silk.

INFANTICIDE.

The Body of an Infant With a Crushed Skull Found on Washington Avenue.

Last evening Anthony Daly was walking across a vacant lot between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, near Washington avenue, when he stumbled on a little bundle of clothing. When he examined it he found it contained the body of an infant. He reported the fact to Officer Meehan, who took charge of the little corpse and carried it in his hand to the Morgue, where it now lies beside the body of an old man who died in the Chestnut Street Police Station. The child is of about eight months, and has black hair. A linen cloth was wrapped about the body, which was covered with an infant's gown made of a three-dotted white print trimmed with a red and white band. Around the neck was carefully folded a ladies' hem stitch white handkerchief with one and one half inch border. It was fresh from the iron, having the folds in it. No mark of any kind was found about any of the clothing. A dark brown apron, from which the trimmings and strings were torn, was wrapped around the body. On examination it was found that the thin skull was fractured near the base. There were also marks about the neck leaving no doubt but that the child was killed after birth. The Coroner has no further clew to the identity of the infant than the clothing. The gown is an old one and evidently did service before it covered the little corpse now lying in the Morgue.

T. F. MOLONEY has just replenished his stock of Corticelli Spool Silk.

BAGGED AGAIN.

Frank Fone, the Professional Escaper, Collared Once More.

Frank Fone, who escaped from the Court of Criminal Correction last Wednesday by climbing through the sky light of the water closet, was captured to-day in the Fourth Police District. This young man, it will be remembered, was a partner with Shea in his escape and one of the most important witnesses for the State in the Doran murder. His second escape was a most sensational one, and his recapture simply shows the dare-devil character of the man.

Died.

James Durner, night conductor of the Carondelet accommodation train, who was struck by the train between St. Louis and Taylor streets about 11 o'clock yesterday morning, died at half past 6 on last night. Lawrence Lacey, brakeman on Durner's train, refused to run on the train since the fatal accident to Durner and has been transferred. The Coroner held an inquest at 3 o'clock this evening.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. E. V. Williams, the cashier of the Southern, returned to his desk this morning, after a vacation of one week spent in Buffalo, New York.

THE Coroner held an inquest this afternoon on the body of an infant at Mrs. Greenback's, on the east side of Van Buren, between Marceau and Espenschied streets.

GEO. W. MARTIN and Orda Francis were arraigned in the First District Police Court today on a charge of disturbing the peace, but secured a continuance until next Monday.

Mr. Young, for the past seven years secretary of the Vulcan Steel Company, contemplates entering the firm of Fox, Corby & Co., railway supplies, upon the 1st of January. The style of the firm will not be changed.

Legal Notes.

In the suit of J. L. Arcularius vs. J. H. Potthoff et al. judgment for plaintiff for $334 was rendered to-day in Judge Horner's court.

The Adams and Westlake Manufacturing Company filed suit to-day in the United States Circuit Court against F. & B. Meyrose & Co., alleging infringment of a lantern patent.

Another attachment suit was filed against Ed. Lansing & Co. to-day by Mohr & Mohr to recover an indebtedness of $1,794 59. The writ is sued out with the view of attaching the stock in the hands of Rolla Billingsley.

United States District Attorney Bliss and Circuit Attorney Harris will leave town this evening for Pittsburg to engage in the further prosecution of the land frauds before the courts at Pittsburg, Steubenville and other cities.

TO-DAY the motions on the docket of the Court of Criminal Correction were all continued until next Saturday with the exception of a motion in the Parsons coal oil case, which was laid over for two weeks.

Murderer Arrested.

CHICAGO, November 26.—John Galus, of Letzenburg Germany, eighteen months in this country, aged twenty-two, was arrested on Belmont avenue, Lake View, at 9 o'clock this morning, for the murder of Haesel, the bachelor farmer at North Evanston. The money receipts and clothing of the dead man were found on him. He admits the killing and has been taken to Evanston to await examination.

Mail-Pouch Robbers.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., November 26.—The registered-letter pouch on the Iron Mountain train was robbed on the night of the 18th, near Knabels Station. Officers at once set to work to ferret out the thieves, and yesterday Deputy U. S. Marshals Wallace and Gray arrested John Morgan and Pat Connell, railroad employes, as the guilty parties, and brought them to this city. They will have an examination before the U. S. Commissioner Monday.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask
Ex 6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	101½	102
Ex 5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	102⅝	102⅝
6% per cent bds..	1891	J. S. D. & M.	114	114⅝
6 per cent bonds..	1907	J. A. J. & O.	117	117½

ST. LOUIS, CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold....	1895-'96-'97	Various	108	...
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	115	...
City 6's, c'y.....	1894-'97	Various.	107½	...
City water 6's....	1887	June & Dec.	107	...
City water 6's....	1890	June & Dec.	110	...
City water 6's....	1892	Apr. & Oct.	112	...
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	106	...
County 6's, gold..	1895-'96	Jan. & July	114	...
County Park....	1905	Jan. & July	117	120
County 7's c'y....	1885	Jan. & July	107	109

*Interest to seller.

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's.....	1892	Jan. & July	103	...
Mo. 6's.....	1886-'87	Jan. & July	103½	...
Mo. 6's.....	1888-'89	Jan. & July	109	111
Mo. 6's.....	1894	Jan. & July	113	115
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and '76.....	1895-'96	Jan. & July	*102½	...
Mo. 5-20's of 1877.....	1897	Jan. & July	102½	104

And interest.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s..	1888	Feb. & Aug.	107¾	108
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s..	1891	Jan. & July	114	116
S. Mo. 1st m 7s..	1895	Jan. & July	123	124
K. P. 1st m 6s....	1895	Feb. & Aug.	110	112
K. P. 1st m 6s....	1896	June & Dec.	112½	114
K. P. Ex. 7s....	1899	May & N'v.	109	111
K. P. Consols....	1919	May & Nov.	105	106
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7s..	1892	Feb. & Aug.	115	118

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres.....	$187	.....
Land warrants, 120 acres.....	137	.....
Land warrants, 80 acres.....	92	.....
Land warrants, 40 acres.....	45	.....
Clearings to-day.....		$ 3,417,581
Balances to-day.....		773,921
Balance this week.....		3,348,428
Clearings this week.....		16,645,002
Clearings last week.....		18,852,432
Clearings corresponding week 1880.....		13,595,520

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, November 26.—Money 5@6. Prime mercantile 6@7. Bar silver 112½. Exchange steady at 4.79¾ long, 83½ sight. Governments are stronger and ⅛@¼ per cent higher except 10s extended 6s, which are unchanged. States dull. Railroads inactive. Stock market continued strong up to noon and prices received further advance of ⅛@1½ per cent, latter Metropolitan Elevated, which sold up to 98½. Stock market opened generally firm and higher but prices soon fell off ⅛ to 1½ per cent, latter Wabash and Pacific common. At first board, however firmer tone prevailed and recovery of ⅛@¾ per cent ensued. Extended 6s 101½; 5s 102½; 4½s 114⅝; 4s 117¼; 6s Pacific 6s 130.

Rock Island.....	135½	Mar. & Ohio pref'd.	16¾
Panama	135	second pref'd.....	7
Fort Wayne.....	135	B., C. R. & N.....	79
Pittsburg.....	135½	A. & T. H.....	55
Illinois Central.....	132½	pref'd.....	92
C., R. & Q.....	130½	W., St. L. & Pacific...	45½
Chicago & Alton.....	132	pref'd.....	83½
pref'd.....	130	Hannibal & St. Joseph	95
N. Y. Central.....	138½	pref'd.....	111
Harlem.....	215	St. L. & San Fran....	43½
Lake Shore	121½	pref'd.....	65½
Canada Southern.....	62¼	first pref'd.....	105
Michigan Central.....	92½	C., St. L. & N. O....	83
Erie	46½	Kansas & Texas.....	41⅞
pref'd	94	Union Pacific.....	119¾
Northwestern.....	128	Central Pacific.....	94⅝
pref'd.....	141¼	Texas Pacific.....	35
St. Paul.....	107½	Northern Pacific.....	40¾
pref'd	120¾	pref'd.....	82¼
Del. & Lack	126½	Louisville & Nash	153⅝
Morris & Essex.....	125	Nashville & Chat.....	84¾
Del. & Hudson R. Div.	109¼	L. & N. A.....	70
N. J. Central.....	94½	Houston & Texas.....	89¾
Reading	66⅝	Denver & R. Grande.	85
Ohio	41	St. Paul & Omaha	39⅝
pref'd.....	107	pref'd.....	102¾
Chesapeake & Ohio...	28	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	46
first pref'd.....	39	Memphis & C.....	71¾
second pref'd.....	28½	Western Union.....	85¾
Roodle & Ohio.....	57	Pacific Mail.....	45¾
Cleve'd & Col.....	92	Adams.....	143
C., C. & I. C.....	20⅝	Fargo.....	134
Ohio Central.....	26	American	95
Erie & Western.....	44½	United States.....	77
Peoria, D. & E.....	40⅞	Quicksilver.....	14
Ind. & Western.....	21	pref'd.....	60¾
Ind., B. & W.....	51		

*Bid. †Offered. ‡Ex div

R. R. MAGNUS,
BROKER IN
COTTON
GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,
223 Chestnut St. . . . St. Louis.
CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Calender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; S. H. Buck & Co., New Orleans; Molyneux, Taylor & Co., Liverpool.

EWING HILL & CO
(Members New York Cotton Exchange),
BROKERS IN
COTTON
Grain and Provisions.
N. W. COR. MAIN AND CHESTNUT
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed promptly in all leading markets.

COMMERCE.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	1023,343	1,126,817	191,516	108,136	49,599
Total yesterday	1036,206	1,257,686	214,920	104,086	54,542
Nov. 27, 1881 ..	1987,833	859,866	172,812	59 880	42,780

Closing Prices—3:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—Nov. $1 32 bid; Dec. $1 32¾ asked; Jan. $1 35⅞ asked; Feb. $1 37¾@⅞; May $1 41. Corn—Nov. 63½; Dec. 63¾; Jan. 64½; Feb. 64¾; March 65¾; May 67⅝. No. 2 white-mixed May 72½. Oats—Nov. 45½ bid; Dec. 46¾; Jan. 46¾; Feb. 47¾ bid; May 49.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Dec. $1 24⅞; Jan. $1 25¾; Feb. $1 26⅞. Corn—Dec. 58⅝; Jan. 59½; Feb. 59½; May 64¼. Oats—Dec. 44⅜; Jan. 43¼; Feb. 43⅜; May 45⅝. Pork—Jan. $17 20; Feb. $17 40; March $17 60. Lard—Jan. 11.22½@⅔; Feb. 11¾@.40; March 11¾. Short ribs—Jan. 8.80; Feb. 8.95; March 9.10.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—Nov. $1 40¾ asked; Dec. $1 44½; Jan. $1 43½@⅝; Feb. $1 45¾. Corn—Dec. 67⅝; Jan. 69¾; Feb. 71¾; May 74 asked.

MILWAUKEE.

Wheat—Nov. $1 28; Dec. $1 28½; Jan. $1 26¼.

Wheat—Dec. $1 33½; Jan. $1 35½; Feb. $1 37¾. Corn—Dec. 62¾; May 66¼ bid.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

FLOUR—Receipts 4,078 brls. Quiet and steady. We quote nominally: Fancy $6 50@6 75; choice $5 95@6 10; family $5 70@5 80; XXX $5 45@5 55; XX $5@5 20; X $4 60@4 75; superfine $4 40@4 45; fine $4 15@4 30; favorite brands 2@50c higher; patents $7@8 25.

WHEAT—Receipts 1,798 sks, 5,850 bu. Unsettled and irregular. Futures opened weaker and then advanced stiffly on encouraging advices, but later weakened and declined rapidly, with free sellers, but later rallied and bettered again in price, closing at ½@⅝c lower. Grades sold higher and readily to order and milling buyers on call, speculators also taking No. 2 red, but subsequently was lower to sell with futures. No. 2 red sold cash at $1 32½@⅝ this side, $1 32½@1 32 regular; December $1 33⅛ to $1 32¾, late $1 34½ asked; January $1 37 to $1 35¾@⅞, closing at $1 35¾ asked; February $1 39¼ to $1 37⅝, closing at $1 37¾@⅞; bids of $1 32 for November and year, $1 41 for May; No. 3 sold at $1 25 this side; No. 4 at $1 14¾ in C.; rejected salable at 92 this side; No. 2 Mediterranean sold at $1 34 this side, where $1 26¾ was bid for No. 3 do, $1 17¾ for No. 2 spring and $1 05¾ for No. 3 do.

CORN—Receipts 1,106 sks, 27,000 bu. Irregular. Futures were strong and advancing early, but broke down subsequently, with a weak market, though late reacted and advanced, closing ⅛@⅞c higher. Grades in fair order request at better prices, though weak after call. No. 2 mixed sold cash at 63¾ in E. 63¼ in St. L., 62½@63¾ regular; Nov. at 63½; Dec. at 63¾ to 63⅞@⅞, closing at 63¾ bid; Jan. at 63¾ to 63¼; Feb. at 64½ to 64¾; May at 67½ to 66¾, closing at 67¼; bids of 63¼ for year, 65½ for May; No. 2 white-mixed sold cash at 67 in V., 70 this side, with 67½ bid later for V., 68 for E.; May 72½@72½; rejected do salable at 66 in U., 68½ this side; rejected sold at 59⅝@59 in U., 61 in V., 62¼ in St. L., 61¼ bid for E.; bids in St. L. of 58 for new, 57 for no grade.

OATS—Receipts 580 sacks, — bu. Strength marked the cash market, as offerings were small and stiffly held, and though the demand was moderate on order feeding account, yet buyers had to pay higher prices to get anything. Futures were firm and better, except May, which lost ½c. No. 2 sold cash at 46@46⅜; Dec. at 46¼; Jan. at 47@46¾; May at 49; bids of 45¾ for Nov. and year; 47½ for Feb.; rejected brought 45¼@43½ in St. L., where 47 was bid for No. 2 white.

RYE—Receipts 95 sacks, 1,500 bu. Firm and wanted, but holders asking prices above buyers' views. No. 2 was salable at 98 in E., with 99 asked for regular; for rejected 92½ bid.

BARLEY—Receipts 250 sacks, 12,500 bushels; firm and in demand. We quote as follows: Rejected 75@80; medium 85@90; prime 95@$1; choice $1 05@1 10; fancy $1 12½@1 15; Canada $1 15@1 25; California $1 25@1 30.

HAY—Receipts 332 tons; steady for choice, which was ready sale to the local trade, but lower grades remain dull. Sales this side—Prime to choice prairie $14@15, mixed $17, prime timothy $18, choice $20@21, fancy $22 50, cast track choice timothy $19 50, prime $17.

PROVISIONS were firmer, with pork and lard better and all else steady. Standard mess pork sold at $17 25@17 cash; $17 15 bid for January; $17 32½ for February; $17 35 for March. Prime steam lard sold at 11.10 cash; 11¼ January. Sales of loose 1-day dry salt made on basis of 6.50 for shoulders, 8.80 for long clear, 8.85 for clear ribs, 9.10 for short clear; younger meats cheaper; boxed long clear sold at 8.80, short clear at 9¼@¼. Packed bacon—Long clear sold at 10 and short clear at 10¾—loose at 10¼; shoulders worth 8½ and clear ribs 10½. S. C. hams 12@14 summer make. Tallow 7@7½, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 13@14c. Grease 4¾@5¾ for brown, 5¼@6c for yellow, @7½c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00 per brl; family $7 25 per half brl; dried 11@13c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 00 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 50 per brl. Ground alum —— per sack.

HIGHWINES—Steady. Sales 203 brls at $1 16.

CINCINNATI $1 14; CHICAGO $1 15; PEORIA $1 15.

LEAD—Soft Missouri quotable at $4 80.

Cotton.

Spots firm at 11½c for middling, with an active demand, sales footing up 3,782 bales. New York quiet at 11 15-16c, but futures closed at 2@5 points. Liverpool spots up 1-16d and arrivals ⅛@¼d better. New Orleans firm at 11¾c. Galveston steady at 11¾c.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6 9 16d; Orleans 6 11-16d; sales 10,000 bales. Futures closed very strong; November 6¾d; November and December 6¾d; December and January 6 11-16; January and February 6 23-32; February and March 6¾d; March and April 6 25 32; April and May 6 27-32d; May and June 6¾d; June and July ——; July and August ——.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed steady. Nov. 11.94; Dec. 11.85; Jan. 12.16; Feb. 12.35; March 12.55; April 12.70; May 12.82; June 12.92; July 13.01; Aug. 13.10; Sept. 12.44. Sales 199,000 bales.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery Choice 36@37; fancy 38@40; seconds at best dairy rates; Dairy—Choice 32@33; fancy 34@35; medium to prime 25@29; fair 18@22; low grade 13@16.

CHEESE—We quote full cream 13½@14½; part skim 9@12; hard skim 3@7.

EGGS—Firm at 30c for choice marks; 28 for unknown and doubtful brands.

POULTRY—Quote: dressed turkeys 6@8c ₩ lb; chickens $1@2; ducks $2 00@3 00, and geese $3 00@4 ₩ doz.

GAME—Selected stock only: Woodcock $5; pheasant $6; duck mixed $1; teal 1 25@1 50; mallard $1 75@2 00; grouse $4 50, top for undrawn; plover 50@75; squirrel $60; venison 5@7 ₩ lb for carcasses; saddles 8@10 outside wrapped in skin; wild turkeys 6@7c ₩ lb snipe $1@1 25 rabbits $1 00@1 25; quail $1 75; brandt and wild geese 25@50 each; jack rabbits $2 50@4 per doz.

POTATOES—We quote choice: Northern 95c@$1 05 for mixed; $1 10@1 15 for rose and peerless; $1 15@1 20 for peachblow ₩ bu; Eastern rose $1 10@1 15; burbanks $1 17½@1 20; peerless $1 12½@1 15; Canada rose $1@1 05 per bu.

SWEET POTATOES—Yellow Nausemond $4, and red do and Bermuda $3 50 ₩ brl.

ONIONS—Choice Iowa 2@2 25 ₩ brl; $1@1 10 ₩ bu.; Easternyellow at $1 10@1 20 ₩ bu.

CABBAGE—Choice on orders $3 50@4 25 ₩ crate; Northern loose $15@20 ₩ 100.

CARROTS—On orders at $1 75@2 ₩ brl.

CELERY—25@50 ₩ dozen, top for fancy large.

HORSERADISH—Sells from first hands at $6@7 ₩ brl.

BEETS AND PARSNIPS—On orders at $3 ₩ brl.

TURNIPS—On orders $1 75 ₩ brl; 30@40 for loose ₩ bu.

RUTABAGAS—Loose 20@30c ₩ bu; $1 75 ₩ brl on orders.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—Selling at $1 75@1 80, but generally much lower.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable from store, Eastern Navy $3 50; California do $3 40; Eastern medium $3 35@3 45 ₩ bu.

APPLES—Pippin $2@2 50; Romanits $2@2 50; Michigan mixed $2 50@3 50; Baldwin $2 50@3 00; willow twig $3@3 50; winesap $3 25@3 75; greening $2 00@3 00; Ben Davis and bellflower $4@4 50 ₩ brl. Above quotations for choice only; small, scrubby and inferior much lower.

TROPICAL FRUITS Sales, repacked: Oranges $4 12 ₩ brl; lemons $3 50@5 50 ₩ box; Malaga grapes $8@10 ₩ brl. bananas on orders $2@3 ₩ bunch; cocoanuts $5@6c ₩ 1,000.

QUINCES—Choice $5 ₩ brl.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—On orders—Pears $3 75@4 50; grapes $6 50@7; quinces $2 75@3.

GRASS SEED—Timothy at $2 50@2 55 white millet 95c@$1 05; German do $1 30@1 40. Hungarian 65@75; red top 50@65; clover $5 10

CRANBERRIES—Western $5 50@7; Eastern $7 50@10 ₩ brl.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Peaches, 5¾@6c for mixed; 6¼@6½ for choice to fancy halves; apples 5¾@6 for dark; 6¾@7½ for fair to choice.

HEMP SEED—Worth $1 75 for prime native

FLAX SEED—Salable at $1 41@1 43 (latter east side) on basis of pure.

CASTOR BEANS—Salable at $1 70 for prime.

VEALS—6@6½c ₩ lb for choice small milk-fed; 2@4 for heretics.

SAUER KRAUT—On orders city $10@10 50 ₩ brl. halves $5@5 50; country nominal.

HONEY—Extracted 11¾@12½ in cans 9 in brls and bf brls; comb 18@20.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 90; coal oil $1 15; whisky 95@$1 05.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs Wrought $1 10, heavy cast 80; stove 60c; plows 80; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$16@17; Dry Buffalo $20.

RAGS—Country mixed 2@2.15; grass rope 2¾.

HOPS—New crop 31@32.

BROOMCORN—Sells at 4½@6¾.

POP CORN—3¼@3c, top rate for choice white

HAZELNUTS—Nominal at 2@2½ ₩ lb.

WALNUTS—Worth 45@50 per bu.

HICKORYNUTS—50 for large, 75 for small.

PEANUTS—Red 4@4½; white 5@5½.

PECANS—Western 8@9; Texas 9½@10½.

CHESTNUTS—10@14c ₩ lb.

WOOL—We quote: Tub washed—Fancy 39½; Choice 38½; dingy and low 35@37½; unwashed choice medium 24@25; fair medium 22@23; coarse and low grade 18@21; light fine 22@24; heavy do 16@20; burry, black and clotted 5@10 less; Southern burry 10@12.

FURS—Quotations nominal: Raccoon—No. 1 55, No. 2 40, No 3 20, No. 4 10. Skunk—Black 60, short stripe 40, narrow stripe 25, white stripe 10. Mink—No. 1 40, No. 2 30, No. 3 20, No. 4 10. Fox—Grey 60, red 75. Cat—Pole 5@10, wild 15@20, house 5@10. Otter 50c to $6. Bear $2 to $7. Beaver 50c to $1 75. Badger 20@25. Opossum 5@10. Fall muskrat 5@7.

HIDES—Quote: Green salted 9¼; damaged 7½; uncured ⅞; damaged do 6¼; bulls and stags 6¼; damaged 5½; green salted calf 13; damaged do 10½; No. 1 dry flint 16¼@17; No. 2 do 13¼@14; glue stock, dry 5, green 3.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 45@46, outside for small sks; unripe quilly 38@41; mixed 15@30. Tare 2 per cent on large, 10 on small sks.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: green shearings 10@40; pelts @80c according to amount of wool on them.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 60@1 90; Seneca 35@40; blue flag 4¼@5; blood roots 2@3¼; golden seal 6@7; snake 10@12; black 5@9; May apple 3; pink 12@15; Crawley 25; lady slippers 8@10; bitter-sweet bark 6.

BEESWAX—Prime at 19@20c.

DEERSKINS—We quote: No 1, 43@45; damp, meaty, etc., 30@35; green 18@20; green salted 12½@15.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2½@3¾; gray and brown mixed 2¾@3¾; brown and black 4@5; all black 4@5; machine-picked, on orders: XXXX—black 8½ to 9; XXX—black mixed 7¾ to 8; XX brown mixed 6½@7; X—gray mixed 6@5¾. Round lots shaded ¼ to 1c ₩ lb.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 36. Pork brls $1 10@1 12 del; lard tierces $1 35@1 40 del, lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 75; half-casks 85@$1; ham tierces, small 60; large 70. Whisky brls, iron-bound, 6 hoop, $140@1 60, 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

COOPERSTUFF—Shave hoops, country flour brl, $5 50; choice cooper shaved $7 25@7 50; pork brl $11@12; lard tierce do $12@14; casks $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8@8 50; elm $7 25@7 75. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5¾@6¾; hard do 6@6½. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22, casks $10 50@12; hhds $21@28; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28, green $18@20.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots: Jute bagging at 8¾ for 1¾ lbs, 9 for 1¾ lbs, 9¼ for 1¾ lbs, 9½ for 1⅞ lbs, 10 for 2 lbs. Hemp twine 14¾@15. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 60 ₩ bundle.

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed $90@100; prime undressed hemp $105@120; dressed hemp, $160@190; shorts $125@150; hackled tow $50@60 per ton.

RYE FLOUR—$6 00@6 25 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Choice Eastern jobbers $3 50; Western at $3 ₩ brl.

CORNMEAL—Sells on orders at $3 25@3 30 del; grits, hominy and pearl meal $3 25.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—Inferior and common dark lugs $5 00@5 50; fair to good do $5 75@6 25 common to good bright smoking lugs $6 00@8 00; inferior nondescript leaf $5 75@7 00; common dark leaf $6 50@7 50; medium do do $7 75@8 50; medium red leaf $8 75@9 00; good to fine $9 50@13. Burley—Common to fair lugs $5 50@7 00; good $7 50@8 00; common leaf, $9@12; medium do $13 00@15 00; good to fine do $18@30. Wrapping leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium do $15@18; medium bright $20@25; bright $30@40; fine bright $50@70. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds, sell at about 25@50c ₩ 100 lbs less.

LIVE STOCK.

The following indicates the movement for 48 hours ending 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments	
	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880.
Cattle.....	626	307	1,160	422
Hogs.....	5 741	6,556	3,615	2,900
Sheep.....	561	81	3,738	150

CATTLE—Receipts light and of common grades only. Of buyers, but few were seeking purchases, in consequence of which sellers experienced not a little trouble in effecting sales; yet the pens were cleared of the supply on hand. The prospects for the coming week as regards good native butcher and shipping steers only fair. Stock and feeding steers dull. Ruling quotations slow.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$6 15@6 50
Heavy shipping steers.....	5 75@6 10
Fair to good steers.....	5 25@5 65
Medium to choice butcher steers.....	3 25@4 50
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 25@5 50
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs.....	3 25@3 60
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950.....	2 25@2 75
Good to prime native cows and heifers.....	3 25@3 75
Common to fair native cows.....	2 25@2 75
Scalawags.....	1 50@2 25
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers.....	4 00@5 25
Grass Texans	2 25@4 25
Milch cows with calves	20 00@60 00

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
25	Southwest trash.....	697	$2 12½

HOGS—Buyers of packing and singers as well as butcher hogs were on hand and the light supply was all taken by noon, while prices on singers and butcher hogs remained steady. On packing they were somewhat easier, almost 5 cents per 100 lbs, and are quoted at $5 90@6 15. Singers $5 30@5 65. Choice heavy dull; butcher $6 30@6 40.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
56	307	$6 30	149	271	$6 20
78	259	5 60	60	269	6 25
13	176	5 35	60	210	6 10
18	186	5 30	155	258	6 12½
22	176	5 40	53	220	5 95
67	158	5 00	15	158	5 30
123	241	6 15	16	251	6 00
58	263	6 20	41	234	6 05
58	218	6 05	47	240	6 10
46	256	6 10	58	247	6 20
16	146	5 60	36	194	5 65

SHEEP—No demand worth speaking of. Supply scant. Values nominal.

Common to medium $3 00@3 25; fair to good $3 50@4 00; good to prime $4 10@4 40; fancy $4 50@4 75; stock sheep $2 00@2 75; Texan sheep $2 50@4 00.

Horses and Mules.

The demand light and altogether for good stock. Common stock dull.

HORSES.

Plugs.....	15@25
Common farm stock.....	30@50
Streeters.....	385@90
Streeters, extra.....	100@115
Heavy draft plugsy.....	80@90
Heavy draft, good.....	125@150
Heavy draft extra.....	160@200
Drivers.....	100@125
Drivers extra	150@175

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years old.....	$ 75@90
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old.....	90@100
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old.....	110@115
15½ hands, extra.....	125@140
16 to 16½ hands extra.....	160@200

14 to 14½ hand mules quick sale at above prices.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, November 26.—Flour—Receipts 18,000 barrels; sales 9,000; quiet and unchanged. Wheat ½@¾ higher and moderately active; sales 96,000 bu No. 2 red December $1 40¾@41⅝; 328,000 bu January $1 43⅞@44¾; 280,000 bu February 1 46¼@47; 40,000 March $1 48¾@48½. Corn ½@⅔ higher; moderately active; mixed Western spot 62@68; futures 68@73½; sales 470,000 bu. Oats about ½ better; Western 47@54; sales 120,000 bu, including No. 2 January 50¼. Rice quiet and steady. Pork strong and quiet; spot new mess $17 50. Lard opened .05@.07½ higher; afterwards weaker; steam-rendered 11.42½. Butter very firm and good inquiry; Western 12@40. Cheese steady at 3@12¾. Sugar dull and nominal. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Petroleum dull and nominal. Rice quiet and firm. Coffee dull and unsettled. Freights quiet and steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 56. Rosin quiet. Tallow steady. Eggs firm at 28.

BALT

THE THEATERS.

"Hazel Kirke" and "Fresh the American" Here Another Week.

The Salsbury Troubadours and Pat Rooney the Coming Attractions.

"Hazel Kirke" at the Olympic and "Michael Strogoff" at Pope's have done a large business during the week. "Fresh the American" has been only fairly received at the Grand Opera-house, and "Child of the State" has not drawn at all well at the People's. Next week some fun will be injected into the entertainments, as will be seen from the following announcements:

POPE'S.

The Salsbury Troubadours will begin an engagement at Pope's Theater Monday night in "The Brook," and playing their new piece, "The Fawn of the Glen; or, the Civilized Indian," the last two nights. The Troubadours are the same in personnel as when seen here before, and the leading spirit is, of course, the sprightly and effervescent Nellie McHenry. N. C. Salsbury and John Webster are the leading male performers. The two pieces will be prettily put on the stage. "Michael Strogoff" will be played to-morrow night.

PEOPLE'S.

At the People's Theater Harry Miner's Pat Rooney Combination will appear Sunday night, giving an extensive and popular variety entertainment. The combination is made up of a large number of first-class specialty artists, foremost among whom is the Irish comedian who gives his name to the organization. The show has been well-spoken of everywhere, and the management of the People's promises that its patrons will be well-pleased with next week's bill.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

John Raymond will remain at this house next week again, playing "Fresh the American" until Friday, when "Colonel Sellers" will be put on and remain on for the Saturday matinee and Saturday evening performance. "The World" is booked for Sunday, December 4.

OLYMPIC.

That purest and best of all domestic dramas, "Hazel Kirke," will be continued as the attraction at this theater next week. The Madison Square Theater company is meeting with great success in this play. A German company will hold the boards to-morrow night.

NOTES.

A statue to Bellini and another to Verdi have been inaugurated in Milan.

Mrs. Billington, the well-known English actress, fell and broke her arm on the 2d inst.

The recent report that Henry Wertheimer had suicided in Paris was without foundation.

Mollie Maeder Steele has begun a suit for divorce from her husband, Lev. Steele, of Cincinnati.

Dominick Murray and Annie Ward Tiffany have joined the stock company of the Standard Theater in Brooklyn.

It is said to be probable that Miss May Davenport will soon become a member of the Madison Square Theater Company.

It is now rumored that Pollini, the director of the Hamburg Stadt-Theater, is to be the manager of the new opera-house in New York.

M. Maubant, of the Comedie Francaise, has been appointed professor of declamation in the Paris Conservatoire, to succeed M. Regnier.

Miss Mary Anderson denies the report that she is shortly to wed a Mr. Theodore Carleton of St. Louis, and says she is wedded to her art alone.

The city of Paris prize this year will be for the best "symphony" with soli and chorus. Scores, by Frenchmen only, have to be delivered by December 27.

A. R. Cazauran has just sold a new five-act comedy to J. S. Clark, which will be played in the Haymarket Theater, London. The price paid was $3,000.

There is some talk of playing in Paris "Whittington and His Cat," an operetta written by Offenbach specially for London, where it was played in 1874.

Boucicault's "Mimi," produced last week at the Court Theater, London, is called by the critics a weak play, given by a strong cast, and a brief run is predicted for it.

The first appearance of the Gerster Opera Company, under Max Strakosch's management, will be at Baltimore on the 28th inst. in "Linda," with the prima donna in the title role.

Emile Zola will not offer his drama "Renee" to the Comedie Francaise this winter; he is probably waiting till Mlle. Sarah Bernhardt shall have completed her wanderings.

It is said that Miss Fanny Davenport proposes to go to England next season to pass two years playing in London and the provinces and that she may come back via Australia.

During his tour in England and America next season, Salvini proposes playing "Moses," a drama which he purchased many years ago of Ipolite d'Aste, the author of "Samson."

Manager Abbey has signified his intention of fulfilling the contract for Mme. Patti's appearance with the Festival Association's chorus of Cincinnati at Christmas time, in "The Messiah."

Victor Hugo's "Quatre Vingt Treize," dramatized by Paul Maurice, is being rehearsed at the Paris Gaite. Dumaine, Talien, Paulin Menier, Clement Just and Mme. Marie Laurent will be in the cast.

"Esmeralda" has become an established success at the Madison Square Theater, and bids fair to experience a run of equal length with the other long-lived successes which have been produced at this house.

The hope is still held out that Wallack's new theater in New York may be ready for opening in the second week of December, but the indications are that the event will be delayed considerably beyond that time.

The management of the Eighth Street Theater, Philadelphia, proposes playing Miss Henrietta Vaders in the same roles and on the same nights as Miss Mary Anderson, during the latter's engagement in the Quaker city.

Mlle. Marie Van Zandt is filling the Opera Comique, Paris, nightly by her singing in the title role of "Dinorah," the shadow dance song being interrupted frequently in its pauses by the enthusiastic applause of the audiences.

A London dispatch says Mrs. Scott-Siddons has in a great measure retrieved her reputation by her impersonation of Rosalind in "As You Like It," at the Haymarket, which is as great a success as "Queen and Cardinal" was a failure.

The Dramatic Times says that Augustin Daly is negotiating with owners of the property corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street to build him a theater, and D'Oyley Carte's agents are reckoning with the owners of the corner below.

It is rare that avoirdupois has so much to do with the merits of a vocal artist as in the role of Lady Jane, but applicants for this part in "Patience" companies often find a weigher's certificate convenient documentary evidence of their fitness.

"Love and Liberty," the new play written by Hon. Lewis Wingfield for John McCullough, will be brought out during the latter's engagement at the Fifth Avenue Theater in New York. The piece is founded on incidents in the life of Jack Cade.

James O'Neill's five years contract with J. M. Hill is "off," in spite of the fact that the latter had made dates for him for 20 weeks of a starring tour next season. E. J. Buckley is now playing O'Neill's part of Joe Thatcher in "Deacon Crankett."

"Le Voyage d'Agrement," by MM. Gondinet and Bisson, which had been played at the Paris Vaudeville for the 100th night when it was succeeded by Sardou's new play "Odette," will be brought out at the Criterion in London by Charles Wyndham.

Mrs. Worms, wife of the talented societaire of the Comedie Francaise, is dead of consumption. Under her maiden name of Angele Bremond, she was a long time known as an excellent actress. Her last engagement was at the Paris Gymnase in "Bebe."

Mme. Patti appears to have taken all reasonable precautions before coming to America, as she not only made her will, but stipulated that her body must be interred in the park at her residence in Wales. Her horoscope gives her three husbands, it is said.

Mr. Herrmann Merivale, the author of "Forget-Me-Not," has written a play for Miss Ada Cavendish, whose reappearance on the London stage will be made this month in "Plot and Passion" at the Haymarket. Mr. Merivale's play will be produced at a later time.

News comes all the way from London that Miss Genevieve Ward and Mr. William Farren, Jr., of her company are shortly to play "La Pluie et le Beau Temps" in French in St. Louis and New Orleans, there being, says the Era, "a great number of French residents in each city."

"The Bronze Horse," which has run over 100 nights at the London Alhambra, was transferred to Her Majesty's Theater on the 12th inst. A new version of "La Biche au Bois," under the well-worn title of "The Black Crook," will be brought out at the Alhambra on December 3.

Mme. Gerster has in her possession the grand decoration of the Red Cross, given her by the Empress of the Russias, and she has also the distinction of having been the only prima donna that has appeared as court singer before Emperor of Germany, having appeared at the Imperial Palace in eight different concerts.

The Washington Post retires Miss Annie Louise Cary from the stage in the following graceful fashion: "She has already retired from the operatic stage, and now takes leave, in the full richness of her vocal powers, of audiences from whom she is always sure of a hearty welcome." It is to be hoped that this is not official.

There seems to be considerable interest awakened in the promised performances of "Œdipus Tyrannus." Two Philadelphia managers have made offers for the piece, a theatrical speculator has offered to take the risk of a trip through the New England States, and applications for dates have come from all points—all, says the Transcript, with a proviso that Mr. Riddle's part shall be played in Greek.

A correspondent writing from Stockholm says of Emma Thursby: "She told me that she was delighted with the Swedes and Norwegians, and that she proposed to visit Sweden and Norway hereafter every summer. The King, who had the good fortune to hear her and to make her acquaintance at Stockholm, assured her in what, she tells me, was a very pleasant interview, between compliments which her native modesty forbade her to repeat, that she would always be welcome in any and all parts of his dominions."

The London World says of the great conductors of the Continent: Hans Richter is not only a great conductor, but he has qualities—e. g., his special knowledge of nearly every instrument, his classical experience and his extraordinary memory—which you can find in no other man to the same degree. Yet it is not correct to call him the greatest living conductor. In Vienna Director Jahn passes for having more nuances, a more refined and a less Taktstock way of leading. Seidl, the conductor of the Wagner operas at Her Majesty's in May next, is such a conductor that Richard Wagner said of him: "Now I know that Seidl is going to lead my compositions, I can lie down quietly and die, trusting my work to his hands as safely as to my own."

IS YOUR NUMBER HERE?

Drawing of the Prizes in the Good Shepherd Convent Distribution.

The Sisters of the Good Shepherd, whose noble life work has rescued many a straying woman in this community from the broad road to perdition, and whose charity is recognized as one of the most worthy in the Catholic Church, are at last able to announce that the long-expected prize drawing for the benefit of the convent has been accomplished. The tickets were drawn on Tuesday evening in the presence of Mr. Brislin, Mr. Hart and Mr. McEnnis, with the following results: First prizes—No. 1, 791; 2, 3,596; 3, 2,225; 4, 3,262; 5, 1,056. Second prizes—No. 1, 1,928; 2, 3,837; 3, 1,576; 4, 1,499; 5, 1,027; 6, 572; 7, 3,623; 8, 2,062; 9, 2,444; 10, 4,114. Third prizes—No. 1, 26; 2, 2,583; 3, 1,832; 4, 1,320; 5, 1,926; 6, 798; 7, 3,928; 8, 1,021; 9, 3,125; 10, 3,428. Regular prizes—No. 1, 3,133; 2, 2,775; 3, 3,647; 4, 909; 5, 251; 6, 3,465; 7, 3,583; 8, 1,599; 9, 3,135; 10, 1,445; 11, 3,215; 12, 820; 13, 2,974; 14, 2,233; 15, 2,474; 16, 3,192; 17, 2,346; 18, 2,476; 19, 3,121; 20, 663; 21, 1,284; 22, 3,346; 23, 3,206; 24, 3,063; 25, 1,574; 26, 1,544; 27, 4,051; 28, 3,047; 29, 1,937; 30, 3,039; 31, 2,206; 32, 2,731; 33, 614; 34, 400; 35, 3,257; 36, 1,975; 37, 3,228; 38, 2,806; 39, 3,537; 40, 3,176; 41, 401; 42, 3,258; 43, 2,574; 44, 2,687; 45, 2,817; 46, 2,735; 47, 3,815; 48, 547; 49, 1,289; 50, 1,059; 51, 1,881; 52, 3,148; 53, 4,090; 54, 2,093; 55, 838; 56, 1,497; 57, 48; 58, 3,434; 59, 1,175; 60, 1,155; 61, 3,431; 62, 506; 63, 294; 64, 1,927; 65, 665; 66, 498; 67, 3,352; 68, 1,178; 69, 1,580; 70, 3,797; 71, 1,642; 72, 2,113; 73, 1,447; 74, 155; 75, 2,267.

Mufflers, Mufflers, Mufflers.

We have an immense stock of silk and cashmere mufflers, from 50c to $7. Protect your throat against these cold winds by getting a muffler at the GOLDEN EAGLE, Fifth and Pine.

Complimentary to Paul Boyton.

A few of the friends of the plucky Celtic-American, Capt. Paul Boyton, entertained the backsliding navigator with a little dinner at the Elk Club last evening. It was a sort of *finale* to the Captain's career as a long-distance swimmer. The gentlemen present were very agreeably entertained by Mr. Boyton's account of his adventures during his two-months' swim from the Upper Yellowstone to the city of St. Louis. Capt. Boyton is a close observer and an excellent conversationalist. He has the power of describing the scenes in which he participates and his extensive travels and narrow escapes afford him an inexhaustible fund upon which to draw for the delectation of after-dinner wine-sippers. The *menu* for the dinner last evening was unique. It was gotten up with especial reference to the occasion and was beautifully executed by the well known artistic printer, Charley Ware. We append it:

POTAGE.
Missouri River Water, a la Boyton.
POISSON.
Man Fish, baked.
ENTREE.
Roast Quail, a la Nageur.
RELEVE.
Tenderloin of Beef aux Avirons.
GIBIER.
India Rubber Ducks
with Life Preservers.
LEGUMES.
Torpedo Potatoes, Blue Light Turnips,
Snag Onions, Floating Peas,
Drifting Tomatoes.
HORS D'ŒUVRES.
Chicken Salad with
Caoutchouc Dressing.
DESSERT.
Peruvian Pudding, Sauce Chilien,
Mississippi Water Glace, Float.
COFFEE.

KIDNEY and urinary trouble is universal, and the only safe and sure cure is Hop Bitters—rely on it.

NOT A BASTILE.

How Some Noted Prisoners Escaped From the Four Courts.

A Defective Lot of Windows, Walls, Bars, Cells and Deputy Sheriffs.

Yesterday two artisans, under the supervision of Mr. Beatty, Superintendent of Public Buildings, began work on the Four Courts building, which should have been done ten years ago. The occasion which called up the necessity of the completion of the work, which was paid for over twelve years ago, was the escape of Frank Fone from one of the ante-rooms of the Court of Criminal Correction. In February, 1872 the Four Courts building was turned over by the contractors as ready for occupation and was pronounced a modern improved Bastile where the most ingenious Jack Sheppards could be imprisoned without fear of their escape. It was supposed to combine all the excellencies of the prisons of the world for safety, ventilation and light. In the first and most important of these requisite qualities for a prison, according to the Christian idea of such an institution, the Bastile of the Future Great has been found sadly wanting. The prisoners were transferred from the old Chestnut Street Jail, which stood on the present site of the Laclede Hotel, in February, 1872. In the following August artisans were putting the finishing touches on the Temple of Justice. Among the prisoners confined was Walter Stann, who had "worked" the overcoat "racket" in the old Merchants' Exchange, libraries and public resorts with great success, but was finally caught by Detective O'Neil and put in the present jail to await trial. On August 20 he was turned out on the floor for exercise. Before leaving his cell he built a dummy with an old suit of clothes and pair of boots and placed it on his cot. When the whistle was blown for the prisoners to go to their cells, he ran to the back of the rotunda and nimbly climbed up to the top of the third tier. The guard locked each cell, counting the occupants as he turned the key. The "dummy" counted for one and Stann rested quietly on the top of his cell. When all was quiet he stole along the scaffolds until he reached the skylight and the roof. In the darkness he could go no further, so he remained on the roof until daylight, when he jumped to the low roofs on the east side of the jail yard and dropped over the wall a free man. O'Neil ran him in with a stolen coat on his back a few weeks later. This convinced the officials that the jail was not what it was supposed to be.

In 1873 all the residences on Compton Hill were burglarized, and Brocky McLean was finally arrested for the many jobs. An officer was then obliged to stop every pedestrian of unusual hours and search and question him. To evade this difficulty Brocky would enter a house, take all the jewelry he could find and deposit it in the closet, which he managed to visit during the day and remove the property. Pat Curry was his cell partner for committing a dastardly outrage at Tenth and Chestnut streets—the exact spot on which Dr. Goodell, of Pilgrim Congregational Church, was garroted and the alleged robbery of the young man Flagg took place. One was under sentence of five years in the pen and the other seven years. They took the leg of their cell bed and with it removed the grating from the ventilator in the floor. Stripping themselves and tying their clothes in bundles, they started out through this exit and escaped, drawing their parcels after them and dressing in the engine-room. Curry was never heard from. Brocky's head was blown off while he was engaged in a burglary in a residence at Davenport, Iowa.

About 3 a. m., February 5, 1875, the next jail-break occurred. Pete McCartney, one of the most expert counterfeiters alive, George Rankin, Joseph Rittenhouse, Mike Regis, Jimmy Hull and John Banont, a shrewd Italian burglar, spoke their valedictory to the jail. While a guard named Meyers was making his rounds, McCartney's cell door suddenly flew open. The guard was bound and gagged and thrown into the cell. The other five prisoners were released with the keys, and six escaped. McCartney is now in the Michigan City penitentiary, and he has since said that it cost him "$10,000 to beat St. Louis, and $3,500 to beat Cincinnati," from where he escaped a few months previous. A prisoner confined for some minor offense and employed as a trusty was sent to the kitchen to assist in furnishing dinner. While making one of the trips he quietly laid down his tray and walked out of the City Contractor's office.

In 1877 a prisoner walked out of the laundry and made his escape.

Two prisoners took their departure in 1878 by climbing over the grating separating the floor from the outside hall. Here they worked quietly at a thin portion of the wall, near where Pete McCartney and his five associates made a temporary door. This was tried a dozen times and the prisoners were stopped each time.

The most daring escape probably ever made from a prison was made by a man named Paddy Ryan, who was confined on a charge of burglary. Extending from the top of the third tier of cells to a point under the skylight in the center and top of the roof is a narrow iron girder. While the other prisoners were exercising Ryan stole up to the top of the highest cell forty feet above the stone jail-yard, and almost in the sight of armed guards he ran along the narrow girder at the risk of losing his balance and falling to the ground, where he would be dashed to pieces. He gained the roof and escaped.

A negro made a less dangerous but just as successful escape from the Jailer's cellar, whither he was sent by Mr. Conway to chop wood. He left via a coal-hole in the sidewalk.

October 23, 1880, Wm. Chambers escaped through the laundry when he was working.

November 24 following John Casey, alias Cunningham, Thos. Reicher and Jerry O'Brien pried off the bars from the First District Police Court dock with a bench and escaped. Cunningham managed a successful break at the Second District Police Court only a few weeks before.

On Sunday afternoon, while the religious exercises of the Y. M. C. A. were going on in the jail, Dan. Morrison and Ed. Higgins, wanted for highway robbery, fired off the top of the ventilator in their cell and escaped through the air-pipes into the engine-room, just as two others did ten years ago.

A few weeks ago Frank Fone and John Shea walked out of jail without handcuffs, but in charge of a Deputy Sheriff. They mingled in the crowd on the way to the Court of Criminal Correction and escaped. Shea killed Officer Doran on the night of the same day and both prisoners were rearrested. Fone a few days ago crawled out of an unprotected skylight in a closet next to the prisoners' dock.

Two prisoners were confined in the dock of the Criminal Court one day when one of the cases was nolle pros'ed against a colored man. The white man who was in the cell with him was released. When the next case was called and the discharged defendant answered, the mistake was discovered.

Knights of Father Mathew.

St. Patrick's Council met on last Monday evening with Stephen M. Ryan, Deputy Chief Sir Knight, presiding, John A. Spelman recording proceedings. Mr. Michael A. Walsh was initiated a new member and two applications for membership were received and referred. The next meeting of this council will be held on Monday, December 5, at which time the S. C. S. K., Rev. P. F. O'Reilly, and Supreme Council will attend in a body. Singing, reciting, declaiming, etc., will be the order of the evening. St. John's Council will give an entertainment and hop on December 28, at St. John's School Hall, Fifteenth and Clark avenue.

St. Mary and Joseph's Council, of Carondelet, met at the Franklin Hall on last Wednesday evening, Chief Sir Knight T. McLaughlin presiding, James T. Roach, recorder. Two new members were initiated and James Crane and Jeremiah Shea were proposed for membership. The bonds of the financial recorder and banker were received and filed. A committee of three was appointed to select a hall suitable for the establishing of a library and reading-room. At the next meeting a military council will be formed, and the S. C. S. K., Rev. P. F. O'Reilly, will attend, with other members of the Supreme Council.

St. Teresa's Military Council is booming. A meeting of the members will be held next week.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Retail Prices of All Supplies that Cheer the Inner Man.

During the year St. Louis housekeepers have either a plentiful supply of fish and flesh and a scarcity of vegetables, a liberal allowance of vegetables and a small variety of flesh, or a moderate quantity of each, with the changing of the season. Just now there is an abundance of game and meats and few vegetables to be had in the markets.

The vegetables in season and their prices are as follows: Turnips, 35c per peck; potatoes, $1 35 per bushel; onions, $1 50 per bushels; parsnips, six bunches for 25c; celery, 50 to 60c per bunch; carrots, 30c per peck; cranberries 15c per quart; butter beans 15 and 20c per quart; spinach, 60c per bushel; apples, $1 40 per bushel; horse radish, 12½c each.

Beef is 15 to 18c per pound; pork, 12½; veal, 15 to 18; mutton, 12½; corn beef 12½c.

Best creamery butter is worth 40c per pound; best dairy, 30c; cooking butter, 22½. Eggs, 35c per doz.

Oysters are selling for 25c per can, and the best for 50c, with intermediate qualities at intermediate prices.

Judy quotes the following game prices: Turkey, 12½c per pound; chickens, 20c to 30c each, dressed; duck, 25c to 35c each; quail, $2 50 per doz.; prairie chickens, $1 per pair; pheasants, $1 25 per pair; woodcock, $1 25 per pair; canvas back ducks, $4 per pair; snipe, $2 per doz.; mallard duck, 50c. per pair; teal duck, 40c. per pair; venison, 15 to 25c. per pound; rabbits, 15c. each.

Gloves! Gloves! Gloves!

Don't go around with your hands freezing when you can get a dogskin fur-top lined glove for $1 25; cloth gloves at 50c; castor, silk, plush-lined at $1 25, and kid plush-lined mitts at $1 50.

GOLDEN EAGLE, Fifth and Pine.

CITY NEWS.

The elephant "Duchess" has been placed in her winter quarters at the Zoological Garden. The building is heated by steam.

Cora Little, a young colored girl, was nearly burned to death yesterday morning while washing before the fire. Her clothing ignited.

Mayor Ewing, at the request of pensioners here, has written a letter to President Arthur urging the retention of the pension office in St. Louis.

Father Hughes, S. J., lectured in the post-graduate course at St. Louis University last night upon "Conscicusness and Reflection." The metaphysical theme was ably handled.

The Directors of the Merchants' Exchange are considering the transfer of option trading deposits to a bank, relieving the Secretary of a large amount of work, and facilitating the business of margining up.

A circular has been issued by Manager Hoxie announcing the abolition of the Iron Mountain express business. The wagons, teams and safes, etc., have been purchased by the Pacific Express Company.

At the Board of Health meeting yesterday the City Counselor's opinion was read to the effect that no authority is vested in the board to compel the attendance of witnesses or to administer oaths. The dairy ordinance is valid, says the city's adviser.

W. Evans, school teacher of Florissant, discovered at the Wabash crossing of the Narrow Gauge road yesterday the dead body of James Flood, Sr., of Bridgeton, a well known farmer, who had frozen to death after a Thanksgiving indulgence.

Chas. Woese, a well known costumer, committed suicide last night. After preparing a list of costumes to be furnished for a German play at Pope's he handed it to a girl, and then took a dose of strychnine. He was subject to spells of melancholia and became depressed because his ambition to become a comedian was not gratified.

Judge Laughlin testified yesterday afternoon before a notary in the Finney damage suit against the grand jury. He was examined touching his charge to the grand jury with reference to investigation of gambling matters. He confessed that the criminal law of this State was incomprehensible to him, but he defined at length the duties and responsibilities of grand juries.

The first message sent over the new Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Line yesterday was from the St. Louis superintendent of construction to the vice-president and general manager at Baltimore, reading thus: "We have the pleasure of informing you of the consummation of the union of Baltimore and St. Louis by means of the wires of this company, notwithstanding that fussy old dame, the Western Union, has never ceased to forbid the banns."

The semi-annual meeting of the Ladies' Bethel Aid Society was held yesterday at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. Mrs. Skinner, the missionary, condemned the system of throwing dead bodies of paupers into pine boxes and rattling them off for burial without any religious service or feeling of humanity about it. A mothers' tea and a musical and literary entertainment are to be arranged by the ladies connected with the Bethel movement.

James A. Broadhead and J. K. Lionberger have been directed by the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank scrip-holders to take proceedings at once for foreclosing the deeds of trust given by Mrs. B. M. Chambers, Mrs. Margaret Smith and Mrs. Hudson for the security of creditors.

President M. H. Donnell, of the Mississippi River Improvement Convention, has appointed the following committee to organize and carry out the work planned by the convention: E. O. Stanard, St. Louis, Chairman; Eugene Underwood, Louisville; S. F. Covington, Cincinnati; J. F. Stockdale, Pittsburg; Nathan Cole, St. Louis; Wm. P. Halliday, Cairo, Ill.; C. C. Sturtevant, Minneapolis, Minn.; Michael McEnnis, St. Louis, Mo.; Edward T. Jones, Nashville, Tenn.; Wm. Crooks, St. Paul, Minn.; James Craig, St. Joseph, Mo.; Duncan F. Kenner, New Orleans; Geo. H. French, Davenport, Ia.; Wm. F. Phelps, Winona, Minn.; E. P. Baker, Topeka, Kas.; H. G. Clark, Omaha, Neb.; R. J. Starens, Madison, Ind.; H. F. Simrall, Vicksburg, Miss.; Chas. A. Zollinger, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Logan H. Root, Little Rock, and Alex. Campbell, West Virginia.

A Remarkable Offer.

During the next fifteen days call on your Druggist or Fancy Dealer and he will let you have Dr. Scott's beautiful Electric Hair Brush on trial. Follow directions, and if it fails to cure Headaches and Neuralgia (in a few minutes), or even falling hair and baldness, return it to him in good condition and he will refund the price. On the same terms try Dr. Scott's Electric Flesh Brush for Rheumatism, Malarial Pains, Bad Circulation, etc. It imparts a beautiful clear skin.

Frank Paule.

Formerly with W. A. Shea, under the Laclede Hotel, has formed a copartnership with J. H. Martindale, at their new store, southeast corner of Eighth and Pine, with a fine stock of Merchant Tailoring Goods.

MARTINDALE & PAULE, Drapers and Tailors, 722 Pine.

THE PERILS OF PLAYWRIGHTS.

How a Comedian Played a Practical Joke on a Dramatist and a Manager.

At 7 o'clock last Tuesday morning a tall, gawky, angular-looking young man in a suit of smutty and wrinkled gray, under a battered slouch hat with a bandit curl to its wide brim, stood at the door of room No. 460, Southern Hotel. He had a big bundle under his arm, and seemed tired, as indeed he was, for he had climbed four pairs of stairs and walked the lower hall-ways from one end to the other looking for the room which he had now found. He knocked kindly at first, but got no answer; knocked again with the same result, and again and again. The fifth time somebody said "Come in," and the young man twisted the knob and in a moment was standing at the bedside of Mr. Oscar E. Bernard, the business manager of the "Hazel Kirke" company. Bernard was still in bed and very sleepy.

"I've got a play I want to read to you," said the young man, shifting the bundle he had under his arm down into his hands, where Mr. Bernard could see it.

"A what?" the manager exclaimed, rising hurriedly upon his elbow and looking out through drowsy eyelids at a pile of foolscap manuscript big enough to fill a French cyclopedia.

"A play," was the visitor's answer, in a quiet, unalarmed tone.

"Is that it?" Bernard asked, as he eyed the package of manuscript with astonishment.

"Yes, sir. These are only 439 pages."

"Oh, is that all? How many characters, scenes and acts and how long do you think it would play?" asked the manager, trying to be as sarcastic as possible.

"There are forty-seven characters in the dramatis personæ," the playwright answered, nothing daunted, "nine acts, and it might take three hours or more to play it through."

"How many people get killed in it?"

"Only thirteen."

"Oh, pshaw!" said the manager, "go and kill off thirty more of 'em and then you will have a play worth talking about. You've got to kill somebody off every five minutes to make it stick. You needn't leave any more of them alive than just enough to group into a happy tableau at the end of the last act."

"I don't think I can do it," said the playwright.

"Oh, yes, you can," the manager insisted. "Just try it once; and here, take this pass and go and see 'Hazel Kirke' to-night. It plays only until 11 o'clock, and we don't think it quite long enough. If you could tone your play down so that we might use it for a kind of prologue or something of that sort it would be better."

The young man took the pass and departed. He was the queerest dramatist the country and century have produced, except possibly A. C. Gunter. He was fully six feet high, large and sharp-featured, with a light like lunacy dazzling in his black eyes and across his sallow face. His hands were large and his feet big, and as he ambled along the hotel hall he looked like an over-grown plow-boy who had suddenly and mysteriously turned a book-peddler. Besides all this he seemed very hungry.

Early the next morning he was at Bernard's bed-side again. He had seen "Hazel Kirke," and thought over the manager's advice, but had not made the changes suggested because he was of the opinion now more than ever that the play would suit Mr. Bernard. Would the manager allow him to read it out to him? Its title was "Love and the Grave." The manager said he might leave the manuscript to be looked over during the day, but the dramatist said he preferred to read it so that none of the good points would be lost. Then the manager told him to call again. He called again early Thursday morning. The manager was still too busy and too sleepy to hear the play. The dramatist said he hated to part from his manuscript; he had been five years writing the play, but he liked Mr. Bernard and would leave it with him for twenty-four hours. The manager suggested that there was a possibility of the play being lost if the hotel were to take fire, but the young man answered that he had ascertained that the hotel was fire-proof, and he was willing to take the chances. He went away leaving the voluminous manuscript in the manager's possession. Of course Bernard didn't read it, but when the dramatist returned Friday morning he told him it was very good, and if the dramatist cared he could give him a letter to the manager of a Chinese theater in San Francisco, who would be glad to purchase and produce such a play. The dramatist hoisted his manuscript under his arm, said he was sorry the Madison Square people couldn't use it and went out hungrier-looking and more awkward than ever. Bernard hoped that was the last of him.

But it was not. While Bernard was in John T. Raymond's room yesterday afternoon a knock was heard at the door and in walked the dramatist. He did not recognize Mr. Bernard, but told Raymond in piteous tones that the man he (Raymond) had recommended him to would not allow him to read the play, and didn't want it. A light flashed upon Bernard. Raymond laughed heartily. Bernard did not laugh. It was one of the comedian's practical jokes. He had sent the Illinois dramatist to the "Hazel Kirke" manager with positive instructions to insist upon reading the Chinese play to him. After the comedian had had his laugh, he pulled a nickel with a hole in it out of his pocket, and, turning to the playwright, said:

"I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll match you for the play. If I win I take the manuscript. If you win you take the nickel."

The dramatist was disgusted. He said all he wanted was money enough to get back to Springfield, Ill., where he edited a daily paper. If he had that he would be happy. Bernard and Raymond each gave him a $5 bill and sent him on his way rejoicing.

Take Care of Yourself.

If you don't have good, warm underclothing to protect you against these sudden changes of weather you may take a cold that will last you all winter. We can give you a good, warm suit for $1, an elegant suit of red flannel all wool for $3 50.

GOLDEN EAGLE, Fifth and Pine.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Capt. Thomas Gelder, of the Black Hawk war, died at Virden, Ill., on Friday.

A negro named Richard James was hung at Marion Court-house, S. C., Friday, for the murder of James Horrel.

A cowboy named Frank Coon killed a cowboy from Texas, in a Sidney (Nebraska) saloon on Thanksgiving night.

Jos. Harris was executed at Rogersville, Tenn., on Friday. Harris butchered two men in bed and then robbed them.

Sang Armer, colored, was hung in Taliaferro county, Ga., Friday. Armer murdered an old white man, Amos Ellington, in April.

Henry Johnson, a mulatto, convicted of the murder of John Davis, at Lynchburg, S. C., last February, was executed Friday morning.

It is rumored that Jas. G. Hill, supervising architect of the Treasury, is to be removed, and W. G. Steinmetz, of Brooklyn, appointed.

Robt. M. Tavwell, a farmer living near Cairo, Ga., killed Adam Seigler, a negro, on Thanksgiving Day, for assaulting his little daughter.

In the Municipal election at Dublin, Friday, the Land League candidates were defeated in 4 out of 6 contested wards. The Liberals gained one seat.

Mrs. Garfield has placed the literary estate of her husband in the hands of Col. A. F. Rockwell, charging him with its care, preservation and disposition.

The wife and 3-year-old daughter of M. Clewis were murdered at Thomasville, Ga., on Thanksgiving Day, and the house robbed in the absence of Mr. Clewis.

The last game of the regular series in the New York tournament, played Friday night, resulted as follows: Schaefer 200, Sexton 172. This gives Schaefer second prize.

Dr. John H. Stevens, Stonewall Jackson's principal surgeon, was found dead in his office Friday night. He was a Virginian, but had lived at Dallas, Tex., since the war.

Mrs. Hitchcock, accused of assisting Dr. Bole to poison her husband two years ago, was found guilty of murder in the first degree at Canton, Tex., and was sentenced to ninety-nine years in the penitentiary.

John Sinclair, a citizen of Pope county, was aroused by loud knocking, Tuesday night, and three armed men entered and searched the house. Sinclair had a large amount of money, but the thieves failed to find it.

John Smith, the convict, who escaped from the Missouri Penitentiary Wednesday, was recaptured Friday morning, at a farm-house in the suburbs. He had no clothes but an undershirt, and claimed he had been robbed.

EDUCATIONAL.

ART SCHOOL—Fifth and Olive, removed to Temple building Fifth and Walnut. L. Coldewe Artist.

EDWIN L. McDOWELL, ELOCUTIONIST. Foster's School, Sixteenth and Pine. Write for circular.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MARTIN'S Short-hand Institute, 1306 Clark avenue. Trial week free. Get circulars.

ST. LOUIS SCHOOL OF ORATORY, 210 N. Third st. I. N. Beers, principal. Write for circular. Open day and night.

BOOKS.

FRANK M. CAYTON'S NEW RIVER DIRECTORY is now for sale at two dollars per copy. They can be had at St. Louis Book and News Company, at New New Orleans Pilots' Rooms, or at 2243 Scott avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
819 Walnut st., Office bet. 8th and 9th.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court [City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1881.
Tuesday, November 22, 1881.
Charles J. Devlin
vs.
James P. Devlin et al.

Now at this day, it appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant James T. Devlin is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant James P. Devlin be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree in partition of the following described property, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to wit:

Lot number two of the Sulphur Spring tract, a subdivision made by David W. Graham in survey number 2037, said lot containing ten acres, more or less, beginning at a stake on the north side of the Manchester road and running eighty-seven and a half degrees east thirteen chains and fifty links to a stake, thence south eighty-three degrees east eight chains and thirty links, thence south eight and one-half degrees west eleven chains and three links to road, thence along said road south eighty-one and one-fourth degrees west eight chains and sixty-eight links to the place of beginning, and bounded east by Crapster, west by Temler, south by the Manchester road and north by the north line of said subdivision, and being the same lot acquired by said Chas. Devlin of John M. Vanzandt by deed dated February 19, 1852 and recorded in book D, page 451, Recorder's office, in the city of St. Louis.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 28th day of November, 1881.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Leander J. Smith, att'y. 70Z

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1881.
Monday, November 21, 1881.
Solomon Green
vs.
Betsy Green.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition duly verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by his attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that the defendant has offered plaintiff such indignities as to render his condition intolerable, and has without any just reason or excuse on her part abandoned said plaintiff.

And unless she be and appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 21st day of November, 1881.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
77Z

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF Fred Koelling.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of said estate, and that he will, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 3d, 4th and 5th days of January, 1882, at the office of A. Frank & Sons, on the northeast corner of Fifth and Washington avenue, in the city of St. Louis, proceed publicly to allow, and adjust all demands against said estate.

A. L. ROHLFING, Assignee.
St. Louis, M

DOWN AMONG THE DEAD MEN.

Judge West's Explorations in the Tombs of the Mound-Builders.

A Search Among the Vanishing Relics of a Vanished Race.

Judge E. R. West, who has made the voyage down the Missouri River on the Kansas City Times' archæological expedition, is still in the city preparing and tabulating the results of his exploration. The Judge made the whole trip in a skiff, much of the time alone, and, as the demands of the inquiry required, he was obliged to make frequent trips into the country on both sides of the stream. The trip was a most romantic one, made just in the time of year when the primeval forests which line the banks of the mighty stream are in all the glorious panoply of the turning leaf. The Judge has been at work on archæological research for many years past, not alone in Missouri, but in Kansas also, but this expedition is the most important one which he has yet attempted. The country round about Kansas City teems with antiquities dating back to a time long prior to the modern Indian occupation of the Missouri Valley. A great deal of study has been done upon the remains of the Mound-builders about Jackson county, and Judge West's trip is a continuation of the work begun there. He set out on the 5th of October, and has been necessarily over six weeks en route. From the first he has been extremely successful, but his story is best told in his own words. "From the beginning to the end of my trip," he remarked while chatting with a POST-DISPATCH reporter upon the subject, "I found that this country teemed with relics of a bygone people. The immediate bottom land on both banks of the river is especially rich with remains, and one of the most singular points cleared up by my exploration is that the river itself is a sharply marked dividing line between two tribes of the same mound-building race."

"How do you make that out?"

"By the character of the mounds. North of the river the mounds are nearly all provided with a stone chamber in the center, and while there are a great many specimens of weapons—arrow-heads and spear-heads and flint-knives—there is very little pottery; only enough, in short, to make it evident that the people lived at the same time as the tribe on the south bank of the river. The pottery in the northern mounds seems to be the result of spoils taken from the other side of the river. On the south side the mounds are different entirely in character. When opened they are seen to have no chamber or tunnel, but simply the traces of ashes, broken pottery in considerable profusion, animal remains and stone implements. Now these differences must have a meaning, which I take to be this. The Missouri Valley all the way across the State was inhabited before the days of the modern Indians with a race of mound-builders divided into hostile tribes with diverging customs and religion by the river itself. Of the two the southern race was the more highly civilized, more populous and probably more warlike, but the differences were not very strongly marked."

"You were speaking about the ruined city near Miami, in Saline county. I wish you would describe it more closely."

"It is very large. I suppose the densest part of the Mound-builder population of the Valley was in Saline county, from the great number of mines. This city consists of hundreds of mounds, or, more properly, thousands, dotting the landscape in every direction over a great number of farms, through a region about two miles square. The mounds are not large, but they are distinct. Of course, they will not long survive the attack being made on them by the farmers. Around this city earthworks had been thrown up of great massiveness and strength. The Mound-builder, of course, had no Vauban to point out the nice points of fortification, but one can see at a glance how every natural stronghold of the ground has been taken advantage of and added to the chain. Entrenched in such works, an aboriginal army must have been able to repulse any attack of an enemy armed with no heavier artillery than arrows and clumsy javelins."

"And now about the pictured rocks?"

"They are really worth a trip to see. The figures are on the face of a bald bluff—a cliff in fact of a species of trap rock. Of course they are weather-beaten, and evidently of great antiquity, but on some of the figures the red paint is almost as fresh looking as the day it was first applied."

"What are the figures?"

"Well, it is a sort of picture writing akin to that in vogue among the modern Indians. The figures are few and are all of life size. There are three human sketches and a number of animals, including the buffalo, the elk, the panther and so forth. Of course you understand the pictures are cut into rock and then colored afterward."

"What do you suppose the writing is meant to convey."

"I think it is in honor either of a god or a hero. The men are dressed in a way which the modern Indians never used, one of their queerest and most significant ornaments being the use of crowns on the heads of the figures, well marked. The faces are not in profile, but turned to the spectator, and considering the circumstances and conditions the work is very creditable. It is rough, of course, but artistic."

"Did you find any perfect skulls there?"

"I didn't get one perfect one, although I found a great many well preserved skeletons. Those Mound, builders must have been fine specimens of the human race. Of two skeletons we found side by side in a condition to measure, one was seven feet two, the other six feet four. The skeletons, especially the skulls, have given way to the hand of time, however, and crumble on exposure to the air very rapidly."

Judge West is hard at work upon his final report of the trip, which will be issued in a short time in the Kansas City Times.

THOUSANDS of women have been entirely cured of the most stubborn cases of female weakness by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

School Board Notes.

The School Board Building Committee met last evening and devoted the session to the janitors, new structures and heating apparatus. Quite a number of changes were made in the force of janitors, some of whom were dropped; others had their salaries arranged on a new basis. A flurry was caused in the committee by Mr. Bozley's statement that the glaziers employed by Glenny Brothers to do the glazing of the schools had been forging orders for glass. The boiler heating apparatus plans for the Garfield and Wayman Crow schools were approved.

English examinations for German-English teachers and for colored teachers were held at the board rooms yesterday.

JOHN MCGINNESS says: Dr. Benson, I will pray for you as long as I live, because you took pity on me when I was sick and in the hospital, and sent me two boxes of your Celery and Chamomile Pills, and they cured me of Sciatica, Neuralgia and Nervous weakness.

Fine Cakes and Candies.

Try L. Mohr's Coffee Cakes, Cream Rolls, Chocolate and Cream Puffs, and a large assortment of other kinds. Fresh Caramels every day. 1424 Chouteau avenue.

POND'S EXTRACT,

The Standard Family Medicine

FOR NEARLY

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THE SUMMER REMEDY

FOR

SUNBURNS, SORES, WOUNDS, 'N-SHOT, HEMORRHAGES, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SUMMER CATARRH, INFLAMMATIONS, PILES, BRUISES, INSECT BITES AND FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It is the only remedy that can be relied upon as a family medicine to eradicate these diseases, and the only one indorsed by the ablest physicians, among whom are

Dr. Sumner, Dr. Herring, Dr. Freeman, Dr. Hall,
Dr. Lowder, Dr. Bernard, Dr. Cheverton, F. C. S., Dr. Okie,
Dr. Preston. Dr. Maberly, M. R. C. S., Dr. Guiness, F. R. C. S., Dr. Payne

CAUTION.

POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated, and the words "POND'S EXTRACT" attached to bottles not of our own manufacture. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass of every bottle, and our buff trade-mark wrapper surrounding it. Insist upon having the genuine. POND'S EXTRACT IS NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

Prices of Pond's Extract, Toilet Articles and Specialties:

POND'S EXTRACT.....50c, $1 and $1 75
TOILET CREAM, for Rough Skin, cooling and delicious.....$1 00
DENTIFRICE, for the Teeth and Gums.....50
LIP SALVE, for Chapped and Rough Lips.....25
TOILET SOAP (3 cakes), per box.....50
OINTMENT, for Piles, Burns, Sores, etc.....50
CATARRH REMEDY, Specific for Catarrh.....75
PLASTER, for Lumbago, etc.....25
INHALER, for Lung and Throat Diseases, by mail.....50
NASAL SYRINGE, for Cold in the Head, etc., by mail.....25
FAMILY SYRINGE, Best in Use.....1 00
MEDICATED PAPER, 1,000 Sheets.....25

Our New Pamphlet, with History of our Preparations, sent FREE on application to the

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,

14 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET, NEW YORK.

GLENN'S

SULPHUR SOAP

CAUTION!—See that you get the above bearing on the packet which encloses each cake, as this famous remedy has been counterfeited.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop., N.Y.

THE LEADING EXTERNAL SPECIFIC FOR

SKIN DISEASES

A Beautifier of the Complexion.

It renders the Cuticle Healthful, Clear, and Smooth, and is the best possible substitute for expensive Sulphur Baths. It will heal Ulcers and Sores.

Persons employing it have no need to resort to Sulphur Springs for bathing purposes.

It is a desirable DISINFECTANT of CLOTHING or BED LINEN, and a capital remedy and preventive of Obnoxious or Contagious Diseases. It is also valuable as an injection.

As an adjunct of the TOILET, it is far more desirable than any cosmetics.

TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and BLOTCHES yield to its influence; and it is the very best soap to shave with, leaving the skin smooth. It also ERADICATES DANDRUFF. The article is endorsed by the Medical fraternity.

PRICES:
25 cts. a Cake
A FOR WITH
3 Cakes 75 c.
Sent by Mail Prepaid.

All respectable Druggists, Fancy Goods Dealers and Grocers keep on hand GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, and will on demand for it supply the genuine

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FAMOUS REMEDIES.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, for Coughs and all Lung Diseases.
HAIR REVIVUM, for Restoring Gray Hair to Original Color (Unequaled), 50 Cents
PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS, which Cure in One Minute, 25 Cents.
HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE (Instantaneous), 50 Cents.
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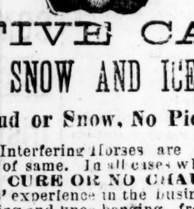
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SHOP NO. 1,
Ard General Warerooms, 106 S. Tenth St.
SHOP NO. 3,
Jefferson Avenue and Gravois Road.

SHOP NO. 2,
Cass Ave., bet. Glasgow and Garrison
SHOP NO. 4,
Channing Avenue and Locust Street.

THE CELEBRATED



Winter Steel Goodenough Shoe

OF FIVE CALKS.

THE MOST PERFECT SNOW AND ICE SHOE EVER USED.

No Balling of Mud or Snow, No Picking up Stones.

Horse owners with Lame or Interfering Horses are especially requested to call and examine my mode and treatment of same. In all cases where lameness is caused through improper shoeing I guarantee a **CURE OR NO CHARGE.** My Excelsior Interfering Shoe, (the product of thirty years' experience in the business), which prevents all slipping or twisting of the foot, ankle cutting and knee banging, from the mechanical fact that the horse is made to land squarely upon the ground, and to spring straight and true from the ground, thereby avoiding all wabbling and shifting that cause interference with the other limb. To the public in the western part of the city, I refer them to my Shops Nos. 2, 3 and 4, as above stated, under the able management of first-class mechanics, who have made the foot of the horse a study. Parties desiring to see me personally will find me at the anvils, Shop No. 1, 106 South Tenth street.

Being sole agent in the West for the Goodenough Shoe and system, will supply the trade with Shoes, Nails and Rasps at Manufacturers' prices. Orders to be addressed to

ED. BUTLER,

106 South Tenth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

PURE OLIVE OILS
For Table Use.
The Best Stock in the City of
Fine Liquors and Wines
of our own importation, including SHERRIES, PORTS, CLARETS, fine Old BRANDIES, GINS and WHISKIES at Wholesale Prices.
FRENCH SOAPS and PERFUMES and TOILET ARTICLES of Every Description.

MELLIER'S

RETAIL

DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION

DEPARTMENT,

711 WASHINGTON AVE.

Only the Purest and Freshest Drugs used in compounding, and, on account of LARGER TRADE and Paying No Wholesale Profit,

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

ANDREW F. BROWN,

UNDERTAKER.

BOARDING, SALE & LIVERY STABLE
Nos. 101 to 107 S. Eleventh St.,
CORNER OF WALNUT.

I am now prepared to deal with my friends and the public on the most reasonable terms, and respectfully invite their attention. The best quality of metallic and wooden caskets constantly on hand.

PROFESSIONAL.

PHYSICIAN AND ASTROLOGER, a graduate of both sciences, great prophet, interpreter and reader of planets, who understands the science of the Persian Astrologers and Magi. He has no equal in telling past, present and future, curing diseases, causing speedy marriages, bringing the separated together, giving good luck, removing evil influences, family troubles, drinking, etc. His powers are unequaled; foretells your very thoughts, gives perfect satisfaction, which is proved by thousands who daily and eagerly visit him. Send five three-cent stamps for Guide. DR. ALLEON, 910 N. Tenth street, St. Louis.

Important to Grocers, Packers, Hucksters, and the General Public.

THE KING FORTUNE-MAKER.

OZONE

A New Process for Preserving all Perishable Articles, Animal and Vegetable, from Fermentation and Putrefaction, Retaining their Odor and Flavor.

"OZONE—Purified air, active state of oxygen."—*Webster.*

There is nothing on the face of the earth liable to decay or spoil which Ozone, the new Preservative, will not preserve for all time in a perfectly fresh and palatable condition.

This Preservative is not a liquid, pickle, or any of the old and exploded processes, but is simply and purely OZONE, as produced and applied by an entirely new process. Ozone is the antiseptic principle of every substance, and possesses the power to preserve animal and vegetable structures from decay.

The value of Ozone as a natural preserver has been known to our able chemists for years, but until now no means of producing it in a practical, inexpensive and simple manner have been discovered.

Microscopic observations prove that decay is due to the septic matter or minute germs that develop and feed upon animal and vegetable structures. Ozone, applied by the Prentiss method, seizes and destroys these germs at once, and thus preserves. At our offices in Cincinnati can be seen almost every article that can be thought of preserved by this process, and every visitor is welcome to come in, taste, smell, take away with him and test in every way the merits of Ozone as a preservative. We will also preserve free of charge any article that is brought or sent prepaid to us, and return it to the sender for him to keep and test.

FRESH MEATS, such as beef, mutton, veal, pork, poultry, game, fish, etc., preserved by this method can be shipped to Europe, subject to atmospheric changes and return to this country in a state of perfect preservation.

EGGS can be treated at a cost of less than one dollar a thousand dozen, and be kept in an ordinary room six months or more, thoroughly preserved; the yolk held in its normal condition, and the eggs as fresh and perfect as on the day they were treated, and will sell as strictly "choice." The advantage in preserving eggs is readily seen; there are seasons when they can be bought for 8 or 10 cents a dozen, and by holding them, can be sold for an advance of one hundred to three hundred per cent. One man, with this method, can preserve 5,000 dozen a day.

FRUITS may be permitted to ripen in their native climate, and can be transported to any part of the world. The juice expressed from fruits can be held for an indefinite period without fermentation—hence the great value of this process for producing a temperance beverage. Cider can be held perfectly sweet for any length of time.

VEGETABLES can be kept for an indefinite period in their natural condition, retaining their odor and flavor, treated in their original packages, at a small expense. All grains, flour, meal, etc., are held in their normal condition.

BUTTER, after being treated by this process, will not become rancid.

Dead human bodies, treated before decomposition sets in, can be held in a natural condition for weeks, without puncturing the skin or mutilating the body in any way. Hence the great value of Ozone to undertakers.

There is no change in the slightest particular in the appearance of any article thus preserved, and no trace of any foreign or unnatural odor or taste.

The process is so simple that a child can operate it as well and as successfully as a man. There is no expensive apparatus or machinery required.

A room filled with different articles, such as eggs, meat, fish, etc., can be treated at one time, without additional trouble or expense.

In fact, there is nothing that Ozone will not preserve. Think of everything you can that is liable to sour, decay or spoil, and then remember that we guarantee that Ozone will preserve it in exactly the condition you want it for any length of time. If you will remember this, it will save asking questions as to whether Ozone will preserve this or that article—it will preserve anything and everything you can think of.

There is not a township in the United States in which a live man cannot make any amount of money, from $1,000 to $10,000 a year, and in cases. We desire to get a live man interested in each county in the United States in whose hands we can place this Preservative and, through him, secure the business which every county ought to produce.

A FORTUNE Awaits Any Man Who Secures Control of OZONE in any Township or County.

A. C. Bowen, Marion, Ohio, has cleared $2,000 in two months. $2 for a test package was his first investment.

Woods Brothers, Lebanon, Warren county, Ohio, made $6,000 on eggs purchased in August and sold November 1. $2 for a test package was their first investment.

F. K. Raymond, Morristown, Belmont county, Ohio, is clearing $2,000 a month in handling and selling Ozone. $2 for a test package was his first investment.

D. F. Webber, Charlotte, Eaton county, Mich., has cleared $1,000 a month since August. $2 for a test package was his first investment.

J. B. Gaylord, 80 La Salle st., Chicago, is preserving eggs, fruit, etc., for the commission men of Chicago, charging 15c per dozen for eggs, and other articles in proportion. He is preserving 5,000 dozen eggs per day, and on his business is making $3,000 a month clear. $2 for a test package was his first investment.

The Cincinnati Feed Company, 108 West Seventh street, is making $5,000 a month in handling brewers' malt, preserving and shipping it as feed to all parts of the country. Malt unpreserved sours in twenty-four hours. Preserved by Ozone, it keeps perfectly sweet for months.

These are instances which we have asked the privilege of publishing. There are scores of others. Write to any of the above parties and get the evidence direct.

Now, to prove the absolute truth of everything we have said in this paper, we propose to place in your hands the means of proving for yourself that we have not claimed half enough. To any person who doubts any of these statements, and who is interested sufficiently to make the trip, we will pay all traveling and hotel expenses for a visit to this city, if we fail to prove any statement that we have made.

How to Secure a Fortune With Ozone.

A test package of Ozone, containing a sufficient quantity to preserve one thousand dozen eggs, or other articles in proportion, will be sent to any applicant on receipt of $2. This package will enable the applicant to pursue any other tests and experiments he desires, and thus satisfy himself as to the extraordinary merits of Ozone as a Preservative. After having us satisfied himself, and had time to look the field over to determine what he wishes to do in the future—whether to sell the article to others, or to confine it to his own use, or any other line of policy which is best suited to him and to his township or county—we will enter into an arrangement with him that will make a fortune for him and give us good profits. We will give exclusive township or county privileges to the first responsible applicant who orders a test package and desires to conduct the business in his locality. **The man who secures control of Ozone for any special territory will enjoy a monopoly which will surely enrich him.**

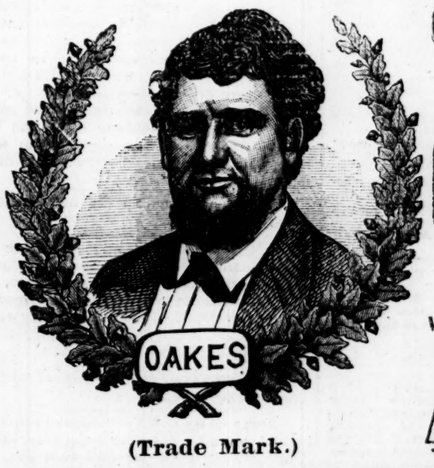
Don't let a day pass until you have ordered a Test Package, and if you desire to secure an exclusive privilege we assure you that delay may deprive you of it, for the applications come in to us by scores every mail—many by telegraph. "First come first served" is our rule.

If you do not care to send money in advance for the test package we will send it C. O. D., but this will put you to the expense of charges for return of money. Our $2,000 to $10,000 a year.

Give your full address in every letter, and send your letter to

PRENTISS PRESERVING CO. (Limited)

S. E. Cor. Ninth and Race Sts., Cincinnati, O.



(Trade Mark.)

ONLY GENUINE

PETER

OAKES

CANDY.

Wholesale and Retail. See Portrait in the window.

412 Olive Steert.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE,

NORTHWEST COR. FIFTH AND OLIVE STS.

PURE MEDICINES, FINE PERFUMERY,
Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.
ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.
Prescriptions Accurately Prepared by Competent Apothecaries under the supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER,

Graduate Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

"THE LIFE OF THE FLESH IS IN THE BLOOD."

Maguire's Quinine and Iron Cordial.

Pleasant to the taste. Vitalizes, purifies and enriches the blood, acts gently as a tonic, nourishes diseased spinal nerves, acts as a brain tonic, invigorates the whole system, allays nervous irritability caused by over brainwork, mental anxiety and loss of rest, produces appetite and healthy digestion, stimulates nerve power. If your brain is overworked, your nerves unstrung, and you suffer from nervous or general debility, and feel a want of vigor or vitality, try this Great Remedy and it will soon restore you to health and strength. Sold by A. HARLESS & CO., Druggists, S. W. Corner of Fifth and Market Streets.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS GAS LIGHT COMPANY,
MI OLIVE STREET ST LOUIS, MO.,
November 19 1881.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of four (4) directors to serve for the ensuing two years will be held at the office of the company in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, December 5, 1881, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.

By order of the Board of Directors.

R. J. LACKLAND, President.
GEORGE M. PASCHALL, Secretary.

NOTICE OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders of the St. Louis Heat and Power Furnishing Company will be held at the office of the Shickle, Harrison & Howard Iron Company, on the southwest corner of Twelfth and Papin streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Wednesday, the 18th day of January, 1882, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon and ending at three o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and that the object of said meeting is to act upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said corporation from twenty-five thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN W. HARRISON,
FREDERICK SHICKLE,
THOMAS HOWARD,
Directors of the St. Louis Heat and Power Furnishing Company.
St. Louis, November 12, 1881.

NOTICE.—Office St. Louis Gas Light Company, St Louis November 23, 1881.—The Board of Directors of the St. Louis Gas Light Company has this day declared a dividend of fifteen (15) dollars for shares payable to all who shall appear of record on the books of the company as stockholders on the 10th day of December 1881. Such dividend will be paid on and after the 15th day of December, 1881. The transfer books shall, by order of the Board, be closed from the 9th to the 12th day of December, 1881.

GEO. M. PASCHALL, Secretary.

NOTICE—In pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri approved May 14, 1879, entitled "An act concerning the publication of judicial notices in cities having more than one hundred thousand inhabitants," the undersigned Judges of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis hereby give notice that on Monday, the 5th day of December, A. D. 1881, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of said day, they will be in attendance in Court-room No. 8, at the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of receiving sealed proposals from the daily newspapers published in said city for the publication of all advertisements, judicial notices and orders of publication required by law to be made. Parties desiring to furnish such proposals are further notified that each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of $10,000, with good and sufficient security, conditioned that the principal therein will correctly and faithfully publish in the newspaper specified all said advertisements, notices and orders in manner and form as required by law and according to the schedule of rates named in said proposals. Said proposals must each be accompanied by a sworn statement, made by the publisher of the paper in whose behalf the proposal is made, showing the bona fide daily circulation of such paper to be over three thousand copies; and no proposal will be considered in behalf of any newspaper unless it have a bona fide daily circulation of at least three thousand copies.

Parties will be required to state in their bids the rate per line for each insertion, such line estimated at 32 ems agate type. The right to reject all or any of the proposals made for the reason that said bids are not sufficiently definite or specific, or that the same are unreasonably high, is hereby reserved.

ELMER B. ADAMS,
WM. H. HOERR,
WILBUR F. BOLLE,
JAMES J. LILLEY,
AMOS M. THAYER.
St. Louis, November 19, 1881.

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carondelet Gaslight Company for the election of seven (7) directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at their office, No. 7605 South Main street, Carondelet, now St. Louis, on Monday, December 5, 1881, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. By order of the Board of Directors.

JNO. R. LIONBERGER, President.
HENRY C. SCOTT, Secretary.

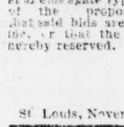
NOTARIES PUBLIC

List of Those That Have Qualified Under the Law of 1881.

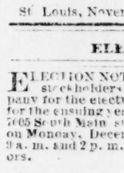
Crawford, W. L., U. S. Circuit Court's Office, Post Office Building.
Dyer, Truston P., Notary and Attorney at Law, [illegible].
Jones M. B., 213 N. Eighth, room 7.
Kammerer, L. G., 111 N. Fifth street.
Lackland, Joseph, 413 N. Third, room 3.
Newman, H. A., Room 10, Temple Building.
O'Neill, John J., 609 Locust; res. Kosota & Shenandoah.
Pfeil, L. D., 817 Pine street.
Robertson, Julius, 316 Olive, residence [illegible].
Stevenson, A. G., 700 Pine; res. 7[illegible] Missouri.

$1000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated or Protruding Piles that Dooling's Pile Remedy fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. MILLER, M. D., 915 Arch st., Phila., Pa. None genuine without his signature. Sold by druggists. $1 100



BATHS, ELECTRIC SULPHUR and every other bath. Baths made and administered under the direction of Dr. J. P. THOMAS, Proprietor.



M. J. DARCEL,

MANUFACTURER of the Lessmann's Water-proof Wood Premium Wigs and Toupees. All kinds of hair work made to order in the best manner at lowest prices. Ladies' Hairdressing, Shampooing and Children's hair cutting at No. 102 S. Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel. [Method of Measuring the Head for Wigs.]

ASTHMA Quickly and Permanently

Dr. Sinson's Asthma Remedy is unequaled as a positive Alterative and Cure for Asthma and Dyspepsia, CURED and all their attendant evils. It does not merely afford temporary relief, but is a permanent cure. Mrs. B. F. Lee, of Belmore, O., says of it: "I am surprised at the speedy effects of your remedy. It is the first medicine in six years that has loosened my cough and made expectoration easy. I now sleep all night without coughing." If your druggist does not keep it, send for trial size and testimonials to H. F. K. PECK & CO., 853 Broadway, New York.

S. S. S.

Cures Scrofula, Mercurial Poison, and Syphilis, whether primary, secondary or tertiary. The greatest Blood Purifier in the world—Eradicates every taint.

S. S. S. cured a laborer of mine of Syphilis in a few months who had been treated for five years by physicians without benefit.

D. M. HUGHES, Jeffersonville, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga., Props. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Price reduced to $1 75 per bottle. Small size $1.

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo.

DR. WOOD,

213 N. SEVENTH ST.—30 years practical experience. Cures private diseases, no matter how serious or long standing, in less time and for less money than any other physician in the city.

Every case guaranteed.

Hours 8 to 8 daily, 9 to 12 Sundays. Call or write.

Anthracite Coal.

Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Blossburg and Piedmont Blacksmith Coals.

J. J. SYLVESTER, Agt.,
416 Olive Street.

10 Lbs. Clarified Sugar, $1.
9 lbs Granulated Sugar, $1.
Teas and Coffees 10 per cent lower than can be bought elsewhere.
ST. LOUIS TEA CO.,
106 North Fifth street.

SADDLE ROCK OYSTERS, Little Neck Clams, Clam Chowder, also Meats, Fish and Game, served to order at MILFORD'S, 114 N. Fifth. Separate dining-room for ladies.

Benton Bellefontaine
RAILWAY
Is Now the Best Equipped Horse Railroad in the World.

- The road bed is what is known in Europe as "heavy ballast," which prevents any jostling of the rail.
- The rails are steel, heavy, firm, and as smooth as glass, which guarantees speed, comfort and safety to passengers.
- To reach any locality in the north and northwestern portions of St. Louis, take the Red Cars on Washington Avenue.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE most delicate and lasting of odors, Pozzoni's White Rose, Stephanotis and Knight Templar Perfume Depot, Sixth street, under Lindell Hotel.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE.

In St. Louis at Boston Prices—No Extra Charge for Freight.

Absolutely the most attractive stock of artistic furniture we have ever shown for bed-rooms, dining-rooms, parlors; holiday goods and wedding presents, in brass, mahogany, ebony, maple, walnut and cocobola wood.

GUERNSEY, JONES & CO.,
500 North Fourth street.

What Eminent Physicians Say.

Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF (remember the name, Colden's, and take no other) is particularly useful in diphtheria, ague, malarial, typhoid fever and every depressing disease. We have prescribed it with excellent success. J. H. Leslie, M. D.; G. P. Copp, M. D.; S. B. Parsons, M. D., all of St. Louis.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
312 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8.

A DELICACY. Whole Ox Tongue canned by the St. Louis Beef Canning Company.

S. CORBETT & SON have Corticelli Silk.

The Bryant and Stratton College,

Corner Fifth and Market sts., qualifies young ladies and gentlemen as telegraph operators and for business. Open day and night.

HENRY GILBERT keeps Corticelli Spool Silk.

A Traveled Missionary.

Rev. James Paterson, from Scotland, is in our city for a few days. He has been traveling for the last two and a half years in the Northwestern Provinces of Canada, Montana, Colorado, Florida and Cuba, and visiting many interesting places in Mexico. Previous to his visit to our shores his travels have been most extensive. They have been through all the Australian colonies—through the greater part of India and Burman. It has been his privilege to visit the wonderful ruins of Nineveh and Babylon, seldom visited by ministers. He has journeyed from Jerusalem to Constantinople and across Russia from the Black Sea to the White. The British Association in 1876, in Glasgow, heard him give an account of his journey from the Gulf of Bothnia to the White Sea. People are glad to welcome such men in our city, for they come with stores of information which they have had rare opportunities of gathering. It is to be hoped this traveled missionary will find opportunities for giving both his views of truth and his incidents of travel. He preaches to morrow morning at 11 o'clock in the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church.

J. R. WHEELER has Corticelli Silk.

The St Louis Provident Association.

The call upon us is becoming very urgent for the necessities of life among the helpless poor, and we call upon the collectors of our association to canvass their districts at once, and to secure the liberal gifts of the benevolent people to aid us in providing sustenance for the helpless poor of our city. It surprises us to find so many of this class sick and helpless. It will require considerably larger contributions than last year to do the same work on account of the high price of coal, flour, meal, etc., the main things to sustain life. We must be sure at once whether we have money enough to carry us through the winter, for we must not run into debt. Therefore, we call upon the generous and noble hearted citizens of the city and county to aid us liberally in this work and to do the best they can to help us, and accept most willingly the grateful thanks of your humble servant,

GEORGE PARTRIDGE,
President St. Louis Provident Association, 324 North Third street, room 3.

Do not be deceived, for remember that "Florence" is the only genuine knitting silk manufactured in America, and that "Corticelli" is *the* unequaled Spool Silk.

OPIUM AND MORPHINE.—Our new book, "The Morphine Eater," 200 pages, with instructions for home treatment, sent to all persons suffering from opium or morphine habit free. 414 North Seventh street.

DR. P. D. CORDELL.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

The old two-story brick dwelling at No. 3109 North Ninth street, that formerly cut off Ninth street, is to be remodled into a residence for Dr. Wm. C. Richardson.

The Twilight Social Club will meet to-night at North St. Louis Turner Hall for the election of new officers, and also to make arrangements for the club's first annual ball.

Through the energy of Detectives Lawler and Desmond another confidence man is behind the bars. His name is John W. Allison, and he hails from the city by the lake. Allison was arrested yesterday on a charge of being a confidence man, and when Detective Desmond was taking him to the Carr Street Police Station he threw away a puzzle or confidence knife. At the time of his arrest Allison was in company with two well known thugs. Allison was up before Judge Dennison this morning and was fined $300. The defendant offered to plead guilty if he could get a stay, but the court deemed to entertain the proposition.

HOP BITTERS does not exhaust and destroy, but restores, cures and makes new.

A. E. SKELLING has Corticelli Silk.

KING COAL.

The History of the Manipulation of Our Fuel Market.

$2,500,000 Tribute Paid to the Pooled Operators.

The condition of the St. Louis coal market is no better to-day than yesterday. There is a complete corner on fuel, and although there is coal enough in sight within twenty miles of St. Louis to supply the city for three years to come, there was not enough coal yesterday to supply the demand. So sudden was the demand that one car at the Union Depot was sold by the car-load for 25 cents a bushel, and small dealers throughout the town ran up prices, in some cases, as high as forty cents for a single bushel. This morning car loads are coming in freely and the situation is eased to a certain extent, but no one can tell how soon another flurry of consumption will strip the yards naked. Naturally the people of St. Louis, hearing so much of the great coal fields of Illinois are unable to understand why fuel should be so scarce, and a little review of the history of the coal troubles for the past year will not be out of place here.

The St. Louis Coal Exchange was formed by a number of operators who bound themselves to pool their interests and work for the maintenance of a "fair price" for coal. Each was obliged to put up a forfeit to secure the pool against any breach of faith, and the new organization got to work. It was found that the average daily consumption of coal was slightly less than 150,000 bushels a day, and the screws were at once applied to the production to bring it to a less point than that. The operators reasoned that the scarce fuel would bring high prices, and the only way to secure scarce fuel was to hamper production. A number of operators declined to join the pool, and it was seen that if their outcome was not diminished the attempt to forestall the St. Louis market would fail. A combination was then formed between the pool and the railroads running through the coal district by which the roads agreed to let coal into St. Louis only as the Coal Exchange might dictate. Whether the railroads agreed to give up the earnings they would have made by carrying in the full outcome of the Illinois mines out of a disinterested desire to make life lovely and pleasant for the pooled operators is a question which the non pooled men answer in the negative. It is asserted that the railroads have been sharers in the pool earnings. The supply was watched very closely. Slips were sent to each line telling the quota of coal which that road might bring in the next day, and these slips were made out by the Coal Exchange. If a road brought in more than its quota, it was obliged to even the supply by subtracting the excess from the next day's haul. Not alone did the pool dictate how much coal was to be hauled in for its own members, but for the operators not members of the syndicate, and the railways obeyed these orders. As a consequence, the trade gradually was shifted from the hands of the outsiders to the in. With a consumption of between 120,000 and 150,000 bushels a day the supply fluctuates between exactly the same limits. In fact the demand depends on the supply and has always exceeded it.

There are railway facilities and mines enough open and men idle and waiting for work in sufficient numbers to pour a million bushels of coal into St. Louis every day. If the conditions of production were not manipulated by the coal pool and the allied railway lines fuel would retail in St Louis at ten cents a bushel instead of fifteen. In other words the people of St. Louis, upon the fifty million bushels of coal burnt annually are paying the operators and the railroads $2,500,000 a year for their services in forestalling the market of the town. The market is chronically cornered and kept within an average of thirty-six hours of the supply. Any interference with the delicate and easily impeded machinery by which the outcome is controlled, a general strike among the miners or the railroad men, high water in East St. Louis, an accident to the bridge or any one of the unexpected things which might happen, would leave St. Louis without coal, for the margin on hand at nine o'clock this morning, for instance, would not last twenty-four hours. The consequence of a coal famine would not alone be the inconvenience in every house, but the stoppage of almost every wheel now going round in the city.

Labor is disorganized at the mines and in a condition which invites agitators to try for strikes. The men working at three cents a bushel can't make money enough to support themselves; they would sooner get two cents and work full time, and agitation is in progress for that result. But if they worked full time the coal supply would increase in the city, the prices would lower, and the grip of the pool be relaxed. It is asserted that the pool would sooner pay ten cents a bushel to the miner for working one-fourth time than one cent for full time. The consumer foots the bills in the end, anyhow.

COMMISSIONER CLARK.

Mr. Clark was met this morning and asked what the non-pooled men thought of the arguments advanced yesterday by Messrs. Donk and Sepp.

"Well," said he, "Donk says that no stock of coal is kept here because it deteriorates in the sheds, but you know that is simply bosh. I think Mr. Whitman's judgment is good as a practical engineer, and he compels the contractor to keep a stock of over 100,000 bushels in the sheds. If the coal deteriorated he wouldn't do it. The roaring mills keep nearly as much in the sheds; the Belcher Sugar Works have always three months' stock ahead; the Harrison Wire Works run a month ahead; the Helmbacher Forge runs over a month ahead. If the coal spoiled why would they do this? You must see that it is impossible. There is only one reason why the coal is kept down in the mines, and that is to keep up the price in St. Louis. Why, when Mr. Donk himself held the Water works contract he used every car in the pool to fill up the sheds in September, the last month of his contract. He got in an enormous stock of coal ahead of the new contractor, and it didn't spoil."

"What is new from the strike?"

"It has spent its force and is gradually lessening. There is of course trouble at the mines yet, but more men are going to work every day."

"How are the private houses of St. Louis supplied with coal?"

"Very scantily. I would venture to say that the majority of the people who usually lay in supplies of coal for the winter have not yet got their cellars filled. They couldn't buy in August because there was no coal to sell, and for the same reason they can not buy now."

WHAT THE MINERS SAY.

Half a dozen miners from the striking mines along the Vandalia road were in the city today, and after some trouble a POST-DISPATCH reporter succeeded in hunting them up. James Trask, who has been working off and on in the Confidence mines, the property of Mr. Seipp, acted as spokesman for the group. "Yes, we have struck," said he, because we couldn't make money enough to live on at three cents a bushel. The operators say that we can make two and a half and three dollars a day, but we can't do it. The most a man can do is dig a hundred bushels a day, by hard work and sticking at it from morning till night, and it takes a mighty good and lively man to do it then, but the most men dig sixty or seventy-five bushels a day, making between $1 80 to $2 00. Most of the miners are lucky if they make half time, which just runs the price down to 50 cents and $1 a day the month round. I tell you there is not a hundred miners in the district that makes over thirty dollars a month."

"Why don't you strike for more time, rather than for more money?"

"The men would sooner work more time, but there is no use in talking about it. The operators will never let those mines run at their full capacity—they would sooner pay us $2 a bushel on the outcrome than let us work any additional time. Those proceedings at Belleville let the miners understand how the cat was jumping. They have got the thing so fixed now that we make a bare half-starving living, and yet coal is shot up to a price it hasn't had for years."

"Are you going to re-establish the union?"

"If we can, we will. Something has got to be done for the miners of the Belleville district, for they've got the bag to hold the way things are now. The operators are making money and building rows of houses, but we see a ten-dollar bill maybe as often as once a month."

C. HEIM has a fine stock of Corticelli Spool Silk.

Not on the Menu.

While a well known Second street merchant was giving a swell dinner on Thanksgiving Day, a live coal dropped out of the grate and burned a hole in his fine Turkish rug, which he cannot replace at any price. Yesterday he called at the Simmons Hardware Company and left an order for fire guards to be placed on every grate.

S. BUCHANAN & CO. have just stocked up with Corticelli spool silk.

THE MILLERS' MUSS.

Several Suits Instituted for the Infringement of a Patent.

Suits for infringement of patent-right were filed this morning in the United States Circuit Court against some of the millers of this city which will lead to another case of protracted litigation and more trouble among the milling fraternity. The plaintiff is Lemuel W. Bignall, of Syracuse, N. Y., and the several milling firms of this city sued are Geo. P., Geo. J. and Geo. H. Plant, Theodore, Gustavus & Frederick Sessinghaus; Edwin O. Stanard, John W. Kaufman & John T. Branson; Henry Kalbfleisch; Christian Lange & Henry Kratz; John F. Tolle; James B. M. Kehlor and Duncan M. Kehlors, James B. M. Kehlor; George W. Updike, John C. M. Kehlor, Edwin O. Stanard and John W. Kaufmann. There are eight suits in all, having reference to eight milling establishments in which the parties are interested. The petitioner states in his bill of complaint that John Denchfield, of Oswego, N. Y., was The original inventor of a new improvement in cooling and drying meal not known to or used by others and which had not at the time of his application for a patent, April, 1858, been in public use or sale with his consent for more than two years prior to such application.

Letters patent were granted, No. 19,984, and such being defective by insufficient specification, they were surrendered and a new patent was issued January, 1872, No. 4,712. The Commissioner of Patents in April, 1872, made a certificate renewing and extending the letters for seven years from the expiration of the first term, viz.: until April 20, 1879, upon the ground shown that the patentee through no neglect of his own had failed to obtain reasonable remuneration for the time, ingenuity and expense bestowed upon it. In 1874 a number of millers in New York State were sued for infringement of the patent and its validity was contested, the millers settling up sundry foreign and American patents with the view of showing that the patent was without novelty. The case was heard in the United States Circuit Court of Northern New York, and Judge Johnson rendered a decision sustaining the validity of the Denchfield patent and the letters of reissue. A decree was likewise rendered, that the patentee recover of the millers the gains and profits made and the damages suffered by reason of the infringement. The damages were assessed against all these parties, and subsequently the Valled patent, a French process, was alleged as an anticipation of the Denchfield, but that fell through. The petitioner complains that the above-mentioned millers of St. Louis, without assignment or grant or license, put in use the Denchfield process of cooling and drying meal. An order upon defendants is prayed calling upon them to answer in court and state whether they belong to the Millers' Association and whether that association assumed the management of the defense of suits entered by the patentee against Thornton et al., Wilson et al., Elwood et al., Harvey et al. and other milling firms. The defendants are likewise called upon to give particulars of the process used in their respective establishments and an order of accounting of profits in the event of infringement is prayed for. The method is a suction fan connected by air spouts or trunks with curb or stone covering conveyor box or chest receiving meal from the stones, the fan sucking the air or dust from the curb or base to the fan. The case will be made returnable in January and it will engage the attention of millers throughout the country.

RYAN & KENNEDY, a live house, have a big stock of Corticelli Silk.

!!COAL OIL!!

!!A Card to the Public!!

In view of the recent developments in regard to the dangerous quality of coal oil sold by various parties in this city, I will hereafter personally test all oils sold at my store, No. 708 North Fifth street, and will guarantee all oils sold by me to be the fire test represented.

A. K. FASSETT,
Late Coal Oil Inspector.

The Foute-Bibb Wedding.

The marriage of Mr. Wm. H. Foute and Miss Bibb, of New Orleans, will take place this evening at the residence of Mr. L. S. Holden at Glendale. Mr. Foute is the son of Judge G. P. Foute, of Sherman, Texas, who is in town to witness the ceremony. He is well known in the city, having been principal of the Ashland School for some time. Miss Bibb is best known as an authoress. The marriage will be performed according to the ritual of the Episcopal Church, Rev. Dr. Scheetz, rector of Kirkwood Church, officiating.

AT Barr's Dry Goods Palace you can match any shade under the sun in the choicest of all spool silks, the unequaled Corticelli.

Immense Rush.

Yesterday the crowd was the largest of any day since the opening of the great bankrupt sale of three consolidated stocks of men's clothing at 210 North Fifth street. Time nearly up. Goods going fast. Only a few left of the following extraordinary bargains: Men's elegant beaver overcoats $4 45, guaranteed worth $14 or money returned; men's heavy cloth pants 95 cents, guaranteed worth $4 or money returned; a splendid suit of men's clothes $3 92, worth $12; men's fashionable hats 31 cents, guaranteed worth $1 50 or money returned; men's woolen jackets 71 cents, guaranteed worth $2; men's heavy undershirts 22 cents, worth $1; handkerchiefs 3 cents, and 10,000 different articles for men's wear at 210 North Fifth street, between Olive and Pine streets. Remember, time is nearly up when this great sale must close. Store open till 8 at night.

R. B. BULLOCK has all the new shades in Corticelli Spool Silk.

THE large and constantly increasing demand for Maguire's Quinine and Iron Cordial proves conclusively its great excellence, and we do not hesitate to assert that no remedy on this continent can compare with it for what it is intended. No one should fail to try it. See advertisement in another column.

CHAS. DEICHLER has just received 300 dozen Corticelli Spool Silk.

Large Sales and Very Small Profits.

Our sales in heavy winter underwear, both in white and scarlet, merino, all-wool and canton flannel, have been immense. Every customer who has examined our goods and gone out to look around and compare prices has come back and bought.

GOLDEN EAGLE,
Fifth and Pine.

H. DALLMEYER sells quantities of Corticelli Spool Silk.

Solid Comfort.

If you want a garment that is warm, comfortable, handy and dressy, go to the Golden Eagle and see those all-wool, hand knit regular make Cardigan Jackets at $2 50, and the fine Worsted Jackets at $3 50.

A FRANK & SONS job Corticelli Silk.

Sideboards.

We ask those about furnishing dining-rooms to inspect our immense variety of sideboards, extension tables and chairs in walnut and mahogany. Prices the very lowest.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

FLORENCE KNITTING SILK and Corticelli embroideries at Green & Cavanaugh's.

Buy no Holiday Present Without Seeing Dr Scott's beautiful Electric Hair and Flesh Brushes. *They always benefit the well*, and marvelously cure Headaches, Neuralgia, Dandruff, Falling Hair, Baldness, Rheumatism, etc. Price refunded if not as represented. At Drug and Fancy Stores.

AT Barr's, Florence knitting silk and Corticelli embroideries in all shades.

BURT & MEARS'
GENTS'
FINE SHOES

FROM $2 TO $2 50 Less a pair than you can buy them for Elsewhere. Compare Prices and Satisfy Yourself.

J. G. BRANDT,
504 and 506 Franklin Ave.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Richard J. Long, one of the newly-elected Justices of the Peace, will open his office the first Monday of next month. Mr. Long has entered into negotiations for the building at present occupied by 'Squire Graney and will temporarily hold court there till more commodious quarters are obtained.

Coroner Bader held an inquest on the body of Anton Bachman, who was found in the river last evening near Richardson's warehouse. A roll of money amounting to $375 and a chattel mortgage for $1,300 on a piece of property in Jackson county, Ia., were found upon his person. No new facts were developed at the inquest.

Thomas Fitzpatrick was fined $3 and costs a few days ago for vagrancy by 'Squire Bunyan. When the police furnished him with a hammer and placed him in charge of a rock pile, Fitzpatrick refused to work. The police then received orders to starve the prisoner into submission, but as yet have not succeeded. Fitzpatrick has not been furnished food since Thursday night and expresses a determination to furnish the Coroner with a case from starvation rather than do a criminal's work. A prominent attorney says that Fitzpatrick has a clear case against the city and can have the police authorities indicted.

PENSIEN & SCHWARTZ sell Corticelli Silk.

A. R. Donaldson & Co.,

302 N. FOURTH STREET.

Men's Winter Gloves in all the standard makes, together with many novelties for the season.

A. R. Donaldson & Co.,

302 N. FOURTH STREET.

Men's Winter Underwear and Hosiery in every variety from low-priced to extra fine.

A. R. Donaldson & Co.,

302 N. FOURTH STREET,

Will show you the finest line of men's Neckwear in the city.

A Mysterious Pow-Wow.

There is a large gathering of Federal officers in town, and their mysterious movements indicate that there is something on the tapis. Col Oliver, of Little Rock, stated that he was down here to attend a pow-wow, and that a wholesale change of Federal officers was among the objects of the gathering. The meeting will be held Monday at the Southern. When approached about the matter by a reporter, Col. Oliver became dumb as an oyster. All that he could be induced to say was that the meeting was entirely and absolutely private, and that its doings were of no interest to the public. Several United States officers are located at the various hotels, but they all refused to talk about the matter, declaring that the business was strictly private.

GRANT, CUNNINGHAM & CO.—Corticelli Spool Silk and Florence Knitting Silk.

Holiday Presents!

Combine useful with ornamental, and make your selections early from the many novelties in desks, easels, wall cabinets, brass and ebony goods, bric-a-brac, music portfolios and cabinets, foot-rests, patent rockers, Shaw reclining chairs, etc., etc.

You can not fail to find something in our stock to please you.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
402 and 404 North Fourth st.

WM. ROBINSON has Corticelli Spool Silk.

Another Case.

Louis Schmidt, aged 34 years, was found sick in his room at No. 420 South Second street, this morning, with a decided case of varioloid. The case was reported to the Health Commissioner to-day.

FOR consumption, bronchitis, laryngitis, obstinate cough, throat affections, or weak lungs, nothing can equal Maguire's Tar, Glycerine, Whisky and Rock Candy. It is better than Cod Liver Oil—pleasant to take. $1 per bottle at Harless' Drug Store, corner Fifth and Market streets.

"How to use Florence Knitting Silk." Enclose three-cent stamp to Corticelli Silk office, St. Louis, for illustrated book of thirty-two pages.

Look!

To Lovers of Comfort: Special attention is called to the completeness of the new and elegant Olive street baths. Turkish, electric, shampoo, sulphur, Roman, and medicated baths generally, given on principles purely hygienic. No place in the line equal to it west of New York.

Attendants skillful and oblizing.

Ladies—Mornings, Sundays and holidays excepted.

Gentlemen—Afternoons and evenings till 9 o'clock. Saturdays 11 p. m.

J. P. THOMAS,
Proprietor.

FOR handsome and durable hosiery use Florence Knitting Silk.

Shaw's Patent Reclining Chair.

Our own patent, and possesses in convenience, strength and utility all others. Hundreds have been sold since introduced. See them at BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.'s.

MCARTHUR'S stock of Corticelli silk was never more complete.

The weather indications for to-day are cloudy.

IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE

That we are the Real and Actual Headquarters for Men's and Boys' Overcoats, a call will convince you that you are very much mistaken. If an Immense Stock and an Extremely Large and Attractive Assortment, gotten up in the Latest Style and sold for a fair and honest profit, means Headquarters, then we are justified. Come and see.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
NORTHEAST CORNER FIFTH AND PINE.

EBONY ARTICLES!
Elegant Assortment of
Cabinets, Easels, Jardinieres,
Tables, Portfolios,
MAHOGANY and WALNUT
Pedestals, Brackets,
Macrame Stands, Fire Screens,
NEW STYLES and LOW PRICES.
SCARRITT FUR. CO., 609, 611, 613 N. Fourth St.

STORY & CAMP'S SYSTEM OF RENTAL AND
Monthly Payments
Enables any one to have a good Piano who can pay $10 to $25 per month. Their stock is the largest in the City and embraces the leading
Pianos
DECKER BROS., CHICKERING, HAINES, MATHUSHEK, FISCHER,
And many others of well-known manufacture and established reputation.
Cash and time buyers will save money by inspecting our stock.
Old pianos taken in exchange at full value.
All instruments fully guaranteed.
STORY & CAMP
203 N. 5TH ST.
Wholesale Depot for "Estey" and "Story & Camp" Organs.

Pianos & Organs.
A Perfect INSTRUMENT or no sale. Our Guarantee MEANS Just what it says.

$300.	Pianos at $15., $20, &c., per month, Organs at $5. and $10. We have no cheap, medium and high price Pianos, of different makes, graded to suit the Pockets of buyers. We keep only the best.—THE CHASE and sell at lower rates than any other first-class Piano can be sold for. We have but one price, according to style and finish. Less 5 per cent for cash. Parties relying on our judgment may return anything purchased of us if it does not come up to our description. This has been our guarantee for over 50 years.
$350.	$80.
$400.	$90.
$450.	$100.
$500.	Pianos & Organs TUNED & repaired. Special rates on yearly contracts. Our illustrated price list of musical merchandise, sent free. It will give you a great amount of useful information. $125.
$550	$150.

Peters' Music Store
307 North Fifth Street, St. Louis. The old Reliable House, Estab'd 1839.

ANDREW McALLISTER,
COMPOSITION ROOFER.
Orders promptly attended to, Work guaranteed. Prices low. Office northwest corner Sixth and Pine streets.

Irish and Scotch Whiskies.
A direct importation of the best brands from Alexander Forrester, Belfast, Ireland. For sale by the bottle or gallon, by E. F. OSBORN,
602 and 604 Washington Avenue.

JOSEPH EMANUEL & CO. recommend and keep a full line of Corticelli Spool Silk.

Raymond Gregg,
Importer of Diamonds.
Office 15,
Equitable Building,
Corner Sixth and Locust streets.
Mounting Diamonds a Specialty.

J. H. WEAR, BOOGHER & CO. will supply their trade with Corticelli Spool Silk.

OVERCOATS,
ULSTERS,
ULSTERETTES,
Self-lined, Wool-lined and Silk-lined, made to order in the most perfect style from $20, $25, $30, $35, and $40 and $50.

Nicoll the Tailor
PIONEER OF MODERATE PRICES.
9 South Fourth and 708 Olive St.
Samples and rules for self-measurement sent everywhere. Branch stores in principal cities.

AT F. DE DONATO'S
Ladies' Hair Bazaar
Can be found the largest assortment of the various styles at the Reduced Prices. Water Waves, with a complete line of Hair Goods and a splendid assortment of the Newest Designs of Hair Ornaments and combs in Steel, Cut Jet, Garnet, Rubber, Silver Gold, etc. Also a full line of Toilet Articles.
F. DE DONATO'S,
Sixth and Olive streets, Opposite Barr's.

LINDELL HOTEL
Refitted, Redecorated and Refurnished
Cafe and Restaurant opened on Thursday, November 3. Regular Dinner 12 to 3. Popular Prices.

We have no desire to mislead the public. We state plainly that our building will be improved and that our stock must be REDUCED. Nothing but absolute necessity could induce us to make a sacrifice of our goods at this season of the year. We have an unusually large stock of
BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
selected with great care and taste only a few months ago by our Mr. J. M. Polack. Every article in our
BOYS' DEPARTMENT
is remarked in RED FIGURES at prices which are positively lower than we could replace the same for to-day.
We respectfully request the ladies to call early and convince themselves of the truth of this advertisement.
POLACK,
SOUTHEAST CORNER OF FOURTH AND OLIVE ST.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., November 26, 1881.

Persons calling for letters in the following list will please say they are advertised; otherwise they may not receive them.

Free delivery of letters by carriers at the residence of owners may be secured by observing the following rules:

First—Direct letters plainly to the street and number of the house.

Second—Head letters with the writer's full address, including street and number, and request answer to be directed accordingly.

Third—Letters to strangers or transient visitors in the town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked in the left hand corner with the word "Transient."

Fourth—Place the postage stamp on the upper right-hand corner and leave space between the stamp and direction for postmarking without interfering with the writing.

A.

Agness Clair Miss
Alder Franz
Agnew Joseph
Allen John L L
Alleas Kate Mrs.
Alexander Mary Miss
Adams O T
Angle W H
Allison Eva Miss
Aiken Jno E Mrs
Antkowiak John
Atwell Laura E Mrs
Anderson O
Assheton William
Ankelon Gustav

B.

Bentz C L
Boettiher Carl Bernhard
Biest Caroline Miss
Brannen Dora Miss (2)
Burke Ellen Mrs
Bowman Gabain
Boyle George
Burris George M
Burns Hattie Miss
Black H J
Burbank Henry C
Baker H C
Bell James
Baxter James
Briton Jacob
Brown J W
Blum K Miss
Ball Lizzie Miss
Brown —— Mrs
Bush Mathews
Blaisdell N M B
Bremerig —— Rev
Burns William C
Boon Willie
Brown W A
Ball William E
Bambach Annie Miss
Braxton Annie Mrs
Betts Charles
Boyd Charles H
Bigger C H (2)
Belmont Charles
Bend D
Barry Daniel
Buttler Eliza Miss
Browning Fletcher N
Bellinger George H
Bissell G C
Bradley H E
Boulher Hattie
Blakeley H V

C.

Canthorn A E
Clarkson A B Jr
Curtis Belle Miss
Collins C G
Cunningham Carrie Mrs
Case C A
Claborn Edmonia Mrs
Campbell Fannie Miss
Cronin Francis Miss
Carson Joe
Chapman John
Caster L C
Connell Laura Miss
Carter Laura Mrs
Cooley Marie F Mrs
Cox Mary Mrs
Cone N P
Cary Rose E Miss
Crawford S W
Chavan Virgel
Crows Wm O
Bachtel James
Brouroth Jacob
Besser Lillie Miss
Booker Lillie Miss
Barnum Lucretia Mrs
Burke Mary Miss
Buckley Nellie Miss
Broadhead Peter
Bilen T B
Boyce William J
Campbell Will A
Chapel Carrie C Miss
Cra Clara Miss
Cherres Catherine Mrs
Crowdy Charles
Campbell Eliza B Mrs
Clifford Emma Miss
Clam Inez B Miss
C'ee Joly Miss
Curry J C Mrs
Cald well Jno A
Conaway Lizzie Miss
Crosby L V H Dr
Campbelle Mrs
Cooley Mrs
Crush Miss
Creel O H
Canfield Peter
Carstone Stella M Miss
Craft Sam

D.

Driscoll A
Doherty Bridget Miss
Dangel Carl
Davis D W
Dunne Eliza Mrs
Dutton Evelen Miss
Dufriere Frank
Denton J M Mrs (2)
DeLassus J R
Dugdale John Mrs
Doherty James
De Aibuchl Lewis G (2)
Du Lue Madame
Du Manlinn Marion M
Deneath Marton
Duneff O
Dargatz S E
Dickey W M
Demier Alexander
Dunn D
Daly E C J Miss
Dean F A
Dickson G
Dixon Jonn
Dœrner Jacob
Dumback Lena Miss
Downer Maurice
During Mamie
Dumbeck Mary Miss
Davis Nannie Miss (2)
Duks Solmon

E.

Edwards Frank
Elkins George
Ellis Jennie Miss
Ember Jennie Miss
Embra Lewis L
Eckhardt — Mr
Easly Sarah Miss
Eldridge William
Edwards Belle Miss
Emerson F N
England Guy Mrs
Ellis James K
Eisenstein Jacob
English John J
Evans Lizzie Mrs
Emery M Y Mas
Eggen P H
Elder William T

F.

Flier Annie Miss
Frank B W
Finn E W
Fienup F W
Franzsiel Gus
Flowers Jefferson
Flickner John S
Farrell Josie Mis
Furter J F
Fanning Kate Miss
Fleming Susie
Farrell Thomas S
Fricke August
Foster C S
Freeman W P
Fehring Fred
Frazier Ida Miss
Fitz Gerald John
Fairbanks J R
Franklin Julia
Fritz Jacob
Fisk Ruthe D Miss
Fitzwater S Tyson
Fleming Thomas Mrs

G.

Goodale Anna Mrs
Gordon Ben
Graham Charles
Griffin Emma L Miss
Garrett Fannie Mrs
Goesling Gustav
Gadincamp Herman
Genner —— Mr
Greer S W
Grinsel Samuel E
Gupton W H
Grabin Wm
Grant Annie Miss
Ghislander B
Grover Elner C
Glosener Free
Grogan Hugh
Grove John Lasson
Gulden M
Geist —— Mr
Grantham S A
Grimm Wm
Gregg Wm
Gary Wm H

H.

Higgins Agnes Miss
Hart Bessie Miss
Heimbaugh Charles F
Hughs Edward Mrs
Hamon Fred J
Holmes F F
Herbert Henry
Herrman John
Harrison James J
Higgins Jim
Heywood Marshall
Halloran Mamamie Miss
Hickman W V
Howard Mrs
Humphry Mattie Mrs
Holliday Nute
Howard S C
Hoosier Susan Mrs
Hixon T
Hunt William
Haitwig Adam
Hornsby D C
Hill Ezra
Hensler F M
Haber Hannah Miss
Heermeier Henry
Heme James
Hamlin J A
Hoole H (2)
Hopkins Lula Miss
Howard Lucy Mrs
Hewitt Maude Miss
Haber Mary Mrs
Holches M J
Hallett Maude Miss
Heinen Mr
Hawley P A
House Samuel
Holmann Sadia A
Hamilton Sadia A
Herrmann U
Hill William

I.

Insee Ch
Irwin G Z
Isabell Louisa Mrs

J.

Johnson Annie Miss
Jacobs C
Jones F
Jones Jennie Mrs
Johnson Lula Miss
Johnson Wennona Mrs
Jemerson Wm
Jarrison W J
Johnson Catharine
Johnstone E A Mrs
Jackson John A
Jobin Jos Capt
Jack Maria Mrs
Jones Wm
Julian W H

K.

Kelly C W Dr
Kracmer Charles
King C A
Kelly Ed
Kelley John (2)
Koking Albert
Kremer Jacob
Kenecke Lizzie Miss
Knapp Miss
Kean Tillie Mrs
Kuezmann Thos
Krapp C R
Knislie Charlie Mrs
Krews D W
Ko pel mann Frank H
Katt J
Kelley Jas H
Kennard Kitty Miss
Kappelmann Katie Miss
Kreps Wm J

L.

Lewis Alice
Lewis A F
Lee Belle Miss
Levering Chas
Lundberg C O
Lyons Etta Miss
Laushe Edgar P
Laurance E A Mrs
Lammers Fritz M
Larsen Hilga Miss
Luncell John
Loughery John (2)
Laurie Matt
Lucas Rhoda Mrs
Lyons A
Loveridge A C Mrs
Lester B Miss
Law Callie Miss
Lee Columbus
Lavagnini Columbia Miss
Liter Emma Miss
Lagrave Francis A
Legge Fayette E
Leonard James
Lauce James
Lord J
Louis Mr
Littrell R S Dr
Leckenad T H

M.

Montgomery A J
Miller Augustr J
Moore Ada Miss
Morgan Charles
Mandel D B
Mason E J Mis
McVicker E J Mrs
Matthews Fannie Miss
Moore Fred
Myer George
Miller George
Moore G M
Marshall Jas
Mitchell John
Miller John
Matthews John
Martin J G
Monroe J G
Muehleman John
Murphy J Arnot
Martine Lena Mrs
Morris Moses
Maschetti Oldami Carlo
Moore Annie Miss
Miller B F
Mames Charlie
Millor C
Moore D M
Mattemore Eddie Miss
Miller Frank
Meir F
Meier Friederich
Minter Grace Mrs
Mathews G B
Munter Herman
Mack J Mrs
Merrill John W
Maddock John
Muller J
Minor Lillie Miss
Morris L H
Monoswith L Mrs
Mitchell Mrs
Moll Ora Miss
Miller R H
Meekin S G
Mitchell Samuel
Miller F B Dr
Matern Wm
McWilliams A S
McKinsey Alex
McCabe D M
McCourt Hugh P
McFadden John
McGinnis Lillie Mrs
McRogers Mr
McKan Sam
McClelland T J
McKown W A
McKean Walter B

N.

Niefer W
Noggle Amy Mrs
Nicholas Clem
Nickerson Dolly Mrs
Nagel Joachim
Nelson Jennie Mrs
Newcomb Lula Mrs
Neisen W C
Nelson Wm H

O.

O'Brine Mikel
Osburn R M
Owens B F
O'Conner L P

P.

Pettigrew Wm H
Poindexter C C
Patten D M
Pryer Eliza Mrs
Phillips E Acherley
Pearl Frank
Piller Hy
Patterson Hy A
Plainstade Jean
Perkins Kate Mrs
Page M E
Pearson Mary F
Pelling W

Q.

R.

Randall Chas W
Ring Chas
Roy Edwin
Reissmann G G
Reighley Hattie E
Riley James
Russell John
Rupps J H
Riddle Lenie Mrs
Radcliff Mr
Rieley Michael
Richardson —— (Sdwy)
Rufus Peter
Rollins Robert
Rogers Soloman
Reed W T
Ryan Belle Miss

S.

Schultz Adolph
Suesser Carl
Sheldon C W
Schwermaa Christina
Sosey E E Miss
Shelson Edgar E
Schoettgen Ferd
Southern Fenton
Scott Geo
Shever Hilda Miss
Sisel Hy
Schogheler Jacob
Stebbin J B
Slaueck Jno
Schelver L. Mrs
Spicer L Mrs
Schoemurker K
Sweeney May
Schneider Soulard
Sanders Maggie
SchmelbergerMary Miss
Scott M Mrs
Schwabacher Pauline
Seals Rebecca Miss
Stattleman Sophie
Stevenson Sophy Miss
Smith S E
Snafer Theo
Strachan W C
Sperry W F
Sherman W R
Smith York

T.

Taltonsky Antony
Tilley C F S
Todd Ella Miss
Thompson E A
Tivelsick Fritz
Tieman H
Timberman J
Taylor James
Tooley Jno
Tufts J C S Dr
Thompson Mary
Thompson Nancy Mrs
Thomas Tekla Mrs

U.

Umphleet Wm

V.

Vetter Mary E Miss
Van Court Blanche
Vancant Sustin
Von Scheiver L

W.

Wilkwood A
Walker Chas
Weizel Chas
Wainscott Chas E
Whelem D E
Wildie Elise Miss
Willaning Edw
Williams Emma Miss
Wilson Frank
Whitehead Geo W
Wetzler Joseph
Weatherby Kate
Walterman M C
West Millie Miss
Williams Maggie Mrs
Whitaker Mark
Walters W J
Womack W D
Walsh Walter

Y.

Younger Flora Miss

Firms.

Tiger Buchhandlung
Guting W L & Co

Packages.

Partington Eva Miss
Tilsworth J D
Reynolds E E Mrs
Wink John

North St. Louis Station.

Darling Frank Miss
Gander Mary
Goetz Edward
Henderson A J
Kepples August
Kosman Mr
Niemeyer Henry
Robertson M A Mrs
Spanagel John
Dunmore Flora Miss
Glenn Wm N Miss
Hotten Edward
Johnson Jessie Miss
Knieling George
Markas Peter
Pettera Lucy Miss
Schale C Mrs
Taylor Samuel J

South St. Louis Station.

Bollard L P
Francis David
McCoy Frank
O'Loughlin Dan (2)
Stewart Wm
Vogel Miss Bell
McGruvey Ed
Walter W F
Ely John
Kilkenny James
Neil Geo
Stroebe Frank
Brown Harry
Darling Walter F
Mallloberer
Ryan James
Schumann Frederick
Wall Andrew J

West St. Louis Station.

Anderson Sallie
Crasitt Miss Alsina
Chouteau Miss Lizzie
Elminger Miss Mettie
Harwood H E (2)
Laxton Newton
Laing Frank
Premill Miss Terence
Siever Lucy L
Framel Mrs Elvira
Brandert Miss Lydia
Chakman L F
Swing Miss Mable
Howell Bud
Johnson Mrs Judge
Lindsay Mrs S W
Nitingale Mrs W
Porch V C
Snead Jim (col)

SAMUEL HAYS, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Charles J. Clark, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Charles J. Clark,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 28th day of October, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of October, 1881.

MICHAEL NAUGHTON,
Administrator of the estate of Charles J. Clark, deceased. 69T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Elizabeth Von der Bruegge,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of December next.

HERMAN TUEGEL,
Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Von der Bruegge, deceased.
St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 33V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Ferdinand Buettner,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, intend to make final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

CHARLOTTE BUETTNER,
Executrix of Ferdinand Buettner, deceased.
St. Louis November 4, 1881. 31V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Joseph F. Rochelle,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

JOSEPH LATHROP, JR.,
Administrator.
St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 29V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John C. D. Roemer,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of next December.

MARY ROEMER,
Executrix of John C. D. Roemer, deceased.
St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 30V

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Catherine Waggonner,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

ALBERT V. WAGGONNER, Adm'r.
St. Louis, November 12, 1881. 92V

ESTATE of Henry Rudolph Niebruegge, deceased. – Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Henry Rudolph Niebruegge,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 9th day of November, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 11th day of November, 1881.

MINNA NIEBRUEGGE,
Administratrix of Henry Rudolph Niebruegge, deceased. 91V

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Oliver D. Filley,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the twenty-eighth day of October, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

OLIVER B. FILLEY,
JOHN T. DAVIS.
Administrators of Oliver D. Filley, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., October 28, 1881. 70T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Wilhelmine Dreier,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next.

CHARLES NAGEL,
Administrator of Wilhelmine Dreier, deceased.
St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 27V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Heusner,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix de bonis non of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

CAROLINE HEUSNER,
Administratrix.
St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 32V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Sophia A. Lane,

that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December, 1881.

WILLIAM C. JAMISON,
Administrator of Sophia A. Lane. 86V

ESTATE of Theodore Salorgne, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Theodore Salorgne,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 15th day of November, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 18th day of November, 1881.

THEODORE SALORGNE, JR.,
Administrator with the will annexed of Theodore Salorgne, deceased. 11X

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Gottlieb Dreckshage,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of St. Louis City on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

CHRISTINE DRECKSHAGE,
Administratrix of Gottlieb Dreckshage, deceased.
St. Louis, October 28, 1881.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney. 67T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Martin Pudiwitr,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next

JOHN PUDIWITR,
Administrator of the estate of Martin Pudiwitr, deceased.
St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 32V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Anna Margaretha Heins,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December, 1881.

JOHANN M. HEINS,
Administrator of Anna Margaretha Heins, dec'd.
Rudolph Schulenburg Att'y.
St. Louis, October 28, 1881. 68T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Jonas M. Pfeiffer,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said deceased, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December, 1881.

ADOLPH PFEIFFER,
Executor of Jonas M. Pfeiffer, deceased.
St. Louis, October 29 1881. 70T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Wm. H. Goodin,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

SAMUEL GOODIN,
Administrator of Wm. H. Goodin, dec'd. 22V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Bartholomeo Mascheck,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of next December.

ELIZABETH MASCHECK,
Administratrix of Bartholomeo Mascheck, deceased.
St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 28V

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas P. Duggan, Paul Ertelt, Michael B O'Reilly, trustee, William J. Howard are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. Two lots of ground on Nebraska avenue in city block 2600, each 25 feet in front or width and 124 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being lots 35 and 36 in block 1 in Alloway's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 23, 1881. 38Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Frederick Vasel is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Dodier street in city block 1671, each 25 feet in front or width and 108 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being lots 38 and 37 in block 39 A in Union addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 23, 1881. 36Z

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Malissa B. Ashe,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December, 1881.

WILLIAM C. JAMISON,
Administrator of Malissa B. Ashe.
St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 37V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John F. Mauntel,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said deceased, intend to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

JOHN J. MAUNTEL,
Executor of John F. Mauntel, deceased.
St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 34V

FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Edward Fennell,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court house in said city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next.

MARY FENNELL,
Administratrix of the estate of Edward Fennell, deceased.
St. Louis, November 4, 1881 26V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John R. Carroll,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December, 1881.

LAVINIA M. CARROLL,
Administratrix of John R. Carroll, deceased.
St. Louis, October 31, 1881. 93T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

B. F. Hickman,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

B. L. HICKMAN,
Administrator of estate of B. F. Hickman.
St. Louis, November 7, 1881. 51V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Henry W. Brand,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

E. JULIAN,
Administrator or the estate of Henry W. Brand, deceased.
St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 50V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

George P. Plant,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator with will annexed of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden in said city on the first Monday of December 1881.

GEORGE JANVIER PLANT,
Administrator with the will annexed of George P. Plant, deceased.
St. Louis, October 24, 1881. 37T

No. 14,107 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of Letitia Parker, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Letitia Parker,

deceased, and that I did so on the 15th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, room 10, second floor. Insurance Building.
Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets.
St. Louis, October 31, 1881. 86T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Margaretha Utz,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

T. P. KORN,
Executor of Margaretha Utz, deceased.
St. Louis, November 1, 1881. 96Z

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1881.
Thursday, November 17, 1881.
Ignatius Weingartner
vs.
Fredericka Weingartner.

Now, at this day, it appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered by the court that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and the defendant, on the ground that the defendant, wholly disregarding her duties as the wife of plaintiff, has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one whole year next prior to the filing of the petition herein.

And unless she appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 18th day of November, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
15Z

Administrators' Notices.

No. 13,158 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re Estate of Belinda S. Jermaine, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Belinda S. Jermaine,

deceased, and that I did so on the 17th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same, de bonis non, and that I did so under an order of the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, made on the 17th day of October, 1881. The authority of T. Z. Blakeman, former administrator, ceased at the September Term, 1881, of the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, by reason of the revocation of his letters, on account of being a non-resident.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, room 10, 2d Floor, Ins. Building, N. W. cor. Sixth and Locust streets.
St. Louis, October 31, 1881. 85T

No. 14,103 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of Christian Klein, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Christian Klein,

deceased, and that I did so on the 10th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City St. Louis,
Office, room 10, second floor, Insurance Building, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Sts.
St. Louis, October 31, 1881. 88T

ADMINISTRATRIX' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—In obedience to a renewed order of sale made by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis at the September term thereof, A. D. 1881, I, the undersigned administratrix of the estate of William Wenger, late of the city of St. Louis, deceased, will on

MONDAY, THE TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, and during the session of the Circuit or Probate Court of said city, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, expose to sale at public vendue or outcry the following described real estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, viz.:

1. A lot of ground in block 1532 of the city of St. Louis, being lot twenty (20) according to the amended plat of "Oakland Addition" and fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Wisconsin avenue, and running thence eastwardly one hundred and twenty-five feet more or less deep to an alley, and having been acquired with other adjacent property by William Wenger from "the corporation of the Second Baptist Church" by deed dated 14th July, 1874, and recorded in book 501, page 156.

2. A parcel of ground in block 2005 of the city of St. Louis, comprising lots fourteen and fifteen (14 and 15) on the plat of the subdivision of said block by the heirs of the late Sylvester V. Papin, each lot fronting twenty five (25) feet and three-eighths (⅜) inches on the east line of Carondelet avenue and running thence eastwardly to a fifteen-foot alley, on which each lot has a width of twenty-five (25) feet, the north line of lot fourteen (14) being one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet, and its southern line (which is also the north line said lot fifteen) being one hundred and twenty-three feet two inches (123 ft. 2 in.) and the south line of lot fifteen being one hundred and twenty-two feet six inches (122 ft. 6 in.) all, more or less, in depth, the property having been acquired together with other adjacent property by deed made by John Maguire, as Special Commissioner in partition between Theophile Papin et al., dated June 29, 1874 and recorded in book 507, page 326.

Terms of sale—One-third of the purchase-money to be paid in cash, and the balance in two equal instalments payable in one and two years respectively from the day of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest at six per cent per annum, and to be secured by deed of trust on the property sold.

ELIZA WENGER,
Administratrix of the estate of William Wenger, deceased. 64T

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of a renewed order of sale, made by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at its September term, 1881, I will in obedience to said order, on

SATURDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, expose for sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, all the interest of Lewis V. Bogy, deceased, in and to the following described piece of real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri:

A certain lot, piece or parcel of land lying between city block 296 of the city of St. Louis and the Mississippi River, bounded as follows: On the north by the south line of Bogy street extended from the east line of Front street to the Mississippi River; on the east by low water mark or line, on the said Mississippi River, on the south by the north line of a lot belonging to the estate of L. A. Benoist, in said block 296 extended to the Mississippi River, and on the west by the east line of Front street; which said lot is about one hundred and seventy-three (173) feet from north to south along the eastern line of said Front street

Terms of sale cash. The widow's dower will be included in sale.

SAMUEL N. HOLLIDAY,
Administrator of Lewis V. Bogy.
13V

No. 14,115 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of Anton Ulinski, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Anton Ulinski,

deceased, and that I did so on the 25th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., October 31, 1881 87T

No. 14,101 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of James Jordan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

James Jordan,

deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, room 10, second floor, Insurance Building.
Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets.
St. Louis, October 31, 1881. 89T

No. 14,117 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Henry Werz, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Henry Werz,

deceased, and that I did so on the 27th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same, with the will annexed.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust sts., Insurance Building.
St. Louis, October 31, 1881. 90T

No. 14,104 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of Peter McEvoy, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Peter McEvoy,

deceased, and that I did so on the 12th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, room 10, second floor, Insurance Building.
Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets.
St. Louis, October 31, 1881. 87T

No. 14,101 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of James Jordan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

James Jordan,

deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of October, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, room 10, second floor, Insurance Building.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relaion and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Richard J. Howard is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founden, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1: Three lots of ground on Clay street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 5 in block 25 in survey 3.

Number 2: Five lots of ground on Van Buren street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 in block 28 in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 10 1881. 5W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry C. E. Bremser is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Three lots of ground on Oregon avenue in city block 1634, each 25 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lots 44, 45 and 46 in Kerr's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 27W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles Stewart, Henry Rosenfeld, Morris Mandel, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 1372, containing two and 35-100 acres, and being the north half of block 26 in City Commons,

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution add costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 15, 1881. 20W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth McDonald, Bernard Murphy, trustee, John McDonald, James McDonald, Francis McDonald, Mary Ann McDonald and Thomas McDonald, minor defendants, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain parcel of land situate in survey No. 2035, township No. 45, range No. 6, and bounded as follows: North by line of said survey, on the east by land now or formerly of Polk, on the south by said survey line, and on the west by land now or formerly of Sire.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 22W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mathew J. Doyle, Nathan D. Allen, W. D. Griswold and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in block 3138 of said city, which is the same as block No. 48 of survey No. 4 of the late town of Carondelet; each of said lots containing 25 feet front on Ninth Street, and said lot 1 a depth of 47 feet, said lot 2 one of 60 feet, said lot 3 one of 67 feet, said lot 4 one of 80 feet, said lot 5 one of 80 feet, said lot 6 one of 100 feet, and said lot 7 one of 110 feet.

2. Lots numbered 1, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 3139 of said city, which is the same as block No. 47 of said survey No. 4 of the late town of Carondelet; the fronts and depths of said last named lots are as follows: Lot 1 has a front of 123½ feet on Motier street by a depth of 91 feet, lot 3 has 25 feet front on Ninth street by a depth of 87 and 6-12 feet, lot 8 and 9 have each 25 feet front on Ninth street by a depth of 105 feet, lot 10 has 25 feet front on Ninth by 70 feet in depth, and lots 11 and 12 have each 25 feet front on Ninth street by 61 feet in depth.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 24W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles T. Larned is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Pagin street in city block 2249, in front or width 26 feet 6 inches in the one part, and 151 feet 8 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 110 feet in the one part, and 180 feet 8 inches in the other part, being lot 18 in block 8 in Larned's addition to said city.

And I will on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 26W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jesse S. Gray is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. The east part of lot No. 6 in city block No. 2269 of the city of St. Louis, said part of said lot having a front of 18 feet on Convent (now La Salle) street by a depth of 136 feet.

2. Lots Nos. 7 and 8 in city block No. 2269 of the city of St. Louis, each of said lots 7 and 8 having a front of 25 feet on Convent (now La Salle) street by a depth of 136 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 21W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Anna Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on second street in city block 3729, 25 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 in block 1 in Perkins addition to said city, in survey 3.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 23W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ignatz Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 2815. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 53 in South St. Louis suburbs

No. 2. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot or ground on Seventh street, in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2817. 15 feet 5½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 51 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 6. A lot or ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817. 15 feet 5½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north half of lot 21 in block 51 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817. 5 feet 10⅜ inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 50 in South St. Louis suburbs.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 15, 1881. 26W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Jecko and Ernst L. Hoppes are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1 A lot of ground on third street in city block 1782, 57 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No. 2 Five lots of ground on Third street in city block 1782 each 25 feet in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No. 3 A lot of ground on Park avenue in city block 1782, 154 feet 6 inches in front or width, and in length or depth 234 feet 4 inches in the one part, and 217 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of lot 18 and bounded on the north by real estate of one Laberque, on the east by block 2166, on the south by Park avenue, on the west by real estate of one Roe.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 24W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Abraham Herbel is defendant. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 2815. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 53 in South St. Louis suburbs

No. 2 A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot or ground on Seventh street, in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4 A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5 A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2817. 15 feet 5½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 51 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 6. A lot or ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817. 15 feet 5½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north half of lot 21 in block 51 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 7 A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817. 5 feet 10⅜ inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 50 in South St. Louis suburbs.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 15, 1881. 25W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Giraldin is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on California avenue in city block 1519, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 38 in block 1 in city commons.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 23W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Wells Hendershott is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Papin street in city block 2260, 30 front or width 7 feet 7½ inches in the one part, and 20 feet 9½ inches in other part, and 153 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 13 in Rene Paul subdivision addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 10. 1881. 10W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Abraham Herbel is defendant. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Wash street in city block 980 north, 16 feet in front or width, and 87 feet 6 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by by the real estate of one Taylor, on the south by Wash street, on the west by the real estate of one Allen.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 10. 1881. 6W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Godfrey Knight, William G. Knight, John F. Knight, Godfrey E. Knight, Jeremiah H. Knight, Mary K. Wood, Albert Wood, Jane C. Anderson and Murray Anderson are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Second street in city block 3729, 25 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 in block 1 in Perkins addition to said city, in survey 3.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 23W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ignatz Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, in front or width 39 feet 11 inches in the one part and 17 feet 10 inches in the other part, and 203 feet in length or depth, being in block 1 in Lacadie's Addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Booth, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Burnes, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of December, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 17, 1881. 25W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Richard J. Howard is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Clay street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 1 and 2 in block 25 in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 26W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Patrick Shanley, Charles R. Lewis, Daniel E. Young and Eber Young, composing the firm of Lewis, Young & Co., R. L. McCully, trustee, and Annie Shanley are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1 A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2968, 17 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the east part of lot 11 in block 5 in A. Bidde's addition to said city, in survey 1438.

No. 2. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2968, 17 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being part of lot 11 in block 5 in A. Bidde's addition to said city, in survey 1438, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by that of one Shanley, on the south by O'Fallon street, on the west by real estate of one Sullivan.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 11W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Humbert, trustee of Sarah L. Lanham, Sarah L. Lanham, Philip S. Lanham, David Smith, Ellen McKnight, James H. Brooks, trustee, August Reinders are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Angelrodt street in city block 1183, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth being lot 19 in block 33 in Farrar's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 16W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Playfair G. Ault, Edwin M. Ault, Alvin Fox, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1897, 25 feet in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1897, 37 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 12W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Giraldin is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Market street in city block 925, 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 2 in Mills addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Chestnut street in city block 925. 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 27 in block 2 in Mills addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo, November 7, 1881. 62V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret A. Gibbs, Delia Gibbs Huntington Smith are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth avenue, 49 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 10 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth avenue, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 10 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Eighteenth avenue, 49 feet 7 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 11 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4. Eight lots of ground on Eighteenth avenue, each 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 15 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 5, 8, 9, 13, 33, 39 and 40 in block 11 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5. Three lots of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3139, each 25 feet in front or width, and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 5, 6 and 7 in block 47 in survey 4

No. 6 A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 20 in Ivory's addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102. 26 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 20 in survey 4.

No. 8. Three lots of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, each 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 11 and 13 in block 20 in survey 4.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 17, 1881. 32W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry C. E. Bremser is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 10 in block No. 52 of Ivory's addition to the city of Carondelet, now the city of St. Louis, said lot also being in city block No. 3070 of said city of St. Louis, and having a front of 25 feet on Tenth street by a depth of 147½ feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 5, 1881. 58V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Wells Hendershott is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Papin street in city block 2260, 30 front or width 7 feet 7½ inches in the one part, and 20 feet 9½ inches in other part, and 153 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 13 in Rene Paul subdivision addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 10. 1881. 10W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ignatz Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Wash street in city block 980 north, 16 feet in front or width, and 87 feet 6 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by by the real estate of one Taylor, on the south by Wash street, on the west by the real estate of one Allen.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 10. 1881. 6W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Sarah A. Hopkins and Samuel Herman are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Papin street in city block 2260, 30 front or width 7 feet 7½ inches in the one part, and 20 feet 9½ inches in other part, and 153 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 13 in Rene Paul subdivision addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 10. 1881. 9W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John De Haan is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

Number 1: A lot of ground on Twentieth street in city block 1247, 21 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

Number 2: A lot of ground on Sophia street in city block 1417 north 42 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 124 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 9 in Labadie and Lynch's addition to said city and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of one P. O'Neil, on the east by an alley, on the west by Sophia street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 10, 1881. 2W

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary M. Able and George S. Brown and George

d the following de-
the city of St. Louis
ged with the lien of
is founded, and de-
lows, to-wit:
on Alberta street in
or width, and 127 feet
ing lot 27 in block 1 in

nd on Alberta street
in front or width, and
epth, being lots 28 and
on to said city.

AY OF DECEMBER,

in the forenoon and
that day, at the east
se, in the city of St.
, at public auction, for
, the above described
e will satisfy said exe-

AAC M. MASON,
City St. Louis, Mo.
1881. 4W

e and authority of a
om the office of the
e City of St. Louis,
m, 1881, of said court,
e State of Missouri,
Nathaniel C. Hud-
Louis, in the State of
ge W. Comin is de-

d the following de-
the city of St. Louis
ged with the lien of
s founded, and de-
lows, to-wit:
6 of Lowell addition
g 50 feet on Fourth

ock No. 6 of Lowell
nis, each of said lots
by a depth of 150 feet

s of Lowell addition
a front of 64 feet and
oth of 150 feet.

Y OF NOVEMBER,

clock in the forenoon
n of that day, at the
use, in the city of St.
at public auction, for
the above described
will satisfy said exe-

AAC M. MASON,
City St. Louis, Mo.
1881. 56V

e and authority of a
om the office of the
e City of St. Louis,
m, 1881, of said court,
e State of Missouri, at
Nathaniel C. Hudson,
Louis, in the State of
ge W. Comin, Collector
d the following de-
the city of St. Louis
ged with the lien of
s founded, and de-
lows, to-wit:
Taylor avenue by
further described as
addition to said city,
McDonough, east by
and west by Taylor

DECEMBER, 1881,

in the forenoon
that day, at the
se, in the city of St.
public auction, for
the above described
will satisfy said exe-

AAC M. MASON,
City St. Louis, Mo.
1881. 28W

e and authority of a
om the office of the
e City of St. Louis,
m, 1881, of said court,
e State of Missouri,
Nathaniel C. Hud-
Louis, in the State
Robert A. Wilson,
T. Conran, Nathan
Huntington Smith

d the following de-
the city of St. Louis
ged with the lien of
s founded, and de-
lows, to-wit:
2 of said city, having
reet, a width in the
feet, bounded north
outh by Labeaume,

DECEMBER, 1881,

ock in the forenoon
of that day, at the
use, in the city of St.
public auction, for
bove described prop-
satisfy said execu-

AAC M. MASON,
City St. Louis, Mo.
1881. 17W

TION.—Charles W.
Brewing Company,
Theresa in office
office of the Circuit
use, dated October

DECEMBER, 1881,

the forenoon and five
day at the east front
ity of St. Louis and
lic auction to the
scribed real estate
rovements thereon,
ity of St. Louis, State
y described as fol-

, four, five, six and
e city of St. Louis,
Beginning at the
intersection of
henandoah) street;
west line of
hundred feet to a
eight; thence west
ven and eight one
ree inches (183' 8")
ce north and along
dred feet to a point
Shenandoah street;
za (or Shenandoah)
ree feet; and three
together with all
ections, vaults and

nd the balance in
payments to bear
nd to be secured by
roperty as sold.
AC M. MASON,
City of St. Louis.
9-V 1

and authority of a
om the office of the
City of St. Louis,
1881, of said court,
State of Missouri,
Nathaniel C. Hud-
Louis, in the State
Meyer is defend-

the following de-
city of St. Louis
ed with the lien of
s founded, and de-
lows, to-wit:
Potomac street in city
1567, 102 feet 2 inches
ara street in city
width, and 1.7 feet
lots 9, 10, 11, 12,
nons.
street in city block
117 feet 6 inches
in block 1 in City

ECEMBER, 1881,

in the forenoon
of that day, at the
, in the city of St.
public auction, for
above described
ill satisfy said exe-

AAC M. MASON,
y St. Louis, Mo.
n. 13W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Leopold Colbrunn vs. Louisa Leusbrock, Joseph B. Brehm, Peter F. Brehm and F. W. Kaenter, executor of Elizabeth Brehm, deceased.

By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis in the above entitled cause, dated October 24, 1881, I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 2ND DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot in city block No. 270 of the city of St. Louis, Mo., fronting (14) feet and three (3) inches on the west line of Thirteenth (13th) street in said city, and being composed of the northern twelve (12) feet of lot No. 21 in said block No. 270, and the southern two (2) feet and three (3) inches of the south part of lot No. 20 of said block No. 270, of H. M. Shreves' addition, and being bounded on the east by Thirteenth (13th) street on the west by an alley twelve (12) feet wide, on the north by part of lot No. 20 in said block No. 270 and on the south by part of lot No. 21 of said block No. 270 being the same property acquired by Geo. Brehm, as evidenced by the deed of conveyance of Frederick Schneider and wife to the said George Brehm, dated February 28, 1851, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, in deed book C 6, page 78.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, October 27 1881. 49T

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Bradley is defendant I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width, and 80 feet in length or depth, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and on the east by real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by Seventh street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Lynch street in city block 850 in front or width 132 feet in the outpart and 134 feet in the other part, and 123 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and on the west by real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the east by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 17 1881. 31W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and R. H. Pickering and J. H. Pickering are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. Lot 1M in block 4 in Prairie Place addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot M. in block 4 aforesaid being 24 feet in front on Glendale avenue of said city by 142½ feet deep.

2. A lot of ground being lot N in block 4 in Prairie Place addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot N in block 4 aforesaid being 24 feet in front on Glendale avenue of said city of St. Louis by 142½ feet deep.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 7, 1881. 65V

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Maxamillian P. Jones, Eugenia E. Jones Leonidas F. Jones, Francis D. Jones, Mary A. Jones and Francis J. Nicholson, a minor, plaintiffs ex parte.—By virtue and authority of an order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Perry county, Missouri, in the above entitled case, dated June the 28th, 1881, I will, on

TUESDAY THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described real estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows, to wit:

The east half of block No. four of the addition made by John C. Jones to the city of St. Louis, "St. Louis Suburb," containing forty-four lots, numbered from twenty five to forty eight inclusive, each lot having a front of thirty feet ten and one half inches, except lot No. forty-eight, which has a front of forty-one feet one and one half inches on the west line, the following described lots fronting each on a street sixty feet wide and fifty-one feet and three inches by a depth westwardly of one hundred and fifty-two feet, bounded on the north by Osceola street, east by Tenth avenue, south by Neosho street, and west by the west half of said block four, as allotted to Eugene Miltenberger in the aforesaid suit in partition.

Second: All of block number six in said former "South St. Louis Suburb," containing forty-eight lots, numbered from one to forty-eight inclusive, each lot having a front of ten feet and one-half inch except lot number one, which has a front of twenty-eight feet ten inches on the east line of Thirteenth avenue, and lot number forty-seven, which has a front of thirty one feet ten and one half inches on the west line of Grand avenue. Said block being bounded on the north by Osceola street, on which it fronts three hundred feet, east by Grand avenue, on which it fronts seven hundred and forty-two feet, on the south by Neosho street, on which it fronts three hundred feet, and west by Thirteenth avenue, on which it fronts seven hundred and thirty-eight feet and three and two-eighths inches.

Third: South one-half of block number eight of said former "South St Louis Suburb," containing lots one to twelve inclusive and four feet ten and three-fourth inches of lot number thirteen, making together a total front of three hundred and sixty-three feet eight and seven-eighths inches on the east side of Fifteenth avenue, lots thirty-seven to forty-eight inclusive and four feet ten and three-fourth inches off of the northern part of lot number thirty-six, making together a total front of three hundred and sixty-seven feet five and one-fourth inches on the west side of Fourteenth avenue, and is bounded on the north by Osceola street, on which it has a front of three hundred feet, east by Fourteenth avenue, and on the west by Fifteenth avenue, and on the south by the south part of said lot numbered eight allotted to said Eugene Miltenberger in said partition suit.

Terms of Sale—Ten per cent of money to paid on day of sale, and balance in 12 months from the day of sale, to be secured by a deed of trust on the property, bearing six per cent interest.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, November 8. 1881. 71V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ignatz Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue in city block 1781, 162 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 125 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in St. Ange addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Stock, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Carondelet avenue.

No. 2. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2301, 25 feet in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 of lot 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 668, 41 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Broadway, on the south by real estate of one Schuhlerr, on the west by an alley.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Main street in city block 12, 31 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 132 feet in length or depth, being lot 7.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Main street in city block 23 and 24, 26 feet 2 inches in front or width, and 140 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Boyce, on the east by Main street, on the south by real estate of one Clemens, on the west by that of one Waddingham.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Second street in city block 66, 28 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 160 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Second street, on the south by that of one Boyce, on the west by that of the Bridge Company.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Twelfth street in city block 575, 27 feet 4½ inches in front or width, and 99 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Frost and others, on the east by Twelfth street, on the south by real estate of one Cormack, on the west by an alley.

No. 11. A lot of ground on Sixth street in city block 581, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 6, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Sixth street, on the south by real estate of one Boyce, on the west by an alley.

No. 12. A lot of ground on Locust street, in city block 823, 25 feet in front or width, and 102 feet 8 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by real estate of one Jamiet, on the south by Locust street, on the west by real estate of one Harig.

No. 15. A lot of ground on Nebraska avenue in city block 1312, 208 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being in block 12 in City Commons, and bounded on the north and east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Lamotte, on the west by Nebraska avenue.

No. 16. A lot of ground on Potomac street in city block 1567, 102 feet 2 inches in front or width, and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in City Commons, and bounded on the north by Potomac street, on the east by Ohio avenue, on the south by real estate of one Larkin, on the west by real estate of one Boyce.

No. 17. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 1679, 25 feet in front or width, and 90 feet in length or depth, being lot 9 in Picot and others' addition to said city.

No. 18. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue in city block 1781, 162 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in St. Ange addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Stock, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Carondelet avenue.

No. 19. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2301, 24 feet 2½ inches in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 20. Two lots of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2301, each 25 feet in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 of 4 and 1 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 21. Three lots of ground on Cass avenue in city block 2268, each 25 feet in front or width, and 133 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being lots 4, 5 and 6 in Chambers' addition to said city. survey 734

No. 22. Two lots of ground on Nineteenth street in city block 2268, each 25 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 21 and 22 in Chambers' addition to said city, survey 734.

No. 23. A lot of ground on Nineteenth street in city block 2337, 25 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the north part of lot 13 and the south part of lot 14 in Chambers' addition to said city. survey 734.

No. 24. A lot of ground on Potomac street in city block 1567, 30 feet in front or width, and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61, in City commons, and bounded on the north by Potomac street, on the east by Ohio avenue, on the south by real estate of one Larkin, on the west by that of one Boyce.

No. 25. A lot of ground containing fifteen acres, being part of lot 6 in survey 1895, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by that of one Chambers, on the south by that of one Delaney, on the west by that of one Thomas.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 25W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Robert A. Wilson, T. Conran, Nathan Huntington Smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered eight (8) in block numbered twenty-five (25) of survey numbered four (4) said lot having a front of twenty-five feet on the east side of seventh street and running thence east the same width one hundred and forty feet to an alley, said lot being bounded as follows: West by Seventh street, north by No. 7, east by said alley, south by lot No. 9, being in block 25 of survey 4 as represented on the plat of said subdivision made in 1854 and of record in the Recorder's office of the then county of St. Louis, being now in city block No. 3610 of said city of St. Louis.

In trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described and whereas said deed of trust provided that in case of the death or absence from the State, or refusal, disability or refusal to act of the said R. W. Bailey, the Sheriff of the city of St. Louis should thereupon become the successor of said R. W. Bailey to the title of said property, and that the same should be fully vested in said Sheriff for the purpose mentioned in said deed of trust; and whereas since the execution of said deed of trust said R. W. Bailey has died. Now, therefore, under the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the holder of said note, the undersigned, Isaac M. Mason, Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, acting as trustee, will proceed to sell the above described property, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, acting as Trustee.
COLLINS & JAMISON, Attorneys 322 Pine st.

St. Louis, November 17, 1881. 67W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret F. Smith, John D. Davis, trustee Marcus A. Wolff, William Chambers Smith, Mary McDonald, Henry A. Hunicke, Edward Bowen are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2301, 25 feet in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 of lot 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 668, 41 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Broadway, on the south by real estate of one Schuhlerr, on the west by an alley.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Main street in city block 12, 31 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 132 feet in length or depth, being lot 7.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Main street in city block 23 and 24, 26 feet 2 inches in front or width, and 140 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Boyce, on the east by Main street, on the south by the real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Wadingham street.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Second street in city block 66, 28 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 160 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clemens, on east by Second street, on the south and west by real estate of one Illinois and St. Louis Bridge Company.

No. 7. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 573, 15 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Kinney, on the east by that of the Board of President and Directors of St. Louis Public Schools, on the south by O'Fallon street, on the west by real estate of one Hudson.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Twelfth street, in city block 575, 27 feet 4½ inches in front or width and 99 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Frost and others, on the east by Twelfth street, on the south by the real estate of one Cormack, on the west by an alley.

No. 10. A lot of ground on Sixth street in city block 581, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 6, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Sixth street, on the south by real estate of one Boyce, on the west by an alley.

No. 11. A lot of ground on Locust street in city block 823, 25 feet in front or width, and 102 feet 8 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by the real estate of one Jaminet, on the south by Locust street and on the west by real estate of one Harig.

No. 12. A lot of ground on Nebraska avenue, in city block 1312, 208 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being in block 12 in City Commons, and bounded on the north and east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Lamotte, on the west by Nebraska avenue.

No. 13. A lot of ground on Potomac street, in city block 1567, 102 feet 2 inches in front or width and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in City commons and bounded on the north by Potomac street, on the east by Ohio avenue, on the south by the real estate of one Larkin, on the west by that of one Boyce.

No. 14. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 1679, 25 feet in front or width and 90 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in the addition of Picot and others to said city.

No. 15. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 1781, 162 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in St. Ange addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Stock, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Carondelet avenue.

No. 16. Two lots of ground on Nineteenth street, in city block 2269, each 25 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 31 and 32 in Chambers addition to said city.

No. 17. A lot of ground on Nineteenth street in city block 2337, 25 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the north part of lot 13 and the south part of lot 14 in Chambers' addition to said city, survey 734.

No. 18. A lot of ground on Potomac street, in city block 1567, 30 feet in front or width and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in city commons.

No. 19. Two lots of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 2301, each 25 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 4 1881. 29V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of William Keating, assignee of Leopold Schmalz & Co., and against John Kaeshoefer, Francis P. Becker and Fred. W. Radecker,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 13 in city block No. 3110, said ground having an aggregate front of 26 and 75-100 feet by a depth of 140 feet, bounded north by Kaeshoefer, east by Sixth street, south by Curtois street, and west by an alley.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John Kaeshoefer, Francis P. Becker and Fred. W. Radecker or, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3, 1881. 17V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of William Keating, assignee of Leopold Schmalz & Co., and against John Kaeshoefer, Francis P. Becker and Fred. W. Radecker.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3, 1881. 18V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of William Keating, assignee of Leopold Schmalz & Co., and against John Kaeshoefer, Francis P. Becker and Fred. W. Radecker.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 14 in city block No. 3110, said ground having an aggregate front of 25 feet by a depth of 140 feet, bounded north by Kaeshoefer, east by Sixth street, south by Kaeshoefer, and west by an alley.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3, 1881. 19V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jefferson A. Mayhall, Jr., Mabel M. Mayhall, Voxie O. Mayhall, Frederick La Beaume are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Two lots of ground on Lynch street in city block 850 in front or width 132 feet in the outpart and 134 feet in the other part, and 123 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and on the west by real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the east by Seventh street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Lynch street in city block 850 in front or width 132 feet in the outpart and 134 feet in the other part, and 123 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and on the west by real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the east by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 17 1881. 31W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Bridget M. Ivory, Nathan D. Allen Huntington Smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Two lots of ground on Rappahannock street in city block 1442, each 30 feet in front or width, and 632 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being in Welzenecker's addition to said city, and bounded as follows: The one on the south by Rappahannock street, on the east by Arkansas avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by the real estate of one Roedler and others; the other on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by the real estate of one Troriclet, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 2. A lot of ground on proposed Vandeberg avenue, in city block 1442, 10 feet in front or width and 320 feet in length or depth, being in Welzenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by proposed Arkansas avenue, on the south by real estate of one Roedler, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 3. A lot of ground on proposed Vandeberg avenue, in city block 1442, 30 feet in front or width and 265 feet in length or depth, being in Welzenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by proposed Arkansas avenue, on the south by real estate of one Roedler, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 4 A lot of ground on Rappahannock street, in city block 1445, 30 feet in front or width and 642 feet in length or depth, being in Welzenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by Vandeberg avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by real estate of one Roedler and others.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 1445, 30 feet in front or width and 269 feet 6¾ inches in length or depth, being in Welzenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by Vandeberg avenue, on the south by real estate of Trorilett and others, on the west by Grand avenue.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 47W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jefferson A. Mayhall, Jr., Mabel M. Mayhall, Voxie O. Mayhall, Frederick La Beaume are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Eighth street in city block 2269, 25 feet 9 inches in front or width, and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 in block 16 in Ivory's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John Kaeshoefer, Francis P. Becker and Fred. W. Radecker or, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3, 1881. 18V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary Freund is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 14 in city block No. 3110, said ground having an aggregate front of 25 feet by a depth of 140 feet, bounded north by Kaeshoefer, east by Sixth street, south by Kaeshoefer, and west by an alley.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John Kaeshoefer, Francis P. Becker and Fred. W. Radecker, or, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3, 1881. 19V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary Freund is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 13 in city block No. 3110, said ground having an aggregate front of 26 and 75-100 feet by a depth of 140 feet, bounded north by Kaeshoefer, east by Sixth street, south by Curtois street, and west by an alley.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John Kaeshoefer, Francis P. Becker and Fred. W. Radecker, or, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3, 1881. 18V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary Freund is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 14 in city block No. 3110,

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Abram N. Milner, by his certain deed of trust dated the 10th day of August, 1874, and recorded in book 508, page 308, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Lots numbered four and five in block numbered six hundred and fifty-four of the subdivision of the Sarpy Arpent, United States survey 1482; said lots four and five front together on the west line of Broadway forty-six feet, more or less, and running westwardly with the same width to an alley in said block, twenty feet wide, bounded north by lot three, west by said alley, south by lot six, and east by Broadway, in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes; in said deed of trust described; and whereas part of the two principal notes in said deed of trust described are now past due and remain unpaid. Now there ore, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

M. B. O'REILLY,
Trustee.

82V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Michael Reilly, by his certain deed of trust, dated November 10th, 1880, and recorded in book 647, on page 2, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of land, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot commencing at a point on the west line of Seventeenth street ninety-seven feet and six inches south of the south line of Wash street; thence westerly and parallel with Wash street fifty feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Seventeenth street nineteen feet; thence eastwardly fifty feet to the west line of seventeenth street; thence northwardly along the west line of Seventeenth street nineteen feet to the place of beginning, in city block No. 541. Also, the following other described lot of land, situated also in the city of St. Louis, in city block No. 260 of John O'Fallon's addition, said lot having a front of fifteen feet six inches on the south side of Wash street by a depth of fifty feet, beginning at a point on the south line of Wash street sixty feet west of the west line of an alley running south and north of said block No 260; thence running south along the west line of lot belonging to Holte fifty feet; thence west fifteen feet and six inches; thence north along the east line of lot belonging to Warren; thence east along the south line o Wash street fifteen feet and six inches to the point of beginning. That said described property was so conveyed to the undersigned in trust, to secure the payment of a certain note described in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed of trust said note not having been paid at maturity, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26TH, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of said day, in the execution of said trust.

C. F. MOUNTON,
Trustee.

St. Louis, November 14, 1881.
Brolaski & Voorhis, Attorneys, 514 Pine. 99V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by his deed of trust dated the 9th day of May, A. D. 1875, and recorded in book 517, page 443, of the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, Charles W. Francis trustee of George W Francis, Arthur W. Francis, Julia Francis, Alice Francis, Charles Francis and Alfred Francis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and S ate of Missouri, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground in block 161 of the city of St. Louis, having a front of twenty-five feet on the west line of Fifth street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-seven feet to an alley, the north line of said lot being parallel with and twenty-five feet south of the south line of Gerard street, and being the south twenty-five feet of lot sixteen of the subdivision of Auguste Chouteau's estate.

2 A lot of ground in block 691 of said city, having a front of twenty-one feet on the eastern line of Seventh street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-six feet, the southern line of said lot being parallel with and one hundred and seventeen and three-fourths feet north of the northern line of Park avenue.

Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of eleven certain negotiable promissory notes in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes and the same remain due and unpaid, and default has also been made in the payment of taxes assessed against said premises; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, proceed to sell the above described real estate, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and taxes and the costs and expenses of this trust.

PRESTON PLAYER,
Trustee.

St. Louis, November 5, 1881.
40V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by their certain deed of trust executed and delivered June 5, 1878, Anton Weggmann and Thecla Weggmann, his wife, of the city of St. Louis, conveyed to Louis Mette, trustee, the following described premises, situate in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: "Beginning at a stake at corner of alley and Geyer avenue, and one hundred and twenty-one feet (more or less) each by Rosati street, in city block 396; ther ce running westwardly along said Geyer avenue 30 feet to a stake; thence running northwardly on a line parallel to said alley 85 feet to a stake; thence eastwardly on a line parallel to first line 30 feet to an alley; thence southwardly along the western line of said alley 85 feet to the place of beginning. Said lot having a front of 30 feet on Gever avenue by 85 feet deep." (Which said deed is duly recorded in book 391, page 346, of records of deeds in said city of St. Louis.) And whereas default has been made in the conditions of said trust deed. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms and provisions of said deed and at the request of the legal owner and holder of the debt secured by said trust deed, the undersigned trustee will, on

THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy the provisions of said trust, dated this 10th day of November, 1881.

89V LOUIS METTE, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by their deed bearing date the 22d day of September, 1870, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (then county) of St. Louis, in book 506, at page 147, John Burton and Sibane, his wife, conveyed to John H. Alexander the following described real estate, situated in the then county of St. Louis, now St. Louis county and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots four and nine (4 & 9) in "Laciede's subdivision of the south part of survey 2039, township No. 45 north, range 6 east, made by R. M. Renick, guardian of C. S. Ranneis, containing together six acres and thirteen one-hundredths of an acre (6 13-100 acres) more or less and being the same property acquired by said Burton of Edward J. Gay and wife by deed of even date therewith; which said conveyance was made to said Alexander in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of some of said notes, all of which are past due and part of which remain unpaid; and whereas it is provided in said deed of trust that in case of the absence, death, refusal to act, or disability in any wise of the said John H. Alexander, and in case of default in the payment of any of said notes, the then acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, might proceed to sell said property, and fully to execute said deed of trust as is therein provided; and whereas the said John H. Alexander has removed and is now absent from the State of Missouri, and whereas the now acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, and the now acting Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, have refused to execute said deed of trust; and whereas the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, Missouri, upon the application of the holder of said notes in that behalf did, by its order entered the 21st day of November, 1881, appoint the undersigned, William S. Bodley, of St. Louis county, trustee, to execute said deed of trust in place of said original trustees. Now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said order and of said deed of trust, and in pursuance of the powers in me vested by the same and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned, William S. Bodley, as trustee, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, proceed to sell the property hereinabove described at public vendue, to the highest bidder9 at the Court-house door, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM S. BODLEY,
Trustee.

St. Louis, November 23, 1881. 22Z

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Whereas Peter H. Bird and Hannah Bird, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 14th day of May, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri in book 473, page 144, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lot number four (4) of block number seventeen (17) in survey number three (3) of the former city of Carondelet, now city of St. Louis, according to the plat of said Lot No. 4, containing a front of twenty-five feet on the east side of Water street and running eastwardly of equal width parallel with Schirmer street, one hundred and forty feet in depth to an alley and being bounded north by lot No. 3 of the same block, east by said alley, south by lot No. 5 of the same block and west by Water street; said conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes fully described in said deed of trust; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note described in said deed of trust; now therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned trustee will offer the above described property for sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1881,

for the purposes of satisfying said debt and expenses of said trust.

MICHAEL HAMMEL,
Trustee.

11V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by their certain deed of trust executed and delivered June 5, 1878, Anton Weggmann and Thecla Weggmann, his wife, of the city of St. Louis, conveyed to Louis Mette, trustee, the following described premises, situate in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: "Beginning at a stake at corner of alley and Geyer avenue, and one hundred and twenty-one feet (more or less) each by Rosati street, in city block 396; ther ce running westwardly along said Geyer avenue 30 feet to a stake; thence running northwardly on a line parallel to said alley 85 feet to a stake; thence eastwardly on a line parallel to first line 30 feet to an alley; thence southwardly along the western line of said alley 85 feet to the place of beginning. Said lot having a front of 30 feet on Gever avenue by 85 feet deep." (Which said deed is duly recorded in book 391, page 346, of records of deeds in said city of St. Louis.) And whereas default has been made in the conditions of said trust deed. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms and provisions of said deed and at the request of the legal owner and holder of the debt secured by said trust deed, the undersigned trustee will, on

THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy the provisions of said trust, dated this 10th day of November, 1881.

89V LOUIS METTE, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by their deed bearing date the 22d day of September, 1870, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (then county) of St. Louis, in book 506, at page 147, John Burton and Sibane, his wife, conveyed to John H. Alexander the following described real estate, situated in the then county of St. Louis, now St. Louis county and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots four and nine (4 & 9) in "Laciede's subdivision of the south part of survey 2039, township No. 45 north, range 6 east, made by R. M. Renick, guardian of C. S. Ranneis, containing together six acres and thirteen one-hundredths of an acre (6 13-100 acres) more or less and being the same property acquired by said Burton of Edward J. Gay and wife by deed of even date therewith; which said conveyance was made to said Alexander in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of some of said notes, all of which are past due and part of which remain unpaid; and whereas it is provided in said deed of trust that in case of the absence, death, refusal to act, or disability in any wise of the said John H. Alexander, and in case of default in the payment of any of said notes, the then acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, might proceed to sell said property, and fully to execute said deed of trust as is therein provided; and whereas the said John H. Alexander has removed and is now absent from the State of Missouri, and whereas the now acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, and the now acting Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, have refused to execute said deed of trust; and whereas the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, Missouri, upon the application of the holder of said notes in that behalf did, by its order entered the 21st day of November, 1881, appoint the undersigned, William S. Bodley, of St. Louis county, trustee, to execute said deed of trust in place of said original trustees. Now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said order and of said deed of trust, and in pursuance of the powers in me vested by the same and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned, William S. Bodley, as trustee, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, proceed to sell the property hereinabove described at public vendue, to the highest bidder9 at the Court-house door, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM S. BODLEY,
Trustee.

St. Louis, November 23, 1881. 22Z

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas default having been made in the payment of a note and in interest thereon secured by deed of trust of John Adam Swebel and Louise his wife, dated the 19th day of December, 1873, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 485, page 256, and in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following real estate, to-wit: Lot numbered two (2) in lowing real estate, to-wit: Lot numbered two (2) in block numbered three (3) of South Stoddard Addiblock numbered three (3) of South Stoddard Addition, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, according to an amended plat thereof on record in the office of the Recorder for St. Louis, having a front in the south line of Manchester Road of twenty-four feet and four and one-half inches (24' 4½") by a depth of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, to satisfy said deed of trust.

GEORGE BORN,
Trustee.

St. Louis, November 16, 1881. 77W

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—By virtue of the provisions of a deed of trust from Eliza L. Wash, widow, who has now been dead more than nine months, dated the twenty-fifth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 573, page 162, default having been made in the payment of the principal notes secured by said deed of trust at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of that day, sell at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered from (2) two to (9) nine, both inclusive, and from (22) twenty-two to (33) thirty-three both inclusive, of block (17) seventeen of the subdivision of the Washtestate, as said lots and blocks appear by a plat recorded in book 517, page 349, of the records in the said Recorder's Office

ARTHUR LEE, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 16, 1881. 92V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed dated 6th November, 1875, recorded in book 534 page 158, of present St. Louis city records, Missouri, John F. Lay and Lizzie P. his wife, conveyed to the undersigned trustees the following lots in the then county of St. Louis now city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lot 21 and 22 in block 5, of a subdivision known as "Aubert Place," a plat of which is of record in the Recorder's office of the present city of St. Louis, said lots, each having a front of 60 feet on "Fountain Park," and the whole bounded on the north by lot 6, on the east by lot 23, on the south by "Fountain Park," and on the west by lot 20 of said block, having an aggregate front of 120 feet, which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed described; and whereas said note is long past due and wholly unpaid; now, at the request of the legal holder of the same, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1881,

proceed to sell the lots above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, Missouri, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the payment of said note and expenses.

GEORGE W CLINE,
WM. C. JAMISON,
Trustees.

93V

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—Frank H. Butcher, Jane Hardesty and Richard Hardesty, her husband, John Stephens, Harrison Stephens, Ann Green and Hiram Green, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Samuel Tunstall, Mary McCune and — McCune, her husband, James Kern, Amanda Hoskins and Rufus Hoskins, defendants. No. 6,613. In partition. In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis. By virtue and authority of a decree of said court and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the said Circuit Court in the above entitled cause dated November 26th, 1881, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situate in the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered three, four and five, of block numbered twenty of Tony's addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting seventy-five feet on Caroline street in said city.

EDWARD P. JOHNSON,
Special Commissioner.

83Z

COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—Maria E. Rolf, Johanna L. Schweer and Henry Schweer, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Maria E. Apenbrink and Frederick Apenbrink, her husband, John H. Rolf, Emma Rolf and Sophia Rolf, defendants.—In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, Missouri.—Partition.—By virtue and authority of a decree of said court in the above entitled cause heretofore made, I, C. M. Whitney, appointed special commissioner in said cause, will, as such commissioner, on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, during the session of said court, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

1. Beginning at a point where the north line of Monroe street is intersected by Sixteenth street and thence running eastwardly and along the northern line of Monroe street fifty feet, thence northwardly and parallel with Sixteenth street one hundred and twelve feet and six inches to an alley, thence running westwardly and along the southern line of said alley fifty feet, thence southwardly and along the eastern line of Sixteenth street one hundred and twelve feet and six inches to the place of beginning, being the same lots of ground which the said Casper Henry Rolf acquired of Wm. Burden and wife by deed dated July 8, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 549, page 512.

2. Also a certain other piece of ground situated in said city and State, beginning at a point distant one hundred and twenty-five feet west from the northeast corner of block five of Martha Ann Wills' subdivision of part of Thomas Wright's addition to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, running thence westwardly along the southern line of North Market street twenty-five feet, thence southwardly and parallel with Fifteenth street one hundred and twelve feet more or less to an alley, thence eastwardly and along the northern line of said alley twenty-five feet, and thence northwardly and parallel with Fifteenth street one hundred and twelve feet more or less to the place of beginning, bounded north by North Market street, east by lot number five, south by said alley, and west by lot number seven of said block, being the same which Casper Henry Rolf acquired of Frederick William Moller by deed dated December 22, 1856, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 299, page 143.

Upon the following terms, to-wit: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash; the balance in one and two years, secured by deed of trust upon the real estate sold, with interest at six per cent per annum.

C. M. WHITNEY,
Special Commissioner.

J. C. MORRIS, Attorney for Plaintiff.
St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 25V

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the partnership estate of

James Reilley & Co. (a firm).

that I, the undersigned surviving partner of said firm, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

DAVID A. SPELLEN,
Surviving partner of James Reilley & Co.

St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 20V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Thomas J. Barnum, late of St. Louis,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December, 1881.

AGNES BARNUM, Administratrix.

St. Louis, October 27, 1881. 61T

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Edward Dalton,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

MARY DALTON,
Administratrix of Edward Dalton, deceased.

St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 15V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—All creditors and others interested in the estate of

William M. Plant,

(late of St. Louis, Mo.), deceased, are notified that the undersigned, administrators of said estate, intend to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo., to be holden in said city on the first Monday of December, 1881.

FRANCES L. PLANT,
WM. E PLANT,
Administrators of Wm. M. Plant, deceased.

St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 16V

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF Joseph Hackmann.—Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, assignee of Joseph Hackmann, will, on Thursday the 15th day of December, 1881, apply to the Circuit Court in the City of St. Louis, in Court Room No. 3, for a discharge from my trust as assignee as aforesaid.

CHARLES F. WALTHER,
Assignee.

SMITH P. GALT,
Attorney. 67T

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF William Habermann.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of William Habermann that on Monday, the 5th day of December, 1881, I will file my final accounts as assignee of Wm. Habermann in the Circuit Court, November term, and apply for a discharge from my trust.

ADOLPH LANGSDORF,
Assignee.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas McNarama is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2. A lot of ground on Water street, in city block 3233, 25 feet in front or width, and 138 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 52 in block 75, in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 21, 1881. 21Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Marcus A. Wolff, Boatmen's Savings Bank, William H. Thomson, trustee, William A. Meagher, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground containing one and 20 100 acres in survey 2182, in the south part of the Cul de Sac, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Brown, on the east by the city limits; on the south by Hall street, on the west by real estate of Tiffany subdivision.

No. 2 A lot of ground containing 85-100 acres, in survey 2182, in the south part of the Cul de Sac, and bounded on the north and on the south by real estate of one Brown; on the east by city limits, on the west by real estate of Tiffany subdivision.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or as much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 22, 1881. 19Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. V Taylor and M. F. Taylor, Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Twenty-first street, in city block 1247, 31 feet 9 inches in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 32 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on "reserved strip," in city block 1741, 25 feet in front or width and 45 feet in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Penrose tract, on the east by real estate of one Schwander, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one Nibbig and others.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 north, 40 feet in front or width and 134 in length or depth, being lot 11.

No 4. Three lots of ground in city block 307, on Harrison street, each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 6 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

No. 5. Two lots of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 west, each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 9 and 10 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 22Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ellen Field and John Field are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered 98 of WestUnion addition by Taylor, in addition to said city of St. Louis, said lot being also in city block 1898 of said city and having a front of 25 feet on Glasgow avenue by a depth of 127½ feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 25Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas McNarama is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bills, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2. A lot of ground on Water street, in city block 3233, 25 feet in front or width, and 138 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 52 in block 75, in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 21, 1881. 21Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer, Juliet P. Kline, George Kline, John Packer, Joseph Dormitzer, Charles Taussig, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue, 150 feet 7 inches in front or width and 164 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lot 1 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 19) feet in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being lot 3 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No 4 A lot of ground on Daggett avenue, 154 feet 6 inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 5 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue 196 feet 10 inches in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the east part of lot 3 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city and bounded on the north by real estate of said defendants Patterson, Packer and Kline, on the east by real estate of one Hereford, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of one Pattison.

No 6 A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 247 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue, 180 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth being the west part of lot 1 in block 19 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 180 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 2 in block 19 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 13. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 50 feet 1½ inches in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 2 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one J. W. Pattison, on the east by that of said defendants J. W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer and Juliet P. Kline, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of one Gates.

No. 14. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 50 feet 2 inches in front or width, and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 3 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real estate of one Pattison and others, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of said defendants James W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer and Juliet P. Kline.

No. 15. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 50 feet in front or width, and 165 feet 1½ inches in length or depth, being part of lot 1 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Daggett avenue, on the east by real estate of one Lary and others, on the south by that of one Gates, on the west by that of one Early.

No 16 A lot of ground on Daggett avenue, 100 feet 1½ inches in front or width, and 165 feet 1¾ inches in length or depth, being the east part of lot 1 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 17Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Richard Graham Frost, John M. Frost, Louisa Frost Eva Frost, James R. Frost, Caroline Frost, Lillie Frost, Daniel M. Frost, John Waddell and John F. Lee trustees of Jane Molesworth, Jane Molesworth, Mary Hirschberg Francis D. Hirschberg, Lewis W. Molesworth, B. F. Webster and F G. Flanagan are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Mullanphy street, in city block 2313, 30 feet in front or width and 74 feet 9½ inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city in survey 734, and bounded on the north and east by the line of subdivision, on the south by the real estate of one Sheridan and others, on the west by Mullanphy street.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Eighteenth street, in city block 2313, 20 feet in front or width and 150 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of said defendants, on the east by an alley, on the west by Eighteenth street.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Eighteenth in city block 2313, 20 feet in front or width and 168 feet 3 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of said defendants, on the east by an alley, on the west by Eighteenth street, and being in Graham's addition to said city.

No. 4 A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 2313 30 feet in front or width and 158 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's add tion to said city, and bounded on the north by the line of subdivision, on the east by Mullanphy street, on the south by the real estate of said defendants, on the west by Eighteenth street.

No. 5. A lot of ground on a proposed alley in city block 2323, 50 feet in front or width and 74 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city in survey 1481, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Graham, on the east by the line of the block, on the south by the real estate of said defendants and others, on the west by an alley.

No. 6. A lot of ground on a proposed street in city block 2323, 30 feet in front or width, and 74 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of said defendants on the east by Eighteenth street, on the west by an alley.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 2314, 20 feet in front or width and 342 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the line of subdivision, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the south by the real estate of said defendants, on the west by Mullanphy street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 17Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William R. Pye and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Twentieth street in city block 1247 25 feet in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot